

# SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION EDGAR FILING

## Dolphin Entertainment, Inc.

**Form: 10-Q**

**Date Filed: 2017-08-21**

Corporate Issuer CIK: 1282224

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 000-50621

**DOLPHIN ENTERTAINMENT, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Florida**

(State of incorporation)

**86-0787790**

(I.R.S. employer identification no.)

**2151 LeJeune Road, Suite 150 – Mezzanine, Coral Gables, Florida 33134**

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

**(305) 774-0407**

(Registrant's telephone number)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company  Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Yes  No

The number of shares of common stock outstanding was 18,815,203 as of August 21, 2017.

**DOLPHIN ENTERTAINMENT INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>PAGE</u>
<b>PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</b>	<b>3</b>
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2017 (unaudited) and December 31, 2016	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited)	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited)	5
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Deficit for the six months ended June 30, 2017 (unaudited)	6
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
<b>ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>PART II — OTHER INFORMATION</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>ITEM 6. EXHIBITS</b>	<b>61</b>
<b>SIGNATURES</b>	<b>62</b>

## PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM I – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**DOLPHIN ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**  
(unaudited)

ASSETS	As of June 30, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,071,813	\$ 662,546
Restricted cash	-	1,250,000
Accounts receivable, net of \$251,000 of allowance for doubtful accounts	5,992,899	3,668,646
Other current assets	511,920	2,665,781
Total Current Assets	7,576,632	8,246,973
Capitalized production costs	2,626,461	4,654,013
Intangible assets, net of \$249,333 of amortization	8,860,667	-
Goodwill	14,336,919	-
Property, equipment and leasehold improvements	1,071,706	35,188
Investments	220,000	-
Deposits	852,509	1,261,067
Total Assets	<u>\$ 35,544,894</u>	<u>\$ 14,197,241</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Current		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,627,478	\$ 677,249
Other current liabilities	4,973,500	2,958,523
Line of credit	750,000	-
Put Rights	750,343	-
Warrant liability	-	14,011,254
Accrued compensation	2,375,000	2,250,000
Debt	12,892,544	18,743,069
Loan from related party	1,818,659	684,326
Deferred revenue	20,303	46,681
Note payable	850,000	300,000
Total current liabilities	26,057,827	39,671,102
Noncurrent		
Warrant liability	4,170,677	6,393,936
Put Rights	3,149,657	-
Contingent consideration	3,743,000	-
Note payable	400,000	-
Other noncurrent liabilities	1,048,293	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,511,627	6,393,936
Total Liabilities	38,569,454	46,065,038
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>		
Common stock, \$0.015 par value, 400,000,000 shares authorized, 18,690,792 and 14,395,521, respectively, issued and outstanding at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.	280,363	215,933
Preferred Stock, Series C, \$0.001 par value, 50,000, 50,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016	1,000	1,000
Additional paid in capital	93,103,658	67,727,474
Accumulated deficit	(96,409,581)	(99,812,204)
Total Stockholders' Deficit	<u>\$ (3,024,560)</u>	<u>\$ (31,867,797)</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit	<u>\$ 35,544,894</u>	<u>\$ 14,197,241</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**DOLPHIN ENTERTAINMENT INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**  
(Unaudited)

	For the three months ended		For the six months ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Production and distribution	\$ 2,694,096	\$ 4,000	\$ 3,226,962	\$ 4,157
Entertainment Publicity	5,137,556	-	5,137,556	-
Membership	-	3,750	-	21,028
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>7,831,652</b>	<b>7,750</b>	<b>8,364,518</b>	<b>25,185</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>				
Direct costs	2,070,529	-	2,500,772	2,429
Distribution and marketing	559,210	-	629,493	-
Payroll	3,466,157	363,756	3,802,511	751,202
Selling, general and administrative	1,020,807	523,014	1,213,400	562,576
Legal and professional	621,369	394,358	997,434	967,531
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>7,738,072</b>	<b>1,281,128</b>	<b>9,143,610</b>	<b>2,283,738</b>
<b>Income (Loss) before other expenses</b>	<b>93,580</b>	<b>(1,273,378)</b>	<b>(779,092)</b>	<b>(2,258,553)</b>
<b>Other Income (Expenses):</b>				
Other Income (Expenses)	(16,000)	-	(16,000)	9,660
Amortization of intangible assets	(249,333)	-	(249,333)	-
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(4,167)	(4,652,443)	(4,167)	(5,843,811)
Acquisition costs	(207,564)	-	(745,272)	-
Change in fair value of warrant liability	(533,812)	-	6,289,513	-
Change in fair value of put rights	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-
Loss on disposal of furniture, office equipment and leasehold improvements	(28,025)	-	(28,025)	-
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(116,000)	-	(116,000)	-
Interest expense	(396,864)	(1,778,111)	(849,001)	(3,155,076)
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b>	<b>(1,558,185)</b>	<b>(7,703,932)</b>	<b>3,402,623</b>	<b>(11,247,780)</b>
<b>Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 937</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 5,257</b>
<b>Net loss attributable to Dolphin Entertainment, Inc.</b>	<b>(1,558,185)</b>	<b>(7,704,869)</b>	<b>3,402,623</b>	<b>(11,253,037)</b>
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b>	<b>\$ (1,558,185)</b>	<b>\$ (7,703,932)</b>	<b>\$ 3,402,623</b>	<b>\$ (11,247,780)</b>
<b>Income (Loss) per Share:</b>				
Basic	\$ (0.08)	\$ (1.76)	\$ 0.21	\$ (2.72)
Diluted	\$ (0.08)	\$ (1.76)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (2.72)
<b>Weighted average number of shares used in per share calculation</b>				
Basic	18,672,778	7,340,942	16,586,685	6,050,896
Diluted	18,672,778	7,340,942	19,085,691	6,050,896

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**DOLPHIN ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
(Unaudited)

	For the six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ 3,402,623	\$ (11,247,780)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	77,977	11,316
Amortization of intangible assets	249,333	-
Amortization of capitalized production costs	2,049,913	-
Impairment of capitalized production costs	-	2,439
Loss on extinguishment of debt	4,167	5,843,811
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	28,024	-
Bad debt	16,000	-
Change in fair value of warrant liability	(6,289,513)	-
Change in fair value of put rights	100,000	-
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	116,000	-
Change in deferred rent	434,353	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(633,609)	870,550
Other current assets	2,153,861	-
Prepaid expenses	-	69,766
Capitalized production costs	(22,361)	(123,177)
Deposits	454,121	-
Deferred revenue	(26,378)	-
Accrued compensation	125,000	60,000
Accounts payable	883,137	(1,370,875)
Other current liabilities	(355,923)	3,597,441
Other noncurrent liabilities	(41,120)	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>2,725,605</u>	<u>(2,286,509)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Restricted cash	1,250,000	-
Purchase of fixed assets	(54,558)	-
Acquisition of 42West, net of cash acquired	13,626	-
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>1,209,068</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from loan and security agreements	-	(405,000)
Repayment of loan and security agreements	-	-
Sale of common stock	500,000	6,225,000
Proceeds from line of credit	750,000	-
Proceeds from note payable	950,000	-
Repayment of debt	(5,850,525)	-
Proceeds from the exercise of warrants	35,100	-
Exercise of put rights	(700,000)	-
Advances from related party	1,297,000	-
Repayment to related party	(506,981)	(961,324)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	<u>(3,525,406)</u>	<u>4,858,676</u>
<b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>409,267</b>	<b>2,572,167</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>662,546</b>	<b>2,392,685</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD</b>	<b><u>\$ 1,071,813</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 4,964,852</u></b>

**SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:**

Interest paid	\$ 3,333	\$ 749,249
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**SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON CASH FLOW INFORMATION:**

Conversion of related party debt and interest to shares of common stock	\$ -	\$ 3,073,410
Conversion of debt into shares of common stock	\$ -	\$ 3,164,000
Conversion of loan and security agreements, including interest, into shares of common stock	\$ -	\$ 20,434,858
Issuance of shares of Common Stock related to the 42West Acquisition	\$ 15,030,767	\$ -
Liability for contingent consideration for the 42West Acquisition	\$ 3,743,000	\$ -
Liability for put rights to the Sellers of 42West	\$ 3,900,000	\$ -
Liabilities assumed in the 42West Acquisition	\$ 1,011,000	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**DOLPHIN ENTERTAINMENT, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Deficit**  
**For the six months ended June 30, 2017**

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders Deficit
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
<b>Balance December 31, 2016</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,000</b>	<b>14,395,521</b>	<b>\$ 215,933</b>	<b>\$67,727,474</b>	<b>\$(99,812,204)</b>	<b>\$(31,867,797)</b>
Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2017	-	-	-	-	-	3,402,623	3,402,623
Sale of common stock during the six months ended June 30, 2017	-	-	100,000	1,500	498,500	-	500,000
Issuance of shares from partial exercise of Warrant E and exercise of all of Warrants J and K	-	-	2,665,770	39,987	9,940,113	-	9,980,100
Issuance of shares for payment of services	-	-	6,508	98	34,069	-	34,167
Issuance of shares related to acquisition of 42West	-	-	1,674,830	25,123	15,601,224	-	15,626,347
Shares retired from exercise of puts	-	-	(151,837)	(2,278)	(697,722)	-	(700,000)
<b>Balance June 30, 2017</b>	<b>1,000,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,000</b>	<b>18,690,792</b>	<b>\$ 280,363</b>	<b>\$93,103,658</b>	<b>\$(96,409,581)</b>	<b>\$(3,024,560)</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**DOLPHIN ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2017**

**NOTE 1 – GENERAL**

***Nature of Operations***

Dolphin Entertainment, Inc. (the “Company,” “Dolphin,” “we,” “us” or “our”), formerly Dolphin Digital Media, Inc., is a producer of original high-quality digital programming for online consumption and is committed to delivering premium, best-in-class entertainment and securing premiere distribution partners to maximize audience reach and commercial advertising potential. On March 7, 2016, the Company completed its merger with Dolphin Films, Inc., an entity under common control. Dolphin Films, Inc. (“Dolphin Films”) is a motion picture studio focused on storytelling on a global scale for young, always-connected audiences. On March 30, 2017, the Company acquired 42West, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“42West”). 42West is an entertainment public relations agency offering talent publicity, strategic communications and entertainment content marketing. Dolphin also currently operates online kids clubs, however it intends to discontinue the online kids clubs at the end of 2017 to dedicate its time and resources to the entertainment publicity business and the production of feature films and digital content.

***Basis of Presentation***

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Dolphin, and all of its majority-owned and controlled subsidiaries, including Dolphin Films, Inc., Dolphin Kids Clubs, LLC, Cybergeddon Productions, LLC, Dolphin SB Productions LLC, Dolphin Max Steel Holdings LLC, Dolphin JB Believe Financing, LLC, Dolphin JOAT Productions, LLC and 42West.

Effective March 7, 2016, the Company acquired Dolphin Films from Dolphin Entertainment, LLC. (“DE LLC”), a company wholly owned by William O’Dowd, CEO, President and Chairman of the Board of Dolphin. At the time of the acquisition, Mr. O’Dowd was also the majority shareholder of Dolphin. The acquisition from DE LLC was a transfer between entities under common control. As such, the Company recorded the assets, liabilities and deficit of Dolphin Films on its consolidated balance sheets at DE LLC’s historical basis instead of fair value. Transfers of businesses between entities under common control require prior periods to be retrospectively adjusted to furnish comparative information. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and related notes of the Company have been retrospectively adjusted to include the historical balances of DE LLC’s prior to the effective date of the acquisition.

On May 9, 2016, the Company filed an amendment to its Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Florida to effectuate a 20-to-1 reverse stock split. The reverse stock split was approved by the Board of Directors and a majority of the Company’s shareholders and became effective May 10, 2016. The number of common shares in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and all related footnotes has been adjusted to retrospectively reflect the reverse stock split.

On March 30, 2017, the Company entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement (the “Purchase Agreement”), by and among the Company and Leslee Dart, Amanda Lundberg, Allan Mayer and the Beatrice B. Trust (the “Sellers”). Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, the Company acquired from the Sellers 100% of the membership interests of 42West and 42West became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the “42West Acquisition”). The consideration paid by the Company in connection with the 42West Acquisition was approximately \$18.7 million in shares of common stock of the Company, par value \$0.015 (the “Common Stock”), based on the Company’s 30-trading-day average stock price prior to the closing date of \$4.61 per share (less certain working capital and closing adjustments, transaction expenses and payments of indebtedness), plus the potential to earn up to an additional \$9.3 million in shares of Common Stock based on achieving certain financial targets. See note 4 for additional information regarding the acquisition.

On June 29, 2017, the shareholders approved a change in the name of the Company to Dolphin Entertainment, Inc. The Company filed the amended and restated articles of incorporation with the State of Florida on July 6, 2017 to reflect the name change.

The Company enters into relationships or investments with other entities, and in certain instances, the entity in which the Company has a relationship or investment may qualify as a variable interest entity ("VIE"). A VIE is consolidated in the financial statements if the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary of the VIE. The primary beneficiary is the party that has the power to direct activities that most significantly impact the activities of the VIE and has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company has included Max Steel Productions, LLC formed on July 8, 2013 in the State of Florida and JB Believe, LLC formed on December 4, 2012 in the State of Florida in its combined financial statements as VIEs.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States ("U.S.") generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the instructions to quarterly report on Form 10-Q under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), as amended, and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been reflected in these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017. The balance sheet at December 31, 2016 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read together with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

#### ***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant estimates made by management in the preparation of the financial statements relate to ultimate revenue and costs for investment in digital and feature film projects; estimates of sales returns and other allowances and provisions for doubtful accounts and impairment assessments for investment in digital and feature film projects. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

#### ***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09 —Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) ("ASU 2014-09"), which provides guidance for revenue recognition. This ASU will supersede the revenue recognition requirements in ASC Topic 605, and most industry specific guidance, and replace it with a new Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606. The FASB has also issued several subsequent ASUs which amend ASU 2014-09. The amendments do not change the core principle of the guidance in ASC 606.

The core principle of ASC 606 is that revenue is recognized when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. To achieve that core principle, an entity should apply the following steps:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price.
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract.
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The guidance in ASU 2014-09 also specifies the accounting for some costs to obtain or fulfill a contract with a customer. ASC 606 will require the Company to make significant judgments and estimates. ASC 606 also requires more extensive disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

Public business entities are required to apply the guidance of ASC 606 to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 (2018 for the Company), including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. Accordingly, the Company will adopt ASU 606 in the first quarter of 2018.

ASC 606 requires an entity to apply ASC 606 using one of the following two transition methods:

1. Retrospective approach: Retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented and the entity may elect certain practical expedients.
2. Modified retrospective approach: Retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying ASC 606 recognized at the date of initial application. If an entity elects this transition method it also is required to provide the additional disclosures in reporting periods that include the date of initial application of (a) the amount by which each financial statement line item is affected in the current reporting period by the application ASU 606 as compared to the guidance that was in effect before the change, and (b) an explanation of the reasons for significant changes.

The Company expects that it will adopt ASC 606 following the modified retrospective approach. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this new guidance. While there may be additional areas impacted by the new standard, the Company has identified certain areas that may be impacted as follows:

*Variable Consideration:* The Company is entitled to royalties from certain international distributors based on the sales made by these distributors after recoupment of a minimum guarantee. The Company is also entitled to certain bonus payments if certain of their clients receive awards as specified in the engagement contracts. Under the new revenue recognition rules, revenues will be recorded based on best estimates available in the period of sales or usage. The Company is evaluating the impact, if any, of recognizing the variable consideration.

*Principal vs. Agent:* The new standard includes new guidance as to how to determine whether the Company is acting as a principal, in which case revenue would be recognized on a gross basis, or whether the Company is acting as an agent, in which case revenues would be recognized on a net basis. The Company is currently evaluating whether the new principal versus agent guidance will have an impact (i.e., changing from gross to net recognition or from net to gross recognition) under certain of its distribution arrangements.

The Company is continuing to evaluate the impact of the new standard on its consolidated financial statements for the above areas and other areas of revenue recognition, particularly as it pertains to its new subsidiary, 42West.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, Income Taxes (Topic 740) regarding balance sheet classification of deferred income taxes. ASU 2015-17 simplifies the presentation of deferred taxes by requiring deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. ASU 2015-17 is effective for public companies for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 (2017 for the Company), and interim periods within those fiscal years. The guidance may be adopted prospectively or retrospectively and early adoption is permitted. Adoption of ASU 2015-17 did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2016, The FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 642) intended to improve financial reporting about leasing transactions. The ASU affects all companies and other organizations that lease assets such as real estate, airplanes, and manufacturing equipment. The ASU will require organizations that lease assets—referred to as “lessees”—to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Under the new guidance, a lease will be required to recognize assets and liabilities for leases with lease terms of more than 12 months. Consistent with current Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. However, unlike current GAAP—which requires only capital leases to be recognized on the balance sheet—the new ASU will require both types of leases to be recognized on the balance sheet. The ASU also will require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. These disclosures include qualitative and quantitative requirements, providing additional information about the amounts recorded in the financial statements.

ASU 2016-02 will take effect for public companies for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018 (2019 for the Company). For all other organizations, the ASU on leases will take effect for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Early application will be permitted for all organizations. The Company is currently reviewing the impact that implementing this ASU will have.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which addresses how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The ASU will be effective on a retrospective or modified retrospective basis for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 (2018 for the Company), and interim periods within those years, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not believe that adoption of this new guidance will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-17 —Consolidation (Topic 810): Interests Held through Related Parties That Are under Common Control. The update amends the consolidation guidance on how VIE's should treat indirect interest in the entity held through related parties. The ASU will be effective on a retrospective or modified retrospective basis for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 (2017 for the Company), and interim periods within those years, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of ASU 2016-17 did not have an effect on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash ("ASU 2016-18"). ASU 2016-18 provides guidance on the classification of restricted cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. Although it does not provide a definition of restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents, it states that amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-18 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company does not currently expect the adoption of this new standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued guidance to simplify the accounting for goodwill impairment. The guidance removes the second step of the goodwill impairment test, which requires that a hypothetical purchase price allocation be performed to determine the amount of impairment, if any. Under this new guidance, a goodwill impairment charge will be based on the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. The guidance is effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning April 1, 2020, with early adoption permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company adopted the new guidance effective January 1, 2017, with no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In July 2017, FASB issued ASU No. 2017-11, Earnings per Share (Topic 260), Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480), Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815). ASU 2017-11 consists of two parts. The amendments in Part I of this Update change the classification analysis of certain equity-linked financial instruments (or embedded features) with down round features. When determining whether certain financial instruments should be classified as liabilities or equity instruments, a down round feature no longer precludes equity classification when assessing whether the instrument is indexed to an entity's own stock. The amendments also clarify existing disclosure requirements for equity-classified instruments. As a result, a freestanding equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded conversion option) no longer would be accounted for as a derivative liability at fair value as a result of the existence of a down round feature. For freestanding equity classified financial instruments, the amendments require entities that present earnings per share (EPS) in accordance with Topic 260 to recognize the effect of the down round feature when it is triggered. That effect is treated as a dividend and as a reduction of income available to common shareholders in basic EPS. Convertible instruments with embedded conversion options that have down round features are now subject to the specialized guidance for contingent beneficial conversion features (in Subtopic 470-20, Debt—Debt with Conversion and Other Options), including related EPS guidance (in Topic 260). The amendments in Part II of this Update re-characterize the indefinite deferral of certain provisions of Topic 480 that now are presented as pending content in the Codification, to a scope exception. Those amendments do not have an accounting effect. For public business entities, the amendments in Part I of this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for all entities, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. The amendments in Part II of this Update do not require any transition guidance because those amendments do not have an accounting effect. The Company is currently reviewing the impact that implementing this ASU will have.

## NOTE 2 — GOING CONCERN

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. which contemplate the continuation of the Company as a going concern. The Company has a net loss of \$1,558,185 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and net income of \$3,402,623 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Although the Company had net income for the six months ended June 30, 2017, it was primarily due to a change in the fair value of the warrant liability. Furthermore, the Company has recorded accumulated deficit of \$96,409,581 as of June 30, 2017. The Company has a working capital deficit of \$ 18,481,195 and therefore does not have adequate capital to fund its obligations as they come due or to maintain or develop its operations. The Company is dependent upon funds from private investors and support of certain stockholders. If the Company is unable to obtain funding from these sources within the next 12 months, it could be forced to liquidate.

These factors raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties. In this regard, management is planning to raise any necessary additional funds through loans and additional issuance of its Common Stock, securities convertible into our Common Stock, debt securities or a combination of such financing alternatives. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in raising additional capital. Such issuances of additional securities would further dilute the equity interests of our existing shareholders, perhaps substantially. The Company currently has the rights to several scripts that it intends to obtain financing to produce during 2017 and 2018 and release starting in 2018. It expects to earn a producer and overhead fee for each of these productions. There can be no assurances that such productions will be released or fees will be realized in future periods. With the acquisition of 42West, the Company is currently exploring opportunities to expand the services currently being offered by 42West to the entertainment community and reducing expenses by identifying certain costs that can be combined with the Company's. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in selling these services to clients or reducing expenses.

## NOTE 3 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company's trade accounts receivable are recorded at amounts billed to customers, and presented on the balance sheet net of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is determined by various factors, including the age of the receivables, current economic conditions, historical losses and other information management obtains regarding the financial condition of customers. The policy for determining the past due status of receivables is based on how recently payments have been received. Receivables are charged off when they are deemed uncollectible.

### Revenue Recognition

Entertainment Publicity revenue consists of fees from the performance of professional services and billings for direct costs reimbursed by clients. Fees are generally recognized on a straight-line or monthly basis which approximates the proportional performance on such contracts. Direct costs reimbursed by clients are billed as pass-through revenue with no mark-up.

Revenue from motion pictures and web series are recognized in accordance with guidance of FASB Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") 926-60 "Revenue Recognition – Entertainment-Films". Revenue is recorded when a distribution contract, domestic or international, exists, the movie or web series is complete in accordance with the terms of the contract, the customer can begin exhibiting or selling the movie or web series, the fee is determinable and collection of the fee is reasonable. On occasion, the Company may enter into agreements with third parties for the co-production or distribution of a movie or web series. Revenue from these agreements will be recognized when the movie is complete and ready to be exploited. Cash received and amounts billed in advance of meeting the criteria for revenue recognition is classified as deferred revenue.

Additionally, because third parties are the principal distributors of the Company's movies, the amount of revenue that is recognized from films in any given period is dependent on the timing, accuracy and sufficiency of the information received from its distributors. As is typical in the film industry, the Company's distributors may make adjustments in future periods to information previously provided to the Company that could have a material impact on the Company's operating results in later periods. Furthermore, management may, in its judgment, make material adjustments to the information reported by its distributors in future periods to ensure that revenues are accurately reflected in the Company's financial statements. To date, the distributors have not made, nor has the Company made, subsequent material adjustments to information provided by the distributors and used in the preparation of the Company's historical financial statements.

## Investment

Investment represents an investment in equity securities of The Virtual Reality Company ("VRC"). The Company's \$220,000 investment in VRC represents less than 1% noncontrolling ownership interest in VRC. Accordingly, the Company accounts for its investment under the cost method. Under the cost method, the investor's share of earnings or losses is not included in the balance sheet or statement of operations. The net accumulated earnings of the investee subsequent to the date of investment are recognized by the investor only to the extent distributed by the investee as dividends. However, impairment charges are recognized in the statement of operations, if factors come to our attention that indicate that a decrease in value of the investment has occurred that is other than temporary.

## Property, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Property and equipment is recorded at cost and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. The Company recorded depreciation expense of \$73,341 and \$77,977, respectively for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and \$5,658 and \$11,316, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. When items are retired or otherwise disposed of, income is charged or credited for the difference between net book value and proceeds realized thereon. Ordinary maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred, and replacements and betterments are capitalized. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the term of the related lease or the estimated useful lives of the assets. The range of estimated useful lives to be used to calculate depreciation and amortization for principal items of property and equipment are as follow:

Asset Category	Depreciation/ Amortization Period (Years)
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 7
Computer and office equipment	3 - 5
Leasehold improvements	5 – 8, not to exceed the lease terms

## Deferred Landlord Reimbursement

Deferred landlord reimbursement represents the landlord's reimbursement for tenant improvements of one of the Company's office spaces. Such amount is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

## Deferred Rent

Deferred rent consists of the excess of the rent expense recognized on the straight-line basis over the payments required under certain office leases.

## Intangible assets

In connection with the acquisition of 42West that occurred on March 30, 2017, the Company acquired an estimated \$9,110,000 of intangible assets with finite useful lives initially estimated to range from 3 to 10 years. As indicated in note 4, the purchase price allocation and related consideration are provisional and subject to completion and adjustment. Intangible assets are initially recorded at fair value and are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives and reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable.

## Goodwill

In connection with the acquisition of 42West that occurred on March 30, 2017 (note 4), the Company recorded \$13,996,337 of goodwill, which management has assigned to the Entertainment Publicity reporting unit. As indicated in note 4, the purchase price allocation and related consideration are provisional and subject to completion and adjustment. During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, the Company adjusted goodwill in the amount of \$340,582 to record the issuance of 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock related to a working capital adjustment, as provided for in the 42 West purchase agreement and adjust the fair value of certain liabilities as of the acquisition date. The Company accounts for goodwill in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification No. 350, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other ("ASC 350"). ASC 350 requires goodwill to be reviewed for impairment annually, or more frequently if circumstances indicate a possible impairment. The Company evaluates goodwill in the fourth quarter or more frequently if management believes indicators of impairment exist. Such indicators could include, but are not limited to (1) a significant adverse change in legal factors or in business climate, (2) unanticipated competition, or (3) an adverse action or assessment by a regulator.

The Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, including goodwill. If management concludes that it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, management conducts a two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of the reporting unit with its carrying value (including goodwill). The Company estimates the fair values of its reporting units using a combination of the income, or discounted cash flows approach and the market approach, which utilizes comparable companies' data. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, step two does not need to be performed. If the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an indication of goodwill impairment exists for the reporting unit, and the Company must perform step two of the impairment test (measurement).

Under step two, an impairment loss is recognized for any excess of the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill over the implied fair value of that goodwill. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined by allocating the fair value of the reporting unit in a manner similar to a purchase price allocation in acquisition accounting. The residual fair value after this allocation is the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill. To the extent that the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, an impairment loss would be recorded.

## Warrants

When the Company issues warrants, it evaluates the proper balance sheet classification of the warrant to determine whether the warrant should be classified as equity or as a derivative liability on the consolidated balance sheets. In accordance with ASC 815-40, Derivatives and Hedging-Contracts in the Entity's Own Equity (ASC 815-40), the Company classifies a warrant as equity so long as it is "indexed to the Company's equity" and several specific conditions for equity classification are met. A warrant is not considered indexed to the Company's equity, in general, when it contains certain types of exercise contingencies or contains certain provisions that may alter either the number of shares issuable under the warrant or the exercise price of the warrant, including, among other things, a provision that could require a reduction to the then current exercise price each time the Company subsequently issues equity or convertible instruments at a per share price that is less than the current conversion price (also known as a "full ratchet down round provision"). If a warrant is not indexed to the Company's equity, it is classified as a derivative liability which is carried on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value with any changes in its fair value recognized currently in the statement of operations.

The Company has outstanding warrants at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 accounted for as derivative liabilities, because they contain full-ratchet down round provisions (see notes 12 and 18). The Company also has equity classified warrants outstanding at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (see note 18).

## Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are categorized based on whether the inputs are observable in the market and the degree that the inputs are observable. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. Observable inputs are based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels, defined as follows:

- Level 1 — Inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.
- Level 2 — Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated with observable market data.
- Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability that reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability as of the reporting date.

To account for the acquisition of 42West that occurred on March 30, 2017, the Company made a number of fair value measurements related to the different forms of consideration paid for 42West and of the identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed. In addition, the Company makes fair value measurements of its Put Rights and Contingent Consideration. See Note 4 and 12 for further discussion and disclosures.

Certain warrants issued in 2016 are measured and carried at fair value on a recurring basis in the condensed consolidated financial statements. See note 12 for disclosures regarding those fair value measurements.

As of June 30, 2016, and for the three and six months then ended, the Company had no assets or liabilities measured at fair value, on a recurring or nonrecurring basis.

## Business Segments

Through March 30, 2017 (the date the Company acquired 42West) (see Note 4), the Company operated the following business segments:

- 1) Dolphin Digital Media (USA): The Company created online kids clubs and derives revenue from annual membership fees.
- 2) Dolphin Digital Studios: Dolphin Digital Studios creates original programming that premieres online, with an initial focus on content geared toward tweens and teens.
- 3) Dolphin Films: Dolphin Films produces motion pictures, with an initial focus on family content. The motion pictures are distributed, through third parties, in the domestic and international markets. The Company derived all of its revenues from this segment during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

Based on an analysis of the Company's operating segments and the provisions of ASC 280, Segment Reporting (ASC 280), the Company believes it meets the criteria for aggregating these operating segments into a single reporting segment because they have similar economic characteristics, similar nature of product sold, (content), similar production process (the Company uses the same labor force, and content) and similar type of customer (children, teens, tweens and family).

With the acquisition of 42West, the Company has identified an additional operating segment meeting the criteria in ASC 280 for a separate reporting segment. The new segment is Entertainment Publicity and primarily provides talent publicity, strategic communications and entertainment, content marketing. See Note 20 for Segment reporting for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 4 — ACQUISITION OF 42WEST

On March 30, 2017, the “Company entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement (the “Purchase Agreement”), by and among the Company and the Sellers. Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, on March 30, 2017, the Company acquired from the Sellers 100% of the membership interests of 42West and 42West became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. 42West is an entertainment public relations agency offering talent publicity, strategic communications and entertainment content marketing.

The consideration paid by the Company in connection with the 42West Acquisition was \$18,666,666 (less, the amount of 42West’s transaction expenses paid by the Company and payments by the Company of certain 42West indebtedness) in shares of Common Stock, determined based on the Company’s 30-trading-day average stock price prior to the closing date of \$4.61 per share, plus the potential to earn up to an additional \$9.3 million (less payment of certain taxes) in shares of Common Stock, determined based on \$4.61 per share. As a result, the Company (i) issued 1,230,280 shares of Common Stock to the Sellers on the closing date (the “Initial Consideration”), (ii) (a) issued 344,550 shares of Common Stock to certain current 42West employees and a former 42West employee on April 13, 2017, to settle change in control provisions in their pre-existing employment and termination agreements (the “Change in Control Provisions”), (b) may issue up to 118,655 shares of Common Stock as employee stock bonuses (the “Employee Bonus Shares”) upon the effectiveness of a registration statement on Form S-8 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), registering the Employee Bonus Shares, and (c) will issue approximately 1,535,125 shares of Common Stock to the Sellers, and 426,696 shares of Common Stock to certain current and former 42West employees to settle the Change in Control Provisions, on January 2, 2018 (the “Post-Closing Consideration”), and (iii) potentially may issue up to approximately 1,712,828 shares of Common Stock to the Sellers, and 250,298 shares to certain current and former 42West employees in accordance with the Change in Control Provisions, based on the achievement of specified 42West financial performance targets over a three-year period beginning January 1, 2017 and ending December 31, 2019 as set forth in the Purchase Agreement (the “Earn-Out Consideration”, and together with the Initial Consideration and the Post-Closing Consideration, (the “Stock Consideration”). The Purchase Agreement allows for a working capital adjustment to be calculated within 30 days of the closing of the transaction. On April 13, 2017, the Company agreed to issue 100,000 shares of Common Stock as a provisional working capital adjustment until certain information is agreed to between the Sellers and the Company. None of the Common Stock included in the Stock Consideration have been registered under the Securities Act.

The Company also agreed to pay the Sellers’ transaction costs and assumed certain tax liabilities incurred or to be incurred by the Sellers based on the proceeds they receive.

The issuance of 118,655 Employee Bonus Shares and the potential issuance of 235,575 shares as part of the Earn-Out Consideration to current employees (the “Employee Earn-Out Shares”) are conditioned on the employees remaining employed by the Company up to the date the shares become issuable. If an employee does not remain employed for the requisite service period, the shares they forfeit will be allocated among and issued to the Sellers. The Employee Bonus Shares and Employee Earnout Shares are not considered part of the accounting consideration transferred to acquire 42West. The Employee Bonus Shares will be accounted for under ASC 718, *Compensation—Stock Compensation*, which will result in compensation expense in the Company’s consolidated statements of operations (see Stock-Based Compensation in Note 1).

The Purchase Agreement contains customary representations, warranties, covenants and indemnifications.

Also in connection with the 42West Acquisition, on March 30, 2017, the Company entered into put agreements (the “Put Agreements”) with each of the Sellers. Pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Put Agreements, the Company has granted the Sellers the right, but not obligation, to cause the Company to purchase up to an aggregate of 2,374,187 of their shares of Common Stock received as Stock Consideration for a purchase price equal to \$4.61 per share during certain specified exercise periods set forth in the Put Agreements up until December 2020 (the “Put Rights”). During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Sellers exercised their Put Rights, in accordance with the Put Agreements, and caused the Company to purchase 151,837 shares of Common Stock for an aggregate amount of \$700,000.

Each of Leslee Dart, Amanda Lundberg and Allan Mayer (the "Principal Sellers") has entered into employment agreements with the Company to continue as employees of the Company for a three-year term after the closing of the 42West Acquisition. Each of the employment agreements of the Principal Sellers contains lock-up provisions pursuant to which each Principal Seller has agreed not to transfer any shares of Common Stock in the first year, except pursuant to an effective registration statement on Form S-1 or Form S-3 promulgated under the Securities Act (an "Effective Registration Statement") or upon exercise of the Put Rights pursuant to the Put Agreement, and, except pursuant to an Effective Registration Statement, no more than 1/3 of the Initial Consideration and Post-Closing Consideration received by such Principal Seller in the second year and no more than an additional 1/3 of the Initial Consideration and Post-Closing Consideration received by such Principal Seller in the third year, following the closing date. The non-executive employees of 42West were retained as well.

In addition, in connection with the 42West Acquisition, on March 30, 2017, the Company entered into a registration rights agreement with the Sellers (the "Registration Rights Agreement") pursuant to which the Sellers are entitled to rights with respect to the registration under the Securities Act. All fees, costs and expenses of underwritten registrations under the Registration Rights Agreement will be borne by the Company. At any time after the one-year anniversary of the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company will be required, upon the request of such Sellers holding at least a majority of the Stock Consideration received by the Sellers, to file a registration statement on Form S-1 and use its reasonable efforts to affect a registration covering up to 25% of the Stock Consideration received by the Sellers. In addition, if the Company is eligible to file a registration statement on Form S-3, upon the request of such Sellers holding at least a majority of the Stock Consideration received by the Sellers, the Company will be required to use its reasonable efforts to affect a registration of such shares on Form S-3 covering up to an additional 25% of the Stock Consideration received by the Sellers. The Company is required to effect only one registration on Form S-1 and one registration statement on Form S-3, if eligible. The right to have the Stock Consideration received by the Sellers registered on Form S-1 or Form S-3 is subject to other specified conditions and limitations.

The provisional acquisition-date fair value of the consideration transferred totaled \$24,099,349, which consisted of the following:

Common Stock issued at closing and in April 2017 (1,574,830 shares)	\$ 6,693,028
Common Stock issuable on January 2, 2018 (1,961,821 shares)	8,337,739
Contingent Consideration	3,627,000
Put Rights	3,800,000
Sellers' transaction costs paid at closing	260,000
Sellers' tax liabilities assumed	786,000
Working capital adjustment	595,582
	<u>\$ 24,099,349</u>

The fair values of the 1,574,830 shares of Common Stock issued at closing and in April 2017 and the 1,961,821 shares of Common Stock to be issued on January 2, 2018 were determined based on the closing market price of the Company's Common Stock on the acquisition date of \$4.25 per share.

The Earn-Out Consideration arrangement requires the Company to pay up to 1,727,551 shares of Common Stock to the Sellers and one former employee of 42West to settle a Change in Control Provision (the "Contingent Consideration"), on achievement of adjusted EBITDA targets based on the operations of 42West over the three-year period beginning January 1, 2017. The provisional fair value of the Contingent Consideration was estimated using a Monte Carlo Simulation model, which incorporated significant inputs that are not observable in the market, and thus represents a Level 3 measurement as defined in ASC 820. The unobservable inputs utilized for measuring the fair value of the Contingent Consideration reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the Contingent Consideration as of the acquisition date. The key assumptions as of the acquisition date used in applying the Monte Carlo Simulation model are as follows: estimated risk-adjusted EBITDA figures ranging between \$3,750,000 and \$3,900,000; discount rates ranging between 11.75% and 12.25% applied to the risk-adjusted EBITDA estimates to derive risk-neutral EBITDA estimates; risk-free discount rates ranging from 1.03% to 1.55%, based on U.S. government treasury obligations with terms similar to those of the Contingent Consideration arrangement, applied to the risk-neutral EBITDA estimates; and an annual asset volatility estimate of 72.5%.

The provisional fair value of the Put Rights at the acquisition date was estimated using Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, which incorporates significant inputs that are not observable in the market, and thus represents a Level 3 measurement as defined in ASC 820. The unobservable inputs utilized for measuring the fair value of the Put Rights reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the Put Rights as of the acquisition date. The key assumptions in applying the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model are as follows: a discount rate range of 0.12% to 1.70% based on U.S Treasury obligations with a term similar to the exercise period for each of the rights to put shares to the Company as set forth in the Put Option agreements, and an equity volatility estimate of 75% based on the stock price volatility of the Company and certain publicly traded companies operating in the advertising services industry.

The Sellers' tax liabilities assumed relates to the New York City Unincorporated Business Tax the Sellers will incur on the Initial Consideration, Post-Closing Consideration and potential Earn-Out Consideration received or to be received by them in connection with the 42West Acquisition. The Company's obligation to pay the Sellers' tax liabilities is a mutually agreed upon amount of \$786,000, which was based on the Sellers' estimates at the closing date of the 42West Acquisition of the amount of taxes to be owed, based on a 4% tax rate and the Sellers' estimated taxable income. The estimated fair value of the Sellers' tax liabilities assumed may change during the measurement period, pending receipt by the Company from the Sellers of an updated tax liability accrual, and ultimately the Sellers' preparation of the related income tax returns related to the Initial Consideration. Therefore, the estimated fair value of the Sellers' tax liabilities assumed is provisional.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, March 30, 2017. Amounts in the table are provisional estimates that may change, as described below.

Cash	\$ 273,625
Accounts receivable	1,706,644
Property, equipment and leasehold improvements	1,087,962
Other assets	265,563
Indemnification asset	300,000
Intangible assets	9,110,000
<b>Total identifiable assets acquired</b>	<b><u>12,743,794</u></b>
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(731,475)
Line of credit and note payable	(1,025,000)
Settlement liability	(300,000)
Other liabilities	(902,889)
Tax liabilities	(22,000)
<b>Total liabilities assumed</b>	<b><u>(2,981,364)</u></b>
<b>Net identifiable assets acquired</b>	<b>9,762,430</b>
Goodwill	14,336,919
<b>Net assets acquired</b>	<b><u>\$ 24,099,349</u></b>

Of the provisional fair value of the \$9,110,000 of acquired identifiable intangible assets, \$5,980,000 was assigned to customer relationships (10-year useful life), \$2,760,000 was assigned to the trade name (10-year useful life), and \$370,000 was assigned to non-competition agreements (3-year useful life), that were recognized at fair value on the acquisition date.

The estimated fair value of accounts receivable acquired is \$1,706,644, with the gross contractual amount being \$1,941,644. The Company expects \$235,000 to be uncollectible. The estimated fair value of accounts receivable is provisional, pending the Company obtaining additional evidence of the actual amounts which will be collected.

The fair values of property and equipment and leasehold improvements of \$1,087,962, and other assets of \$265,563, are based on 42West's carrying values prior to the acquisition, which approximate their fair values.

The estimated fair value of the settlement liability of \$300,000 relates to 42West's contingent liability to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Individual Account and Health Plans (collectively the "Plans"), two multiemployer pension funds and one multiemployer welfare fund, respectively, that are governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (the "Guild Dispute"). The Plans intend to conduct an audit of 42West's books and records for the period June 7, 2011 through August 20, 2016 in connection with the alleged contribution obligations of 42West to the Plans. Based on a recent audit for periods prior to June 7, 2011, the Company estimates that the probable amount the Plan may seek to collect from 42West is approximately \$300,000, as of the acquisition date, in pension plan contributions, health and welfare plan contributions and union dues once the audit is completed. Accordingly, the Company has recorded a \$300,000 settlement accrual liability for the probable amount of the liability it may incur due to the Motion Picture Industry Pension audit of the period from March 25, 2012 through August 20, 2016 (see Note 21). The Company has not recorded a liability as of the acquisition date for any exposure for additional settlement obligations related to the period from August 20, 2016 through March 30, 2017, as the Company has not reached a conclusion that a loss for that period is probable. Therefore, the ultimate amount related to the settlement liability as of March 30, 2017 may vary from the amount recorded, and therefore the estimated fair value of the settlement liability is provisional.

In accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the Sellers indemnified the Company with respect to the Guild Dispute for losses incurred related the Company's alleged contribution obligations to the Plans for the period between March 25, 2012 through March 26, 2016. The Company has recorded an indemnification asset related to the recorded settlement liability, measured at fair value on the same basis as the settlement liability. The indemnification asset represents the estimated fair value of the indemnification payment expected to be received from Sellers, related to the indemnification by the Sellers of the estimated settlement liability. As the estimated fair value of the settlement liability is provisional, so too is the estimated fair value of the indemnification asset.

The deferred tax liability related to 42West is a provisional estimate pending the completion of an analysis of deferred income taxes.

Based on the provisional fair values related to certain assets acquired and liabilities assumed discussed above, the \$14,336,919 of goodwill is also provisional. The goodwill was assigned to the Entertainment Publicity reporting unit, which at the same level as the Entertainment Publicity segment (see Note 20). The goodwill recognized is attributable primarily to expectations of continued successful efforts to obtain new customers, buyer specific synergies and the assembled workforce of 42West. The goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The Company expensed \$207,564 and \$745,272 of acquisition related costs in the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. These costs are included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations in the line item entitled "acquisition costs."

The revenue and net income of 42West included in the consolidated amounts reported in the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	<u>For the three months ended June 30, 2017</u>	<u>For the six months ended June 30, 2017</u>
Revenue	\$ 5,137,556	\$ 5,137,556
Net income	244,764	244,764

The three- and six-month amounts above are the same, as the amounts of 42West's revenue and earnings for the one day between the acquisition date (March 30, 2017) and March 31, 2017 were de minimis.

The following represents the pro forma consolidated operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively, as if 42West had been acquired on January 1, 2016 and its results had been included in the consolidated results of the Company beginning on that date:

### Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues	\$ 7,831,652	\$ 4,550,913	\$ 13,054,074	\$ 9,476,356
Net income (loss)	(1,381,361)	(7,794,338)	4,562,242	(10,582,396)
Earnings (Loss) per share:				
Weighted average shares - Basic	18,643,324	8,823,665	17,322,369	7,553,754
Weighted average shares – Fully diluted	18,643,324	8,823,665	19,821,375	7,553,754
Loss per share - Basic	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.88)	\$ 0.26	\$ (2.09)
Loss per share – Fully diluted	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.88)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (2.09)

The pro forma amounts have been calculated after applying the Company's accounting policies to the financial statements of 42West and adjusting the combined results of the Company and 42West to reflect (a) the amortization that would have been charged assuming the intangible assets had been recorded on January 1, 2006, (b) the reversal of 42West's income taxes as if 42West had filed a consolidated income tax return with the Company beginning January 1, 2016, and (c) to exclude \$207,564 and \$795,272 of acquisition related costs that were expensed by the Company during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and by the Company and 42West on a combined basis during the six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

The following table summarizes the original and revised estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date of March 30, 2017 and the related measurement period adjustments to the fair values recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2017:

	March 31, 2017 (As initially reported)	Measurement Period Adjustments	June 30, 2017 (As adjusted)
Cash	\$ 273,625	\$ -	\$ 273,625
Accounts receivable	1,706,644	-	1,706,644
Property, equipment and leasehold improvements	1,087,962	-	1,087,962
Other assets	265,563	-	265,563
Indemnification asset	-	300,000	300,000
Intangible assets	9,110,000	-	9,110,000
Total identifiable assets acquired	<u>12,443,794</u>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>12,743,794</u>
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(731,475)	-	(731,475)
Line of credit and note payable	(1,025,000)	-	(1,025,000)
Settlement liability	(300,000)	-	(300,000)
Other liabilities	(902,889)	-	(902,889)
Tax liabilities	(22,000)	-	(22,000)
Total liabilities assumed	<u>(2,981,364)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,981,364)</u>
Net identifiable assets acquired	9,462,430	-	9,762,430
Goodwill	13,996,337	340,582	14,336,919
Net assets acquired	<u>\$ 23,458,767</u>	<u>\$ 640,532</u>	<u>\$ 24,099,349</u>

The above estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date to estimate the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. As of March 31, 2017, the Company recorded the identifiable net assets acquired of \$9,462,430 as shown in the table above in its condensed consolidated balance sheet. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company's measurement period adjustments of \$640,532 were made and, accordingly, the Company recognized these adjustments in its June 30, 2017 condensed consolidated balance sheet to reflect the adjusted identifiable net assets acquired of \$9,762,430 as shown in the table above. The changes to the provisional amounts did not result in changes to the Company's previously reported condensed consolidated income statement for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

The following is a reconciliation of the initially reported fair value to the adjusted fair value of goodwill:

Goodwill originally reported at March 31, 2017	\$ 13,996,337
Changes to estimated fair values:	
Contingent Consideration	86,000
Put Rights	(200,000)
Sellers' tax liabilities assumed	159,000
Working capital adjustment	595,582
Indemnification asset	(300,000)
	<u>340,582</u>
Adjusted goodwill	<u>\$ 14,336,919</u>

The provisional estimated fair value of Contingent Consideration increased from the originally reported amount primarily due to changes in the estimated risk-adjusted EBITDA figures expected to be achieved during the earn-out period, changes to the risk-free discount rates and recalibration of the asset volatility estimate, which are inputs to the Monte Carlo simulation model used to calculate the fair value.

The provisional estimated fair value of the Put Rights decreased from the originally reported amount primarily due to a decrease in the annual asset volatility assumption.

The provisional estimated fair values of the working capital adjustment and indemnification asset were initially determined subsequent to the issuance by the Company of its condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

#### **NOTE 5 — CAPITALIZED PRODUCTION COSTS, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS**

##### Capitalized Production Costs

Capitalized production costs include the unamortized costs of completed motion pictures and digital projects which have been produced by the Company, costs of scripts for projects that have not been developed or produced and costs for projects that are in production. These costs include direct production costs and production overhead and are amortized using the individual-film-forecast method, whereby these costs are amortized and participations and residuals costs are accrued in the proportion that current year's revenue bears to management's estimate of ultimate revenue at the beginning of the current year expected to be recognized from the exploitation, exhibition or sale of the motion picture or web series.

##### Motion Pictures

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues earned from motion pictures were \$2,694,096 and \$3,226,962, respectively, mainly attributable to *Max Steel*, the motion picture released on October 14, 2016 and international sales of *Believe*, the motion picture released in December 2013. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company earned revenues of \$4,000 and \$4,157, respectively from the international sales of *Believe*. The Company amortized capitalized production costs (included as direct costs) in the condensed consolidated statements of operations using the individual film forecast computation method in the amount of \$1,620,635 and \$2,049,913, respectively during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, related to *Max Steel*. All capitalized production costs for *Believe* were either amortized or impaired in prior years. Subsequent to the release of *Max Steel*, the Company used a discounted cash flow model and determined that the fair value of the capitalized production costs should be impaired by \$2,000,000 due to a lower than expected domestic box office performance. As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, the Company had a balance of \$2,140,017, and \$4,189,930, respectively recorded as capitalized production costs related to *Max Steel*.

The Company has purchased scripts, including one from a related party, for other motion picture productions and has capitalized \$235,000 and \$215,000 in capitalized production costs as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 associated with these scripts. The Company intends to produce these projects but they were not yet in production as of June 30, 2017.

On November 17, 2015, the Company entered into a quitclaim agreement with a distributor for rights to a script owned by the Company. As part of the agreement the Company will receive \$221,223 plus interest and a profit participation if the distributor decides to produce the motion picture within 24 months after the execution of the agreement. If the motion picture is not produced within the 24 months, all rights revert back to the Company. As per the terms of the agreement, the Company is entitled to co-finance the motion picture. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had not been notified by the distributor that it intends to produce the motion picture.

As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, respectively, the Company has total capitalized production costs of \$2,375,017 and \$4,404,930, net of accumulated amortization, tax incentives and impairment charges, recorded on its condensed consolidated balance sheets related to motion pictures.

#### Digital Productions

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company began production of a new digital project showcasing favorite restaurants of NFL players throughout the country. The Company entered into a co-production agreement and is responsible for financing 50% of the project's budget. Per the terms of the agreement, the Company is entitled to 50% of the profits of the project, net of any distribution fees. During the three and six months ended June 30 and 2016, the Company did not earn any revenues related to digital projects and impaired \$2,439 of capitalized production costs related to digital productions.

As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, respectively, the Company has total capitalized production costs of \$251,444 and \$249,083, recorded on its condensed consolidated balance sheet related to the digital project.

The Company has assessed events and changes in circumstances that would indicate that the Company should assess whether the fair value of the productions are less than the unamortized costs capitalized and did not identify indicators of impairment, other than those noted above related to *Max Steel*.

#### Accounts Receivables

The Company entered into various agreements with foreign distributors for the licensing rights of our motion picture, *Max Steel*, in certain international territories. The motion picture was delivered to the distributors and other stipulations, as required by the contracts were met. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had a balance of \$4,038,871 and \$3,668,646, respectively, in accounts receivable related to the revenues of *Max Steel*.

The Company's trade accounts receivable related to its entertainment public relations business are recorded at amounts billed to customers, and presented on the balance sheet, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is determined by various factors, including the age of the receivables, current economic conditions, historical losses and other information management obtains regarding the financial condition of customers. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had a balance of \$1,951,827, net of \$251,000 of allowance for doubtful accounts of accounts receivable related to the entertainment PR business. (note 4)

#### Other Current Assets

The Company had a balance of \$511,920 and \$2,665,781 in other current assets on its condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. As of June 30, 2017, these amounts were primarily comprised of prepaid loan interest and indemnification asset related to the 42 West Acquisition. See note 4 for further discussion. As of December 31, 2016, these amounts were primarily comprised of tax incentive receivables, and prepaid loan interest.

Tax Incentives -The Company has access to government programs that are designed to promote film production in the jurisdiction. As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, respectively, the Company had a balance of \$0 and \$2,060,883 from these tax incentives. Tax incentives earned with respect to expenditures on qualifying film productions are included as an offset to capitalized production costs when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred provided that there is reasonable assurance that the credits will be realized.

Prepaid Interest – The Company entered into a loan and security agreement to finance the distribution and marketing costs of a motion picture and prepaid interest related to the agreement. As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, there was a balance of \$177,225 and \$602,697 of prepaid interest.

#### NOTE 6 —PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

Property, equipment and leasehold improvement consists of:

	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>December 31, 2016</u>
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 531,255	\$ 65,311
Computers and equipment	308,422	41,656
Leasehold improvements	<u>352,644</u>	<u>7,649</u>
	1,192,321	114,616
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(120,615)</u>	<u>(79,428)</u>
	<u>\$ 1,071,706</u>	<u>\$ 35,188</u>

The Company depreciates furniture and fixtures over a useful life of between five and seven years, computer and equipment over a useful life of between three and five years and leasehold improvements over the remaining term of the related leases. On June 1, 2017, the Company entered into a sublease agreement for one of its offices in Los Angeles. As part of the sublease agreement, the Company agreed to allow the subtenant to acquire the fixed assets in the office. As a result, the Company wrote off \$64,814 of property, equipment and leasehold improvements and \$36,789 of accumulated depreciation. This resulted in a loss in the amount of \$28,025 that was recorded on the condensed consolidated statement of operations for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as loss on disposal of furniture, office equipment and leasehold improvements. The balances as of June 30, 2017 include the provisional amounts of the Company's newly acquired subsidiary 42West. (See note 4)

#### NOTE 7 — INVESTMENT

Investments, at cost, consist of 344,980 shares of common stock of VRC. In exchange for services rendered by 42West to VRC during 2015, 42West received both cash consideration and a promissory note that was convertible into shares of common stock of VRC. On April 7, 2016, VRC closed an equity financing round resulting in common stock being issued to a third-party investor. This transaction triggered the conversion of all outstanding promissory notes into shares of common stock of VRC. The Company's investment in VRC represents less than 1% noncontrolling ownership interest in VRC. The Company had a balance of \$220,000 on its condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2017, related to this investment.

#### NOTE 8— DEBT

##### Loan and Security Agreements

###### First Group Film Funding

During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2014, the Company entered into various loan and security agreements with individual noteholders (the "First Loan and Security Noteholders") for notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$11,945,219 to finance future motion picture projects (the "First Loan and Security Agreements"). During the year ended December 31, 2015, one of the First Loan and Security Noteholders increased its funding under its respective First Loan and Security Agreement for an additional \$500,000 note and the Company used the proceeds to repay \$405,219 to another First Loan and Security Noteholder. Pursuant to the terms of the First Loan and Security Agreements, the notes accrued interest at rates ranging from 11.25% to 12% per annum, payable monthly through June 30, 2015. During 2015, the Company exercised its option under the First Loan and Security Agreements, to extend the maturity date of these notes until December 31, 2016. In consideration for the Company's exercise of the option to extend the maturity date, the Company was required to pay a higher interest rate, increasing by 1.25% resulting in rates ranging from 12.50% to 13.25%. The First Loan and Security Noteholders, as a group, were to receive the Company's entire share of the proceeds from the motion picture productions funded under the First Loan and Security Agreements, on a prorata basis, until the principal investment was repaid. Thereafter, the First Loan and Security Noteholders, as a group, would have the right to participate in 15% of the Company's future profits from these projects (defined as the Company's gross revenues of such projects less the aggregate amount of principal and interest paid for the financing of such projects) on a prorata basis based on each First Loan and Security Noteholder's loan commitment as a percentage of the total loan commitments received to fund specific motion picture productions.

On May 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Company entered into debt exchange agreements with certain First Loan and Security Noteholders on substantially similar terms to convert an aggregate of \$11,340,000 of principal and \$1,811,490 of accrued interest into shares of Common Stock. Pursuant to the terms of such debt exchange agreements, the Company agreed to convert the debt owed to certain First Loan and Security Noteholders into Common Stock at an exchange rate of \$5.00 per share and issued 2,630,298 shares of Common Stock. On May 31, 2016, the market price of a share of Common Stock was \$6.99 and on June 30, 2016 it was \$6.08. As a result, the Company recorded losses on the extinguishment of debt on its consolidated statement of operations of \$3,328,366 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 based on the difference between the fair value of the Common Stock issued and the carrying amount of outstanding balance of the exchanged notes on the date of the exchange. On December 29, 2016, as part of a global settlement agreement with an investor that was a noteholder under each of a First Loan and Security Agreement, a Web Series Agreement and a Second Loan and Security Agreement, the Company entered into a debt exchange agreement whereby the Company issued Warrant "J" that entitles the warrant holder to purchase shares of Common Stock at a price of \$0.015 per share in settlement of \$1,160,000 of debt from the note under the First Loan and Security Agreement. See Note 18 for further discussion of Warrant "J".

The Company did not expense any interest during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and expensed \$916,035 and \$1,319,844, respectively, in interest during the three and six months ended June 30 2016, related to the First Loan and Security Agreements. The Company did not have any debt outstanding or accrued interest as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 related to the First Loan and Security Agreements on its condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### Web Series Funding

During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2015, the Company entered into various loan and security agreements with individual noteholders (the "Web Series Noteholders") for an aggregate principal amount of notes of \$4,090,000 which the Company used to finance production of its 2015 web series (the "Web Series Loan and Security Agreements"). Under the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements, the Company issued promissory notes that accrued interest at rates ranging from 10% to 12% per annum payable monthly through August 31, 2015, with the exception of one note that accrued interest through February 29, 2016. During 2015, the Company exercised its option under the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements to extend the maturity date of these notes to August 31, 2016. In consideration for the Company's exercise of the option to extend the maturity date, the Company was required to pay a higher interest rate, increasing 1.25% resulting in interest rates ranging from 11.25% to 13.25%. Pursuant to the terms of the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements, the Web Series Noteholders, as a group, would have had the right to participate in 15% of the Company's future profits generated by the series (defined as the Company's gross revenues of such series less the aggregate amount of principal and interest paid for the financing of such series) on a prorata basis based on each Web Series Noteholder's loan commitment as a percentage of the total loan commitments received to fund the series.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company entered into thirteen individual debt exchange agreements (the "Web Series Debt Exchange Agreements") on substantially similar terms with the Web Series Noteholders. Pursuant to the terms of the Web Series Debt Exchange Agreements, the Company and each Web Series Noteholder agreed to convert an aggregate of \$4,204,547 of principal and accrued interest under the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements into an aggregate of 840,910 shares of Common Stock at an exchange price of \$5.00 per share as payment in full of each of the notes issued under the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements. Mr. Nicholas Stanham, director of the Company, was one of the Web Series Noteholders that converted his note into shares of Common Stock. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt in the amount of \$12,018 and \$588,694 due to the market price of the Common Stock being between \$6.00 and \$6.08 per share on the dates of the exchange.

During 2016, the Company also entered into (i) substantially identical Subscription Agreements with two Web Series Noteholders to convert \$1,265,530 of principal and interest into an aggregate of 253,106 shares of Common Stock at an exchange price of \$5.00 per share as payment in full of each of the notes issued under the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements and (ii) a global settlement agreement with another investor that was a Noteholder of a First Loan and Security Agreement, a Web Series Agreement and a Second Loan and Security Agreement. As part of the global settlement agreement, the Company entered into a debt exchange agreement whereby the Company issued Warrant "J" that entitles the warrant holder to purchase shares of Common Stock at a price of \$0.015 per share in settlement of \$340,000 of debt from the Web Series Loan and Security Agreement. See Note 18 for further discussion of Warrant "J".

The Company did not expense any interest during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and expensed \$40,370 and \$284,579 respectively, in interest during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, related to the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements. The Company did not have any debt outstanding or accrued interest as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 related to the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements on its condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### Second Group Film Funding

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company entered into various loan and security agreements with individual noteholders (the "Second Loan and Security Noteholders") for notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$9,274,327 to fund a new group of film projects (the "Second Loan and Security Agreements"). Of this total aggregate amount, notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$8,774,327 were issued in exchange for debt that had originally been incurred by DE LLC, primarily related to the production and distribution of the motion picture, "Believe". The remaining \$500,000 of principal amount was related to a note issued in exchange for cash. The notes issued pursuant to the Second Loan and Security Agreements accrue interest at rates ranging from 11.25% to 12% per annum, payable monthly through December 31, 2016. The Company did not exercise its option to extend the maturity date of these notes until July 31, 2018. The Second Loan and Security Noteholders, as a group, were to receive the Company's entire share of the proceeds from the related group of film projects, on a prorata basis, until the principal balance was repaid. Thereafter, the Second Loan and Security Noteholders, as a group, would have the right to participate in 15% of the Company's future profits from such projects (defined as the Company's gross revenues of such projects less the aggregate amount of principal and interest paid for the financing of such projects) on a prorata basis based on each Second Loan and Security Noteholder's loan principal as a percentage of the total loan proceeds received to fund the specific motion picture productions.

On May 31 and June 30, 2016, the Company entered into various debt exchange agreements on substantially similar terms with certain of the Second Loan and Security Noteholders to convert an aggregate of \$4,344,350 of principal and accrued interest into shares of Common Stock. Pursuant to such debt exchange agreements, the Company agreed to convert the debt at an exchange price of \$5.00 per share and issued 868,870 shares of Common Stock. On May 31, 2016, the market price of a share of the Common Stock was \$6.99 and on June 30, 2016, it was \$6.08. As a result, the Company recorded a loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$1,312,059 on its consolidated statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, due to the difference between the exchange price and the market price of the Common Stock on the dates of exchange. During 2016, the Company repaid one of the Second Loan and Security Noteholders its principal investment of \$300,000. On December 29, 2016, as part of a global settlement agreement with an investor that was a noteholder under each of a First Loan and Security Agreement, a Web Series Agreement and a Second Loan and Security Agreement, the Company entered into a debt exchange agreement whereby the Company issued Warrant "J" that entitles the warrant holder to purchase shares of Common Stock at a price of \$0.015 per share in settlement of \$4,970,990 of debt from the note under the Second Loan and Security Agreement. See Note 18 for further discussion of Warrant "J".

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company did not record any interest expense related to the Second Loan and Security Agreements. The Company recorded \$517,218 and \$780,408, respectively during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 of interest expense related to the Second Loan and Security Agreements. The Company did not have any debt outstanding or accrued interest as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 related to the Second Loan and Security Agreements on its condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The Company accounts for the above agreements in accordance with ASC 470-10-25-2, which requires that cash received from an investor in exchange for the future payment of a specified percentage or amount of future revenue shall be classified as debt. The Company does not purport the arrangements to be a sale and the Company has significant continuing involvement in the generation of cash flows due to the noteholders.

## Prints and Advertising Loan

During 2016, Dolphin Max Steel Holding, LLC, a Florida limited liability company ("Max Steel Holding") and a wholly owned subsidiary of Dolphin Films, entered into a loan and security agreement (the "P&A Loan") providing for \$14,500,000 non-revolving credit facility that matures on August 25, 2017. The proceeds of the credit facility were used to pay a portion of the print and advertising expenses of the domestic distribution of "Max Steel". To secure Max Steel Holding's obligations under the Loan and Security Agreement, the Company granted to the lender a security interest in bank account funds totaling \$1,250,000 pledged as collateral and recorded as restricted cash in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2016, and rights to the assets of Max Steel Holdings, but without recourse to the assets of the Company. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company agreed to allow the lender to apply the balance held as Restricted Cash to the loan balance. The loan is also partially secured by a \$4,500,000 corporate guaranty from a party associated with the film, of which Dolphin has backstopped \$620,000. The lender has retained a reserve of \$1,531,871 for loan fees and interest (the "Reserve"). Amounts borrowed under the credit facility will accrue interest at either (i) a fluctuating per annum rate equal to the 5.5% plus a base rate or (ii) a per annum rate equal to 6.5% plus the LIBOR determined for the applicable interest period. As June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had an outstanding balance of \$9,688,855 and \$12,500,000, respectively, including the Reserve, related to this agreement recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. On its condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded (i) interest expense of \$205,317 and \$425,472, respectively, related to the P&A Loan and (ii) \$500,000 in direct costs from loan proceeds that were not used by the distributor for the marketing of the film and returned to the lender.

## **Production Service Agreement**

During the year ended December 31, 2014, Dolphin Films entered into a financing agreement for the production of one of the Company's feature film, *Max Steel* (the "Production Service Agreement"). The Production Service Agreement was for a total amount of \$10,419,009 with the lender taking an \$892,619 producer fee. The Production Service Agreement contained repayment milestones to be made during the year ended December 31, 2015, that if not met, accrued interest at a default rate of 8.5% per annum above the published base rate of HSBC Private Bank (UK) Limited until the maturity on January 31, 2016 or the release of the movie. Due to a delay in the release of *Max Steel*, the Company did not make the repayments as prescribed in the Production Service Agreement. As a result, the Company recorded accrued interest of \$1,351,882 and \$1,147,520, respectively, as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 in other current liabilities on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The loan was partially secured by international distribution agreements entered into by the Company prior to the commencement of principal photography and the receipt of tax incentives. As a condition to the Production Service Agreement, the Company acquired a completion guarantee from a bond company for the production of the motion picture. The funds for the loan were held by the bond company and disbursed as needed to complete the production in accordance with the approved production budget. The Company recorded debt as funds were transferred from the bond company for the production.

As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016 the Company had outstanding balances of \$3,203,689 and \$6,243,069, respectively, related to this debt on its condensed consolidated balance sheets.

## **Line of Credit**

The Company's subsidiary, 42West has a \$1,500,000 revolving credit line agreement with City National Bank ("City National"), which matures on August 31, 2017. The Company is in the process of renewing the credit line on substantially identical terms. Borrowings bear interest at the bank's prime lending rate plus 0.875% (5.125% on June 30, 2017). The debt, including letters of credit outstanding, is collateralized by substantially all of the assets of 42West and guaranteed by the Principal Sellers of 42West. The credit agreement requires the Company to meet certain covenants and includes limitations on distributions to members. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company drew \$250,000 from the credit line for working capital. The outstanding loan balance as of June 30, 2017 is \$750,000.

## Payable to Former Member of 42West

During 2011, 42West entered into an agreement to purchase the interest of one of its members. Pursuant to the agreement, the outstanding principal shall be payable immediately if 42West sells, assigns, transfers, or otherwise disposes all or substantially all of its assets and/or business prior to December 31, 2018. In connection with the Company's acquisition of the membership interest of 42West, (note 4), payment of this redemption was accelerated, with \$300,000 paid during April 2017, and the remaining \$225,000 to be paid in January 2018. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 of \$225,000 has been included in other current liabilities on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet.

## NOTE 9 — CONVERTIBLE DEBT

On December 7, 2015, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with an investor to sell up to \$7,000,000 in convertible promissory notes of the Company. The promissory note would bear interest on the unpaid balance at a rate of 10% per annum, and became due and payable on December 7, 2016. The promissory note could have been prepaid at any time without a penalty. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, the Company issued a convertible note to the investor in the amount of \$3,164,000. At any time prior to the maturity date, the investor had the right, at its option, to convert some or all of the convertible note into Common Stock. The convertible note had a conversion price of \$5.00 per share. The outstanding principal amount and all accrued interest were mandatorily and automatically converted into Common Stock, at the conversion price, upon the average market price per share of Common Stock being greater than or equal to the conversion price for twenty trading days.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, a triggering event occurred pursuant to the convertible note agreement. As such 632,800 shares of Common Stock were issued in satisfaction of the convertible note payable. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded interest expense of \$31,207 on its condensed consolidated statements of operations. No interest expense was recorded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

## NOTE 10— NOTES PAYABLE

On June 14, 2017, the Company signed a promissory note in the amount of \$400,000 with a two year term, expiring on June 14, 2019. The promissory note bears interest of 10% per annum and can be prepaid without a penalty after the initial six months.

On April 18, 2017, the Company signed a promissory note in the amount of \$250,000 that expires on October 18, 2017, can be prepaid without a penalty at any time and bears interest at 10% per annum.

On April 10, 2017, the Company signed two promissory notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$300,000 on substantially identical terms. Both promissory notes are held by one noteholder, expire on October 10, 2017, can be prepaid without a penalty at any time and bear interest at 10% per annum.

On July 5, 2012, the Company signed an unsecured promissory note in the amount of \$300,000 bearing 10% interest per annum and payable on demand. No payments were made on the note during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The Company recorded accrued interest of \$149,671 and \$134,794 as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively related to this note. As of each June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had a balance of \$300,000 on its condensed consolidated balance sheets related to this note payable.

The Company has a balance of \$850,000 in current liabilities and \$400,000 in non current liabilities related to these notes payable as of June 30, 2017 on its condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company expensed \$20,924 and \$28,321, respectively for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and \$7,479 and \$14,959, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for interest related to these promissory notes.

## NOTE 11 — LOANS FROM RELATED PARTY

On December 31, 2011, the Company issued an unsecured revolving promissory note (the "DE Note") to DE LLC, an entity wholly owned by the Company's CEO. The DE Note accrued interest at a rate of 10% per annum. DE LLC had the right at any time to demand that all outstanding principal and accrued interest be repaid with a ten-day notice to the Company. On March 4, 2016, the Company entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with DE LLC. Pursuant to the terms of the Subscription Agreement, the Company and DE LLC agreed to convert the \$3,073,410 aggregate amount of principal and interest outstanding under the DE Note into 614,682 shares of Common Stock. The shares were converted at a price of \$5.00 per share. On the date of the conversion that market price of the shares was \$6.00 and as a result the Company recorded a loss on the extinguishment of the debt of \$614,682 on the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded interest expense in the amount of \$32,008 on its condensed consolidated statement of operations.

In addition, DE LLC has previously advanced funds for working capital to Dolphin Films. During the year ended December 31, 2015, Dolphin Films agreed to enter into second Loan and Security Agreements with certain of DE LLC's debtholders, pursuant to which the debtholders exchanged their DE Notes for notes issued by Dolphin Films totaling \$8,774,327. See note 8 for more details. The amount of debt assumed by Dolphin Films was applied against amounts owed to DE LLC by Dolphin Films. During 2016, Dolphin Films entered into a promissory note with DE LLC (the "New DE Note") in the principal amount of \$1,009,624. The New DE Note is payable on demand and bears interest at 10% per annum. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company agreed to include certain script costs and other payables totaling \$594,315 that were owed to DE LLC as part of the New DE Note. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company received proceeds related to the New DE Note from DE LLC in the amount of \$1,297,000 and repaid DE LLC \$506,981. As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, Dolphin Films owed DE LLC \$1,818,661 and \$684,326, respectively, that was recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Dolphin Films recorded interest expense of \$44,131 and \$67,418 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

## NOTE 12 — FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

### Warrants

During 2016, the Company issued Series G, H, I, J and K Common Stock warrants (the "Warrants") for which the Company determined that the Warrants should be accounted for as derivatives (see Note 18), for which a liability is recorded in the aggregate and measured at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets on a recurring basis, and the change in fair value from one reporting period to the next is reported as income or expense in the consolidated statements of operations. On March 31, 2017, Warrants J and K were exercised.

The Company records the fair value of the liability in the condensed consolidated balance sheets under the caption "Warrant liability" and records changes to the liability against earnings or loss under the caption "Changes in fair value of warrant liability" in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. The carrying amount at fair value of the aggregate liability for the Warrants recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is \$4,170,677 and \$20,405,190. Due to the change in the fair value of the Warrant Liability for the period in which the Warrants were outstanding during the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded a loss on the warrant liability of \$ 533,812 and a gain of \$6,289,513 for the period the Warrants were outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2017 in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

The Warrants outstanding at June 30, 2017 have the following terms:

	Issuance Date	Number of Common Shares	Per Share Exercise Price	Remaining Term (Months)	Expiration Date
Series G Warrants	November 4, 2016	1,500,000	\$4.61	7	January 31, 2018
Series H Warrants	November 4, 2016	500,000	\$4.61	19	January 31, 2019
Series I Warrants	November 4, 2016	500,000	\$4.61	31	January 31, 2020

The Warrants have an adjustable exercise price due to a full ratchet down round provision, which would result in a downward adjustment to the exercise price in the event the Company completes a financing in which the price per share of the financing is lower than the exercise price of the Warrants in effect immediately prior to the financing.

Due to the existence of the full ratchet down round provision, which creates a path-dependent nature of the exercise prices of the Warrants, the Company concluded it is necessary to measure the fair value of the Warrants using a Monte Carlo Simulation model, which incorporates inputs classified as "level 3" according to the fair value hierarchy in ASC 820, Fair Value. In general, level 3 assumptions utilize unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity in the subject instrument and that are significant to the fair value of the liabilities. The unobservable inputs the Company utilizes for measuring the fair value of the Warrant liability reflects management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability as of the reporting date.

The Company determined the fair values of the Warrants by using the following key inputs to the Monte Carlo Simulation model at June 30, 2017:

Inputs	As of June 30, 2017		
	Series G	Series H	Series I
Volatility (1)	63.8%	59.2%	77.2%
Expected term (years)	0.58	1.58	2.58
Risk free interest rate	1.157%	1.322%	1.479%
Common stock price	\$ 5.00	\$ 5.00	\$ 5.00
Exercise price	\$ 4.61	\$ 4.61	\$ 4.61

(1) "Level 3" input.

The stock volatility assumption represents the range of the volatility curves used in the valuation analysis that the Company has determined market participants would use based on comparison with similar entities. The risk-free interest rate is interpolated where appropriate, and is based on treasury yields. The valuation model also included a level 3 assumption as to dates of potential future financings by the Company that may cause a reset of the exercise price.

Since derivative financial instruments are initially and subsequently carried at fair values, the Company's income or loss will reflect the volatility in changes to these estimates and assumptions. The fair value is most sensitive to changes at each valuation date in the Company's Common Stock price, the volatility rate assumption, and the exercise price, which could change if the Company were to do a dilutive future financing.

For the Warrants, which measured at fair value categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, the following is a reconciliation of the fair values from December 31, 2016 to June 30, 2017:

	Warrants "G", "H" and "I"	Warrants "J" and "K"	Total
Beginning fair value balance reported in the consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2016	\$ 6,393,936	\$ 14,011,254	\$ 20,405,190
Change in fair value (gain) reported in the statements of operations	(2,223,259)	(4,066,254)	(6,289,513)
Exercise of "J" and "K" Warrants	-	(9,945,000)	(9,945,000)
Ending fair value balance reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2017	<u>\$ 4,170,677</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,170,677</u>

### Put Rights

In connection with the 42West Acquisition (note 4), on March 30, 2017, the Company entered into Put Agreements with each of the Sellers. Pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Put Agreements, the Company has granted the Sellers the right, but not obligation, to cause the Company to purchase up to an aggregate of 2,374,187 of their shares of Common Stock received as Stock Consideration for a purchase price equal to \$4.61 per share during certain specified exercise periods set forth in the Put Agreements up until December 2020 (the "Put Rights"). During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Sellers exercised their Put Rights, in accordance with the Put Agreements, and caused the Company to purchase 151,837 shares of Common Stock for an aggregate amount of \$700,000.

The Company records the fair value of the liability in the condensed consolidated balance sheets under the caption "Put Rights" and records changes to the liability against earnings or loss under the caption "Changes in fair value of put rights" in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. The fair value of the Put Rights on the date of acquisition was \$3,800,000. The carrying amount at fair value of the aggregate liability for the Put Rights recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2017 is \$3,900,000. Due to the change in the fair value of the Put Rights for the period in which the Put Rights were outstanding during the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded a loss on the put rights of \$100,000 in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. The Company measured the fair value of the Put Rights as of the date of the acquisition.

The Company utilized the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, which incorporates significant inputs that are not observable in the market, and thus represents a Level 3 measurement as defined in ASC 820. The unobservable inputs utilized for measuring the fair value of the Put Rights reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the Put Rights as of the acquisition date and June 30, 2017.

The Company determined the fair value by using the following key inputs to the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model:

	On the date of Acquisition (March 30, 2017)	As of June 30, 2017
<u>Inputs</u>		
Equity Volatility estimate	75%	92.5%
Discount rate based on US Treasury obligations	0.12% - 1.70%	0.90% - 1.61%

For the Put Rights, which measured at fair value categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, the following is a reconciliation of the fair values from the date of acquisition (March 30, 2017) to June 30, 2017:

Beginning fair value balance on the Acquisition Date (March 30, 2017)	\$ 3,800,000
Change in fair value (loss) reported in the statements of operations	100,000
Ending fair value balance reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2017	<u>\$ 3,900,000</u>

### Contingent Consideration

In connection with the 42 West acquisition (note 4), the Seller have the potential to earn up to \$9,333,333 (1,727,551 shares of Common Stock) on achievement of adjusted EBITDA targets based on the operations of 42West over the three-year period beginning January 1, 2017 (the "Contingent Consideration").

The Company records the fair value of the liability in the condensed consolidated balance sheets under the caption "Contingent Consideration" and records changes to the liability against earnings or loss under the caption "Changes in fair value of contingent consideration" in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. The fair value of the Contingent Consideration on the date of acquisition was \$3,627,000. The carrying amount at fair value of the aggregate liability for the Contingent Consideration recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2017 is \$3,743,000. Due to the change in the fair value of the Contingent Consideration for the period in which the Contingent Consideration was outstanding during the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded a loss on the put rights of \$116,000 in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. The Company measured the fair value of the Contingent Consideration as of the date of the acquisition.

The Company utilized a Monte Carlo Simulation model, which incorporates significant inputs that are not observable in the market, and thus represents a Level 3 measurement as defined in ASC 820. The unobservable inputs utilized for measuring the fair value of the Contingent Consideration reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the Contingent Consideration as of the acquisition date.

The Company determined the fair value by using the following key inputs to the Monte Carlo Simulation Model:

<u>Inputs</u>	<u>On the date of Acquisition (March 30, 2017)</u>	<u>As of June 30, 2017</u>
Risk Free Discount Rate (based on US government treasury obligation with a term similar to that of the Contingent Consideration)	1.03% -1.55%	1.14% - 1.47%
Annual Asset Volatility Estimate	72.5%	90%
Estimated EBITDA	\$3,600,000 - \$3,900,000	\$3,600,000 - \$3,900,000

For the Contingent Consideration, which measured at fair value categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, the following is a reconciliation of the fair values from the date of acquisition (March 30, 2017) to June 30, 2017:

Beginning fair value balance on the Acquisition Date (March 30, 2017)	\$ 3,627,000
Change in fair value (loss) reported in the statements of operations	116,000
Ending fair value balance reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2017	<u>\$ 3,743,000</u>

There were no assets or liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2016.

#### **NOTE 13— LICENSING AGREEMENT - RELATED PARTY**

The Company has entered into a ten-year licensing agreement with DE LLC, a related party. Under the license, the Company is authorized to use DE LLC's brand properties in connection with the creation, promotion and operation of subscription based Internet social networking websites for children and young adults. The license requires that the Company pays to DE LLC royalties at the rate of fifteen percent of net sales from performance of the licensed activities. The Company did not use any of the brand properties related to this agreement and as such, there was no royalty expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

## **NOTE 14 — DEFERRED REVENUE**

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company entered into agreements with various entities for the international distribution rights of a motion picture that was in production. As required by the distribution agreements, the Company received \$1,418,368 of deposits for these rights that was recorded as deferred revenue on its condensed consolidated balance sheet. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company delivered the motion picture to various international distributors and recorded \$1,371,687 of revenue from production from these deposits. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, the Company has a balance of \$20,303 and \$46,681 as deferred revenue on its condensed consolidated balance sheets.

## **NOTE 15 – VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES**

VIEs are entities that, by design, either (1) lack sufficient equity to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties, or (2) have equity investors that do not have the ability to make significant decisions relating to the entity's operations through voting rights, or do not have the obligation to absorb the expected losses or the right to receive the residual returns of the entity. The most common type of VIE is a special-purpose entity ("SPE"). SPEs are commonly used in securitization transactions in order to isolate certain assets, and distribute the cash flows from those assets to investors. The legal documents that govern the transaction specify how the cash earned on the assets must be allocated to the SPE's investors and other parties that have rights to those cash flows. SPEs are generally structured to insulate investors from claims on the SPE's, assets by creditors of other entities, including the creditors of the seller of the assets.

The primary beneficiary of a VIE is required to consolidate the assets and liabilities of the VIE. The primary beneficiary is the party that has both (1) the power to direct the activities of an entity that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance; and (2) through its interests in the VIE, the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. To assess whether the Company has the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, the Company considers all the facts and circumstances, including its role in establishing the VIE and its ongoing rights and responsibilities.

To assess whether the Company has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE, the Company considers all of its economic interests, including debt and equity investments, servicing fees, and derivative or other arrangements deemed to be variable interests in the VIE. This assessment requires that the Company apply judgment in determining whether these interests, in the aggregate, are considered potentially significant to the VIE.

The Company performs ongoing reassessments of (1) whether entities previously evaluated under the majority voting-interest framework have become VIEs, based on certain triggering events, and therefore would be subject to the VIE consolidation framework, and (2) whether changes in the facts and circumstances regarding the Company's involvement with a VIE cause the Company's consolidation conclusion to change. The consolidation status of the VIEs with which the Company is involved may change as a result of such reassessments. Changes in consolidation status are applied prospectively with assets and liabilities of a newly consolidated VIE initially recorded at fair value unless the VIE is an entity which was previously under common control, which in that case is consolidated based historical cost. A gain or loss may be recognized upon deconsolidation of a VIE depending on the carrying amounts of deconsolidated assets and liabilities compared to the fair value of retained interests and ongoing contractual arrangements.

The Company evaluated certain entities of which it did not have a majority voting interest and determined that it had (1) the power to direct the activities of the entities that most significantly impact their economic performance and (2) had the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from these entities. As such the financial statements of Max Steel Productions, LLC and JB Believe, LLC are consolidated in the balance sheets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, and in the statements of operations and statements of cash flows presented herein for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. These entities were previously under common control and have been accounted for at historical costs for all periods presented.

Following is summary financial information for the VIE's:

	Max Steel Productions LLC					JB Believe LLC				
	As of and for the six months ended June 30, 2017	As of and for the three months ended June 30, 2017	As of December 31, 2016	As of and for the six months ended June 30, 2016	As of and for the three months ended June 30, 2016	As of and for the six months ended June 30, 2017	As of and for the three months ended June 30, 2017	As of December 31, 2016	As of and for the six months ended June 30, 2016	As of and for the three months ended June 30, 2016
(in USD)										
Assets	9,207,664	9,207,664	12,327,887	n/a	n/a	30,843	30,843	240,269	n/a	n/a
Liabilities	(13,011,741)	(13,011,741)	(15,922,552)	n/a	n/a	(6,755,328)	(6,755,328)	(7,014,098)	n/a	n/a
Revenues	3,173,826	2,656,523	n/a	-	-	53,136	37,573	n/a	3,786	3,786
Expenses	(3,383,238)	(2,236,428)	n/a	(541,731)	(325,024)	(3,792)	-	n/a	(260,592)	(133,711)

**NOTE 16 — STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT**

A. Preferred Stock

The Company's Amended Articles of Incorporation authorize the issuance of 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock. The Board of Directors has the power to designate the rights and preferences of the preferred stock and issue the preferred stock in one or more series.

On October 14, 2015, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to designate 4,000,000 preferred shares, as "Series B Convertible Preferred Stock" with a \$0.10 par value. Each share of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible, at the holders request, into 0.95 shares of Common Stock. Holders of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock do not have any voting rights.

On October 16, 2015, the Company and T Squared Partners LP ("T Squared") entered into a Preferred Stock Exchange Agreement whereby 1,042,753 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock were to be exchanged for 1,000,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock upon satisfaction of certain conditions. On March 7, 2016, all conditions were satisfied and, pursuant to the Preferred Stock Exchange Agreement, the Company issued to T Squared Partners LP 1,000,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock. The Company retired the 1,042,753 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock it received in the exchange. The Company recorded a preferred stock dividend in additional paid in capital of \$5,227,247 related to this exchange. On November 14, 2016, T Squared notified the Company that it would convert 1,000,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock into 950,000 shares of the Common Stock effective November 16, 2016.

On February 23, 2016, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to designate 1,000,000 preferred shares as "Series C Convertible Preferred Stock" with a \$0.001 par value which may be issued only to an "Eligible Series C Preferred Stock Holder". On May 9, 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the amendment of the Company's articles of incorporation to reduce the designation of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock to 50,000 shares with a \$0.001 par value. The amendment was approved by the Company's shareholders on June 29, 2017 and the Company filed Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation with the State of Florida ("the Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation") on July 6, 2017. Pursuant to the Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, each share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock will be convertible into one share of common stock, subject to adjustment for each issuance of common stock (but not upon issuance of common stock equivalents) that occurred, or occurs, from the date of issuance of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (the "issue date") until the fifth (5th) anniversary of the issue date (i) upon the conversion or exercise of any instrument issued on the issued date or thereafter issued (but not upon the conversion of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock), (ii) upon the exchange of debt for shares of common stock, or (iii) in a private placement, such that the total number of shares of common stock held by an "Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder" (based on the number of shares of common stock held as of the date of issuance) will be preserved at the same percentage of shares of common stock outstanding held by such Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder on such date. An Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder means any of (i) DE LLC for so long as Mr. O'Dowd continues to beneficially own at least 90% and serves on the board of directors or other governing entity, (ii) any other entity in which Mr. O'Dowd beneficially owns more than 90%, or a trust for the benefit of others, for which Mr. O'Dowd serves as trustee and (iii) Mr. O'Dowd individually. Series C Convertible Preferred Stock will only be convertible by the Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder upon the Company satisfying one of the "optional conversion thresholds". Specifically, a majority of the independent directors of the Board, in its sole discretion, must have determined that the Company accomplished any of the following (i) EBITDA of more than \$3.0 million in any calendar year, (ii) production of two feature films, (iii) production and distribution of at least three web series, (iv) theatrical distribution in the United States of one feature film, or (v) any combination thereof that is subsequently approved by a majority of the independent directors of the Board based on the strategic plan approved by the Board. While certain events may have occurred that could be deemed to have satisfied this criteria, the independent directors of the Board have not yet determined that an optional conversion threshold has occurred. Except as required by law, holders of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock will only have voting rights once the independent directors of the Board determine that an optional conversion threshold has occurred. Only upon such determination, will the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock be entitled or permitted to vote on all matters required or permitted to be voted on by the holders of common stock and will be entitled to that number of votes equal to three votes for the number of Conversion Shares (as defined in the Certificate of Designation) into which such Holder's shares of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock could then be converted.

The Certificate of Designation also provides for a liquidation value of \$0.001 per share. The Certificate of Designation also provides for dividend rights of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock on parity with the Company's Common Stock.

On March 7, 2016, as the Merger Consideration related to the Company's merger with Dolphin Films), DE LLC was issued 2,300,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock and 1,000,000 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. On November 15, 2016, DE LLC converted 2,300,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock into 2,185,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock.

On May 9, 2017, the Company's Board of Directors determined that it was in the best interest of the Company to retire the designations of Series A Convertible Preferred and Series B Convertible Preferred and this determination was included in the Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation filed with the State of Florida on July 6, 2017.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company did not have any Series A or Series B Convertible Preferred Stock outstanding and 50,000 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

## B. Common Stock

The Company's Articles of Incorporation previously authorized the issuance of 200,000,000 shares of Common Stock. 500,000 shares had been designated for the 2012 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2012 Plan"). On June 29, 2017, our shareholders of the Company approved the 2017 Equity Compensation Plan (the "2017 Plan") that replaced the 2012 Plan. On August 7, 2017, the Company registered 2,000,000 of Common Stock through the filing of an S-8 statement to be used for the 2017 Plan. As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, no awards have been issued in connection with these plans. On February 23, 2016, the Company filed Articles of Amendment to the Amended Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Florida to increase the number of authorized shares of its Common Stock from 200,000,000 to 400,000,000.

On February 16, 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which the Company issued and sold to an investor 100,000 shares of Common Stock at a price of \$5.00 per Share. This transaction provided \$500,000 in proceeds for the Company.

On March 30, 2017, the Company entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement to acquire a 100% membership interest in 42West. The Company issued 1,230,280 shares of Common Stock at a price of \$4.61 per share related to this transaction. See note 4 for further details on the acquisition.

On March 30, 2017, KCF Investments LLC and BBCF 2011 LLC exercised Warrants J and K to purchase 2,170,000 and 170,000, respectively, of shares of Common Stock at a purchase price of \$0.015 per share. This transaction provided \$35,100 in proceeds for the Company. See note 18 for further discussion.

On April 13, 2017, the Company issued the following shares of Common Stock as per the 42West Acquisition agreement; (i) 344,550 to certain designated employees and (ii) 100,000 shares as an estimate for the Purchase Consideration withheld on the date of closing related to the working capital.

On April 13, 2017, the Company issued 6,508 shares of Common Stock to a consultant for services rendered during the month ended March 31, 2017. The shares were issued at a purchase price of \$4.61 per share.

On April 13, 2017, T Squared partially exercised Class E Warrants and acquired 325,770 shares of our common stock pursuant to the cashless exercise provision in the related warrant agreement. T Squared had previously paid down \$1,675,000 for these shares.

On April 14, 2017, the Principal Sellers of 42West, exercised put options in the aggregate amount of 86,764 shares of Common Stock and were paid an aggregate total of \$400,000.

On June 26, 2017, the Principal Sellers of 42West, exercised put options in the aggregate amount of 65,073 shares of Common Stock and were paid an aggregate total of \$300,000.

As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, the Company had 18,690,792 and 14,395,521 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding, respectively.

## C. Noncontrolling Interest

On May 21, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement with a note holder to form Dolphin Kids Clubs, LLC ("Dolphin Kids Clubs"). Under the terms of the agreement, Dolphin converted an aggregate amount of \$1,500,000 in notes payable and received an additional \$1,500,000 during the year ended December 31, 2012 for a 25% membership interest in the newly formed entity. The Company holds the remaining 75% and thus controlling interest in Dolphin Kids Clubs. The purpose of Dolphin Kids Clubs is to create and operate online kids clubs for selected charitable, educational and civic organizations. The agreement encompasses kids clubs created between January 1, 2012 and December 31, 2016. It was a "gross revenue agreement" and the Company was responsible for paying all associated operating expenses. On December 29, 2016, as part of a global agreement with the 25% member of Dolphin Kids Clubs, the Company entered into a Purchase Agreement and acquired the 25% noncontrolling interest of Dolphin Kids Clubs. In exchange for the 25% interest, the Company issued Warrant "J" that entitles the warrant holder to purchase shares of common stock at a price of \$0.015 per share. See notes 12 and 18 for further discussion of Warrant "J".

## NOTE 17 — EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted income (loss) per share:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
<b>Numerator:</b>				
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,558,185)	\$ (7,703,932)	\$ 3,402,623	\$ (11,247,780)
Preferred stock deemed dividend	-	-	-	(5,227,247)
Numerator for basic income (loss) per share	(1,588,185)	(7,703,932)	3,402,623	(16,475,027)
Change in fair value of Warrants "J" and "K" (note 12)	-	-	(6,289,513)	-
Numerator for diluted income (loss) per share	\$ (1,588,185)	\$ (7,703,932)	\$ (2,886,890)	\$ (16,475,027)
<b>Denominator:</b>				
Denominator for basic EPS — weighted-average shares	18,672,778	7,340,942	16,586,685	6,050,896
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Warrants	-	-	1,512,676	-
Shares issuable in January 2018 in connection with the 42West acquisition (Note 4)	-	-	986,330	-
Denominator for diluted EPS — adjusted weighted-average shares assuming exercise of warrants	18,672,778	7,340,942	19,085,691	6,050,896
Basic income (loss) per share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (1.76)	\$ 0.21	\$ (2.72)
Diluted Income (loss) per share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (1.76)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (2.72)

Basic income (loss) per share is computed by dividing income or loss attributable to the shareholders of Common Stock (the numerator) by the weighted-average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding (the denominator) for the period. Diluted earnings per share assumes that any dilutive warrants were exercised and any dilutive convertible securities outstanding were converted, with related preferred stock dilution requirements and outstanding Common Stock adjusted accordingly. For warrants that are carried as liabilities at fair value, when exercise is assumed in the denominator for diluted earnings per share, the related change in the fair value of the warrants recognized in the consolidated statements of operations for the period, is added back or subtracted from net income during the period. In periods of losses, diluted loss per share is computed on the same basis as basic loss per share, as the inclusion of any other potential shares outstanding would be anti-dilutive.

For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, due to the net losses reported, dilutive common equivalent shares such as warrants were excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share, as inclusion would be anti-dilutive for the periods presented.

For the six months ended June 30, 2017, dilutive warrant shares outstanding were assumed to have been exercised and included in the denominator for diluted loss per share, and the related gain recorded in the consolidated statement of operations due to recording the decrease in fair value of the warrant liabilities during the six-month period was subtracted from net income to arrive at the numerator for basic and diluted income (loss) per share. Also for the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Common Stock that is issuable in January 2018 in connection with the 42West Acquisition was assumed to have been issued during the period in arriving at the denominator for diluted loss per share.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company reflected the preferred stock deemed dividend of \$5,227,247 (note 16) related to exchange of Series A for Series B Preferred Stock in the numerator for calculating basic and diluted loss per share, as the loss for holders of Common Stock would be increased by that amount. Due to the net losses reported, dilutive common equivalent shares were excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share.

## NOTE 18 — WARRANTS

A summary of warrants outstanding at December 31, 2016 and issued, exercised and expired during the six months ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Warrants:	Shares	Weighted
		Avg. Exercise Price
Balance at December 31, 2016	5,890,000	\$ 2.99
Issued	—	—
Exercised	2,665,770	0.64
Expired	—	—
Balance at June 30, 2017	3,224,230	\$ 4.64

On March 10, 2010, T Squared Investments, LLC ("T Squared") was issued Warrant "E" for 350,000 shares of the Company at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share with an expiration date of December 31, 2012. T Squared can continually pay the Company an amount of money to reduce the exercise price of Warrant "E" until such time as the exercise price of Warrant "E" is effectively \$0.002 per share. Each time a payment by T Squared is made to Dolphin, a side letter will be executed by both parties that states the new effective exercise price of Warrant "E" at that time. At such time when T Squared has paid down Warrant "E" to an exercise price of \$0.002 per share or less, T Squared shall have the right to exercise Warrant "E" via a cashless provision and hold for six months to remove the legend under Rule 144 of the Securities Act. During the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2011, T Squared paid down a total of \$1,625,000. During the year ended December 31, 2016, T Squared paid \$50,000 for the issuance of Warrants G, H and I as described below. Per the provisions of the Warrant Purchase Agreement, the \$50,000 was to reduce the exercise price of Warrant "E". On April 13, 2017, T Squared exercised 325,770 warrants using the cashless exercise provision, in the warrant agreement and received 325,770 shares of the Common Stock. Since T Squared applied the \$1,675,000 that it had previously paid the Company to pay down the exercise price of the warrants, the exercise price for the remaining 24,230 warrants was recalculated and is currently \$3.10 per share of Common Stock. T Squared did not make any payments during the six months ended June 30, 2017 to reduce the exercise price of the warrants.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, T Squared agreed to amend a provision in a preferred stock purchase agreement (the "Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement") dated May 2011 that required the Company to obtain consent from T Squared before issuing any Common Stock below the existing conversion price as defined in the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement. As a result, the Company has extended the expiration date of Warrant "E" (described above) to September 13, 2015 and on September 13, 2012, the Company issued 350,000 warrants to T Squared ("Warrant "F") with an exercise price of \$5.00 per share. Under the terms of Warrant "F", T Squared has the option to continually pay the Company an amount of money to reduce the exercise price of Warrant "F" until such time as the exercise price of Warrant "F" is effectively \$0.002 per share. At such time, T Squared will have the right to exercise Warrant "F" via a cashless provision and hold for six months to remove the legend under Rule 144 of the Securities Act. The Company agreed to extend both warrants until December 31, 2018 with substantially the same terms as herein discussed. T Squared did not make any payments during the six months ended June 30, 2017 to reduce the exercise price of the warrants.

On September 13, 2012, the Company sold 350,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$5.00 per share and an expiration date of September 13, 2015 for \$35,000. Under the terms of these warrants, the holder has the option to continually pay the Company an amount of money to reduce the exercise price of the warrants until such time as the exercise price is effectively \$0.002 per share. At such time, the holder will have the right to exercise the warrants via a cashless provision and hold for six months to remove the legend under Rule 144 of the Securities Act. The Company recorded the \$35,000 as additional paid in capital. The Company agreed to extend the warrants until December 31, 2018 with substantially the same terms as herein discussed. The holder of the warrants did not make any payments during the six months ended June 30, 2017 to reduce the exercise price of the warrants.

On November 4, 2016, the Company issued a Warrant "G", a Warrant "H" and a Warrant "I" to T Squared ("Warrants "G", "H" and "I"). A summary of Warrants "G", "H" and "I" issued to T Squared is as follows:

Warrants:	Number of Shares	Exercise price at June 30, 2017	Original Exercise Price	Fair Value as of June 30, 2017	Fair Value as of December 31, 2016	Expiration Date
Warrant "G"	1,500,000	\$ 4.61	\$ 5.00	\$ 1,938,202	\$ 3,300,671	January 31, 2018
Warrant "H"	500,000	\$ 4.61	\$ 6.00	902,391	1,524,805	January 31, 2019
Warrant "I"	500,000	\$ 4.61	\$ 7.00	1,330,084	1,568,460	January 31, 2020
	<u>2,500,000</u>			<u>\$ 4,170,677</u>	<u>\$ 6,393,936</u>	

The Warrants "G", "H" and "I" each contain an antidilution provision which in the event the Company sells grants or issues any shares, options, warrants, or any instrument convertible into shares or equity in any form below the then current exercise price per share of the Warrants "G", "H" and "I", then the then current exercise price per share for the warrants that are outstanding will be reduced to such lower price per share. Under the terms of the Warrants "G", "H" and "I", T Squared has the option to continually pay the Company an amount of money to reduce the exercise price of any of Warrants "G", "H" and "I" until such time as the exercise price of Warrant "G", "H" and/or "I" is effectively \$0.01 per share. The Common Stock issuable upon exercise of Warrants "G", "H" and "I" are not registered and will contain a restrictive legend as required by the Securities Act. At such time when the T Squared has paid down the warrants to an exercise price of \$0.01 per share or less T Squared will have the right to exercise the Warrants "G", "H" and "I" via a cashless provision and hold for six months to remove the legend under Rule 144 of the Securities Act.

On March 30, 2016, the Company issued shares of Common Stock at a purchase price of \$4.61 per share related to the acquisition of 42West (note 4). As a result, the exercise price of each of Warrants "G", "H" and "I" were reduced to \$4.61.

Due to the existence of the antidilution provision, the Warrants "G", "H" and "I" are carried in the condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 as derivative liabilities at fair value (see note 12)

On December 29, 2016, in connection with the purchase by the Company of 25% of the outstanding membership interests of Dolphin Kids Club, LLC, the termination of an Equity Finance Agreement and the debt exchange of First Loan and Security Notes, Web Series Notes and Second Loan and Security Notes (See note 8), the Company issued Warrant "J" and Warrant "K" (Warrants "J" and "K") to the seller. Each of the Warrants "J" and "K" had an exercise price of \$0.15 per share and an expiration date of December 29, 2020.

The Warrants "J" and "K" each contained an antidilution provision that in the event the Company sells grants or issues any shares, options, warrants, or any instrument convertible into shares or equity in any form below the current exercise price per share of Warrants "J" and "K", then the current exercise price per share for the Warrants "J" and "K" that are outstanding will be reduced to such lower price per share. The Common Stock issuable upon exercise of Warrants "J" and "K" are not registered and will contain a restrictive legend as required by the Securities Act. At such time as the exercise price is \$0.01 per share or less, the holder will have the right to exercise the Warrants "J" and "K" via a cashless provision and hold for six months to remove the legend under Rule 144 of the Securities Act.

Due to the existence of the antidilution provision, the Warrants "J" and "K" were carried in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2016 as derivative liabilities at a fair value of \$12,993,342 for Warrant "J" and \$1,017,912 for Warrant "K" (see note 12). On March 30, 2017, the holders of Warrants J and K exercised their warrants and were issued 2,340,000 shares of Common Stock. The Company received \$35,100 of proceeds from the transaction.

#### **NOTE 19— RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

On December 31, 2014, the Company and its CEO renewed his employment agreement for a period of two years commencing January 1, 2015. The agreement stated that the CEO was to receive annual compensation of \$250,000 plus bonus. In addition, the CEO was entitled to an annual discretionary bonus as determined by the Company's Board of Directors. The CEO was eligible to participate in all of the Company's benefit plans offered to its employees. As part of his agreement, he received a \$1,000,000 signing bonus in 2012 that is recorded in accrued compensation on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Any unpaid and accrued compensation due to the CEO under this agreement will accrue interest on the principal amount at a rate of 10% per annum from the date of this agreement until it is paid. The agreement included provisions for disability, termination for cause and without cause by the Company, voluntary termination by executive and a non-compete clause. The Company accrued \$2,375,000 and \$2,250,000 of compensation as accrued compensation and \$849,446 and \$735,211 of interest in other current liabilities on its condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, in relation to Mr. O'Dowd's employment. The Company recorded interest expense related to accrued compensation of \$58,236 and \$114,235, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and \$51,941 and \$102,323, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

On October 14, 2015, the Company and Merger Subsidiary, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a merger agreement with Dolphin Films and DE LLC, both entities owned by a related party. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Merger Subsidiary agreed to merge with and into Dolphin Films with Dolphin Films surviving the Merger. As a result, during the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company acquired Dolphin Films. As consideration for the Merger, the Company issued 2,300,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series B"), par value \$0.10 per share, and 1,000,000 shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share to DE LLC.

On March 30, 2017, in connection with the 42West Acquisition, the Company and Mr. O'Dowd, as personal guarantor, entered into four separate Put Agreements with each of the Sellers of 42West, pursuant to which the Company has granted each of the Sellers the right to cause the Company to purchase up to an aggregate of 2,374,187 of their shares of Common Stock received as Consideration for a purchase price equal to \$4.61 per share during certain specified exercise periods up until December 2020. Pursuant to the terms of one such Put Agreement between Mr. Allan Mayer, a member of the board of directors of the Company, and the Company, Mr. Mayer exercised Put Rights and caused the Company to purchase 43,382 shares of Common Stock at a purchase price of \$4.61 for an aggregate amount of \$200,000, during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

On March 30, 2017, KCF Investments LLC and BBCF 2011 LLC, entities under the common control of Mr. Stephen L Perrone, an affiliate of the Company, exercised Warrants "J" and "K" and were issued an aggregate of 2,340,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.015 per share.

## NOTE 20 — SEGMENT INFORMATION

As a result of the 42West Acquisition (note 4), the Company has determined that as of the second quarter of 2017, it operates two reportable segments, the Entertainment Publicity Division ("EPD") and the Content Production Division ("CPD"). The EPD segment is comprised of 42West and provides clients with diversified services, including public relations, entertainment content marketing and strategic marketing consulting. CPD is comprised of Dolphin Entertainment, Dolphin Films, and Dolphin Digital Studios and specializes in the production and distribution of digital content and feature films.

The profitability measure employed by our chief operating decision maker for allocating resources to operating divisions and assessing operating division performance is operating income (loss). All segments follow the same accounting policies as those described in Note 3.

Salaries and related expenses include salaries, bonus, commission and other incentive related expenses. Legal and professional expenses primarily include professional fees related to financial statement audits, legal, investor relations and other consulting services, which are engaged and managed by each of the segments. In addition, general and administrative expenses include rental expense and depreciation of property, equipment and leasehold improvements for properties occupied by corporate office employees.

In connection with the 42West Acquisition, the Company assigned \$9,110,000 of intangible assets, less the amortization during the three months ended June 30, 2017 of \$249,333, and Goodwill of \$14,336,919 to the EPD segment.

	Three months ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30,
	2017	
<b>Revenue:</b>		
EPD	\$ 5,137,556	\$ 5,137,556
CPD	2,694,096	3,226,962
Total	\$ 7,831,652	\$ 8,364,518
<b>Segment operating income (loss):</b>		
EPD	\$ 697,679	\$ 697,679
CPD	(604,099)	(1,476,772)
Total	93,580	(779,093)
Interest expense	(396,864)	(849,001)
Other (expense) income, net	(1,254,901)	5,030,717
<b>Income before income taxes</b>	<b>\$ (1,558,185)</b>	<b>\$ 3,402,623</b>
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2017</b>	
<b>Total assets:</b>		
EPD	\$ 27,301,487	
CPD	8,243,407	
Total	\$ 35,544,894	

	June 30, 2017
<b>Total assets:</b>	
EPD	\$ 27,435,905
CPD	7,943,407
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 35,379,312</b>

## NOTE 21 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### *Litigation*

On or about January 25, 2010, an action was filed by Tom David against Winterman Group Limited, Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) Ltd., Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale in the Superior Court of Justice in Ontario (Canada) alleging breach of a commercial lease and breach of a personal guaranty. On or about March 18, 2010, Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale filed a Statement of Defense and Crossclaim. In the Statement of Defense, Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale denied any liability under the lease and guaranty. In the Crossclaim filed against Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) Ltd., Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale seek contribution or indemnity against Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) Ltd. alleging that Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) agreed to relieve Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale from any and all liability with respect to the lease or the guaranty. On or about March 19, 2010, Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale filed a Third-Party Claim against the Company seeking contribution or indemnity against the Company, formerly known as Logica Holdings, Inc., alleging that the Company agreed to relieve Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale from any and all liability with respect to the lease or the guaranty. The Third-Party Claim was served on the Company on April 6, 2010. On or about April 1, 2010, Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) filed a Statement of Defense and Crossclaim. In the Statement of Defense, Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) denied any liability under the lease and in the Crossclaim against Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale, Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) seeks contribution or indemnity against Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale alleging that the leased premises were used by Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale for their own use. On or about April 1, 2010, Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) also filed a Statement of Defense to the Crossclaim denying any liability to indemnify Winterman Group Limited, Malcolm Stockdale and Sara Stockdale. The ultimate results of these proceedings against the Company cannot be predicted with certainty. On or about March 12, 2012, the Court served a Status Notice on all the parties indicating that since more than (2) years had passed since a defense in the action had been filed, the case had not been set for trial and the case had not been terminated, the case would be dismissed for delay unless action was taken within ninety (90) days of the date of service of the notice. The Company has not filed for a motion to dismiss and no further action has been taken in the case. The ultimate results of these proceedings against the Company could result in a loss ranging from 0 to \$325,000. On March 23, 2012, Dolphin Digital Media (Canada) Ltd filed for bankruptcy in Canada. The bankruptcy will not protect the Company from the Third-Party Claim filed against it. However, the Company has not accrued for this loss because it believes that the claims against it are without substance and it is not probable that they will result in loss. As of June 30, 2017, the Company has not received any other notifications related to this action.

A putative class action was filed on May 5, 2017, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida by Kenneth and Emily Reel on behalf of a purported nationwide class of individuals who attended the Fyre Music Festival, or the Fyre Festival, in the Bahamas on April 28-30, 2017. The complaint names several defendants, including 42West, along with the organizers of the Fyre Festival, Fyre Media Inc. and Fyre Festival LLC, individuals related to Fyre, and another entity called Matte Projects LLC. The complaint alleges that the Fyre Festival was promoted by Fyre as a luxurious experience through an extensive marketing campaign orchestrated by Fyre and executed with the assistance of outside marketing companies, 42West and Matte, but that the reality of the festival did not live up to the luxury experience that it was represented to be. The plaintiffs assert claims for fraud, negligent misrepresentation and for violation of several states' consumer protection laws. The plaintiffs seek to certify a nationwide class action comprised of "All persons or entities that purchased a Fyre Festival 2017 ticket or package or that attended, or planned to attend, Fyre Festival 2017" and seek damages in excess of \$5,000,000 on behalf of themselves and the class. The plaintiffs sought to consolidate this action with five other class actions also arising out of the Fyre Festival (to which 42West is not a party) in a Multi District Litigation proceeding, which request was denied by the panel. We believe the claims against 42West are without merit and that we have strong defenses to the claims.

### *Tax Filings*

For the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company accrued \$120,000 for estimated penalties associated with not filing certain information returns. The penalties per return are \$10,000 per entity per year. The Company received notification from the Internal Revenue Service concerning information returns for the year ended December 31, 2009. The Company responded with a letter stating reasonable cause for the noncompliance and requested that penalties be abated. During 2012, the Company received a notice stating that the reasonable cause had been denied. The Company decided to pay the penalties and not appeal the decision for the 2009 Internal Revenue Service notification. There is no associated interest expense as the tax filings are for information purposes only and would not result in further income taxes to be paid by the Company. The Company made payments in the amount of \$40,000 during the year ended December 31, 2012 related to these penalties. At each of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had a remainder of \$40,000 in accruals related to these late filing penalties which is presented as a component of other current liabilities.

## ***Kids Club***

Effective February 1, 2017, the Company notified US Youth Soccer Association, Inc., with whom it had entered into an agreement to create, design and host the US Youth Soccer Clubhouse website, that it would not renew the agreement. The Company did not record any revenues or expenses related to this website for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

On July 1, 2016, the Company and United Way Worldwide mutually agreed to terminate the agreement and agreement create and host an online kids club to promote United Way's philanthropic philosophy and encourage literacy programs. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement the Company was responsible for the creation and marketing of the website, developing and managing the sponsorship package, and hiring of certain employees to administer the program. Each school sponsorship package was \$10,000 with the Company earning \$1,250. The remaining funds were used for program materials and the costs of other partners. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, management decided to discontinue the online kids clubs at the end of 2017.

The Company recorded revenues of \$3,750 and \$21,028 related to the online kids clubs during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. There were no revenues generated by the online kids clubs during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

## ***Incentive Compensation Plan***

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company's Board and a majority of its shareholders approved the 2012 Plan. The 2012 Plan was enacted as a way of attracting and retaining exceptional employees and consultants by enabling them to share in the long term growth and financial success of the Company. The 2012 Plan will be administered by the Board or a committee designated by the Board. As part of an increase in authorized shares approved by the Board in 2012, 500,000 shares of Common Stock were designated for the 2012 Plan. No awards have been issued and, as such, the Company had not recorded any liability or equity related to the 2012 Plan as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

On June 29, 2017, the shareholders of the Company approved the 2017 Plan. The 2017 Plan was adopted as a flexible incentive compensation plan that would allow us to use different forms of compensation awards to attract new employees, executives and directors, to further the goal of retaining and motivating existing personnel and directors and to further align such individuals' interests with those of the Company's shareholders. Under the 2017 Plan, the total number of shares of Common Stock reserved and available for delivery under the 2017 Plan (the "Awards"), at any time during the term of the 2017 Plan, will be 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock. The 2017 Plan imposes individual limitations on the amount of certain Awards, in part with the intention to comply with Section 162(m) of the Code. Under these limitations, in any fiscal year of the Company during any part of which the 2017 Plan is in effect, no participant may be granted (i) stock options or stock appreciation rights with respect to more than 600,000 Shares, or (ii) performance shares (including shares of restricted stock, restricted stock units, and other stock based-awards that are subject to satisfaction of performance goals) that the Committee intends to be exempt from the deduction limitations under Section 162(m) of the Code, with respect to more than 600,000 Shares, in each case, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The maximum amount that may be paid out to any one participant as performance units that the Committee intends to be exempt from the deduction limitations under Section 162(m) of the Code, with respect to any 12-month performance period is \$1,000,000 (pro-rated for any performance period that is less than 12 months), and with respect to any performance period that is more than 12 months, \$2,000,000. No Awards were issued during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and, as such, the Company has not recorded any liability or equity related to the 2017 Plan as of June 30, 2017.

### ***Employee Benefit Plan***

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, 42West, has a 401(K) profit sharing plan that covers substantially all employees of 42West. Contributions to the plan are at discretion of management. The Company's contributions were approximately \$148,068 and \$74,954 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

### ***Employment Contracts***

During 2015, 42West entered into seven separate three-year employment contracts with senior level management employees. The contracts define each individual's compensation, along with specific salary increases mid-way through the term of each contract. Each individual was also guaranteed a percentage of proceeds if 42West was sold during the term of their contract. The percentages vary by executive. Termination for cause, death or by the employee would terminate the Company's commitment on each of the contracts.

As a condition to the closing of the 42West Acquisition described in note 4, each of the three Principal Sellers has entered into employment agreements (the "Employment Agreements") with the Company and will continue as employees of the Company for a three-year term. Each of the Employment Agreements provides for a base salary with annual increases and bonuses if certain performance targets are met. In addition, the Employment Agreements grant each Principal Seller an annual stock bonus of \$200,000 to be calculated using the 30-day trading average of the Company's Common Stock. The Employment Agreements also contain provisions for termination and as a result of death or disability. During the term of the Employment Agreement, the Principal Sellers shall be entitled to participate in all employee benefit plans, practices and programs maintained by the Company as well as be entitled to paid vacation in accordance with the Company's policy. Each of the Employment Agreements contains lock-up provisions pursuant to which each Principal Seller has agreed not to transfer any shares of Common Stock in the first year, no more than 1/3 of the Initial Consideration and Post-Closing Consideration received by such Seller in the second year and no more than an additional 1/3 of the Initial Consideration and Post-Closing Consideration received by such Seller in the third year, following the closing date of the 42West Acquisition.

### ***Talent, Director and Producer Participations***

Per agreements with talent, directors and producers on certain projects, the Company will be responsible for bonus and back end payments upon release of a motion picture and achieving certain box office performance as determined by the individual agreements. The Company cannot estimate the amounts that will be due as these are based on future box office performance. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had not recorded any liability related to these participations.

### ***Leases***

42West is obligated under an operating lease agreement for office space in New York, expiring in December 2026. The lease is secured by a standby letter of credit amounting to \$677,354, and provides for increases in rent for real estate taxes and building operating costs. The lease also contains a renewal option for an additional five years.

42West is obligated under an operating lease agreement for office space in California, expiring in December 2021. The lease is secured by a cash security deposit of \$44,788 and a standby letter of credit amounting to \$100,000 at March 31, 2017. The lease also provides for increases in rent for real estate taxes and operating expenses, and contains a renewal option for an additional five years, as well as an early termination option effective as of February 1, 2019. Should the early termination option be executed, the Company will be subject to a termination fee in the amount of approximately \$637,000. The Company does not expect to execute such option.

On November 1, 2011, the Company entered into a 60 month lease agreement for office space in Miami with an unrelated party. The lease expired on October 31, 2016 and the Company extended the lease until September 30, 2017 with substantially the same terms as the original lease. The Company is negotiating to extend the term of the lease until December 31, 2017.

On June 1, 2014, the Company entered into a 62 month lease agreement for office space in Los Angeles, California. The monthly rent is \$13,746 with annual increases of 3% for years 1-3 and 3.5% for the remainder of the lease. The Company is also entitled to four half months of free rent over the life of the agreement. On June 1, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement to sublease the office space in Los Angeles, California. The sublease is effective June 1, 2017 through July 31, 2019 and the Company will receive (i) \$14,891.50 per month for the first twelve months, with the first two months of rent abated and (ii) \$15,338.25 per month for the remainder of the sublease.

Future minimum annual rent payments are as follows:

Period ended June 30, 2017

July 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017	\$ 550,090
2018	1,308,209
2019	1,327,992
2020	1,433,403
2021	1,449,019
Thereafter	4,675,844
	<b>\$ 10,744,558</b>

Rent expense, including escalation charges, amounted to approximately \$576,197 and \$631,975, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

#### ***Motion Picture Industry Pension Accrual***

42West is a contributing employer to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Individual Account and Health Plans (collectively the "Plans"), two multiemployer pension funds and one multiemployer welfare fund, respectively, that are governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. The Plans intend to conduct an audit of 42West's books and records for the period June 7, 2011 through August 20, 2016 in connection with the alleged contribution obligations to the Plans. Based on a recent audit for periods prior to June 7, 2011, 42West expects that the Plan may seek to collect approximately \$300,000 in pension plan contributions, health and welfare plan contributions and union once the audit is completed. The Company believes the exposure to be probable and has recognized this liability in other current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2017.

#### **NOTE 22 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On July 1, 2017, the Company notified nine employees that they would be taken off the Company's payroll until the Company green lights a project for production.

On July 10, 2017, one of the Principal Sellers of 42 West exercised a Put Right and caused the Company to purchase 16,269 shares of Common Stock for \$75,000.

On July 18, 2017, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note agreement with an unrelated third party and received \$250,000. The note bears interest at 10% per annum and matures on July 19, 2018. The holder of the convertible note has the right to convert all or a portion of the Principal and any accrued interest into shares of common stock of the Company at price which is (i) the 90 trading-day average price per share as of the date of the Notice of Conversion or (ii) if an Eligible Offering, as defined in the agreement has occurred, 95% of the public offering share price.

On July 26, 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$250,000 to an unrelated party. The convertible promissory note (the "Note") is for a period of one year and bears interest at 10% per annum. The principal and any accrued interest of the Note are convertible by the holder at a price of either (i) 90 day average trailing trading price of the stock or (ii) if an Eligible Offering of the Company's stock (as defined in the Note) is made, 95% of the Public Offering Share price as defined in the Note.

On August 1, 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$25,000 to an unrelated party. The convertible promissory note (the "Note") is for a period of one year and bears interest at 10% per annum. The principal and any accrued interest of the Note are convertible by the holder at a price of either (i) 90 day trailing trading price of the stock or (ii) if an Eligible Offering of the Company's stock (as defined in the Note) is made, 95% of the Public Offering Share price as defined in the Note.

On August 2, 2017, the Company agreed to pay an invoice in the amount of \$28,856 using 5,771 shares of Common Stock at a price of \$5.00 per share. On August 2, 2017, the price of our stock was \$4.75. The Company recorded other income of \$1,443 on its consolidated statement of operations.

On August 4, 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$50,000 to an unrelated party. The convertible promissory note (the "Note") is for a period of one year and bears interest at 10% per annum. The principal and any accrued interest of the Note are convertible by the holder at a price of either (i) 90 day trailing trading price of the stock or (ii) if an Eligible Offering of the Company's stock (as defined in the Note) is made, 95% of the Public Offering Share price as defined in the Note.

On August 21, 2017, the Company issued 118,640 shares of Common Stock to certain employees, pursuant to the 42 West Acquisition and as part of the 2017 Plan.

## **ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

### **OVERVIEW**

We are a leading independent entertainment marketing and premium content development company. Through our recent acquisition of 42West, we provide expert strategic marketing and publicity services to all of the major film studios, and many of the leading independent and digital content providers, as well as for hundreds of A-list celebrity talent, including actors, directors, producers, recording artists, athletes and authors. The strategic acquisition of 42West brings together premium marketing services with premium content development, creating significant opportunities to serve our respective constituents more strategically and to grow and diversify our business.

On March 7, 2016, we acquired Dolphin Films, a content producer of motion pictures from DE LLC, an entity wholly owned by our President, Chairman and CEO, Mr. O'Dowd. All financial information has been retrospectively adjusted at the historical values of Dolphin Films, as the merger was between entities under common control.

On May 9, 2016, we filed Articles of Amendment to our Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Florida to effectuate a 1-to-20 reverse stock split. The reverse stock split was effective as of May 10, 2016. The reverse stock split was approved by our Board of Directors and a majority of our shareholders. Shares of Common Stock, have been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split in the following management discussion.

On June 29, 2017, we obtained the votes from our shareholder to change our name to Dolphin Entertainment, Inc., as had previously been approved by our Board of Directors.

On March 30, 2017, we acquired 42West, an entertainment public relations agency offering talent publicity, strategic communications and entertainment content marketing. As consideration for the 42West Acquisition, we paid approximately \$18.7 million in shares of Common Stock, based on the Company's 30-trading-day average stock price prior to the closing date of \$4.61 per share (less certain working capital and closing adjustments, transaction expenses and payments of indebtedness), plus the potential to earn up to an additional \$9.3 million in shares of Common Stock. As a result, (i) we issued (a) 1,230,280 shares of Common Stock on the closing date and (b) 344,550 shares of Common Stock to certain employees on April 13, 2017 (c) 100,000 shares of Common Stock as a provisional working capital adjustment to the purchase price pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement and (ii) we plan to issue (a) 118,655 shares of Common Stock as bonuses during 2017 and (b) approximately 1,961,821 shares of Common Stock on January 2, 2018. In addition, we may issue up to 1,963,126 shares of Common Stock based on the achievement of specified financial performance targets over a three-year period. Prior to its acquisition, 42West was the largest independently-owned public relations firm in the entertainment industry. Among other benefits, we anticipate that the 42West Acquisition will strengthen and complement our current digital and motion picture business, while expanding and diversifying our operations. Having marketing expertise in-house will allow Dolphin to review any prospective project's marketing potential prior to making a production commitment.

The Principal Sellers have each entered into employment agreements with us and will continue as employees of the Company for a three-year term after the closing date of the 42West Acquisition. The nonexecutive employees of 42West were retained as well. In connection with the 42West Acquisition, we granted the sellers the right, but not the obligation, to cause the Company to purchase up to an aggregate of 2,374,187 of their shares of Common Stock received as Consideration for a purchase price equal to \$4.61 per share during certain specified exercise periods up until December 2020. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the sellers exercised certain of these rights and caused the company to purchase 151,837 shares of Common Stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$700,000. On July 10, 2017, one of the sellers exercised a put right and the Company purchased 16,268 shares of Common Stock for \$75,000.

In connection with the acquisition of 42West, we acquired an estimated \$9.1 million of intangible assets and recorded approximately \$14 million of goodwill. The purchase price allocation and related consideration for the intangible assets and goodwill are provisional and subject to completion and adjustment. We amortize our intangible assets over useful lives of between 3 and 10 years. We have recorded amortization in the amount of approximately \$0.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

As a result of the 42West Acquisition, we have determined that as of the second quarter of 2017, we operate in two reportable segments, the Entertainment Publicity Division (“EPD”) and the Content Production Division (“CPD”). The EPD segment is comprised of 42West and provides clients with diversified services, including public relations, entertainment content marketing and strategic marketing consulting. CPD is comprised of Dolphin Entertainment, Dolphin Films, and Dolphin Digital Studios and specializes in the production and distribution of digital content and feature films.

### Going Concern

In the audit opinion for our financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, our independent auditors included an explanatory paragraph expressing substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern based upon our net loss for the year ended December 31, 2016, our accumulated deficit as of December 31, 2016 and our level of working capital. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties. Management is planning to raise any necessary additional funds through loans and additional sales of our Common Stock, securities convertible into our Common Stock, debt securities or a combination of such financing alternatives; however, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in raising any necessary additional loans or capital. Such issuances of additional securities would further dilute the equity interests of our existing shareholders, perhaps substantially.

### Revenues

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we derived the majority of our revenues from our recently acquired subsidiary 42West. 42West derives its revenues from providing talent publicity, strategic communications and entertainment content marketing. 42West was acquired on March 30, 2017 and, as such, the revenues reported herein are only those derived during the three months ended June 30, 2017. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from production and distribution were derived from the release of our motion picture, *Max Steel*. By contrast, during the three months ended March 31, 2016, revenues were derived from a portion of fees obtained from the sale of memberships to online kids clubs. The table below sets forth the components of revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Revenues:	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Production and distribution	34.4%	51.6%	38.6%	16.5%
Entertainment publicity	65.6%	n/a	61.4%	n/a
Membership	-	48.4%	-	83.5%
Total revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total revenues (in USD)	\$ 7,831,652	\$ 7,750	\$ 8,364,518	\$ 25,185

### Production and Distribution

#### Dolphin Digital Studios

In April of 2016, we entered into a co-production agreement to produce *Jack of all Tastes*, a digital project that showcases favorite restaurants of NFL players. The show was produced during 2016 throughout several cities in the US and we anticipate that it will be available for distribution during the fourth quarter of 2017. We are currently sourcing distribution platforms in which to release projects currently in production and those for which we have the rights and which we intend to produce. We earn production and online distribution revenue solely through the following:

**Producer’s Fees:** We earn fees for producing each web series, as included in the production budget for each project. We either recognize producer’s fees on a percentage of completion or a completed contract basis depending on the terms of the producer agreements, which we negotiate on a project by project basis. During 2016, we began production of our new web series but it had not been completed as of June 30, 2017. In addition, we concentrated our efforts in identifying potential distribution partners.

Initial Distribution/Advertising Revenue: We earn revenues from the distribution of online content on Ad-based video-on-demand (“AVOD”) platforms. Distribution agreements contain revenue sharing provisions which permit the producer to retain a percentage of all domestic and international advertising revenue generated from the online distribution of a particular web series. Typically, these rates range from 30% to 45% of such revenue. We have previously distributed our productions on various online platforms including Yahoo! and Facebook and Hulu. No revenues from this source have been derived during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Secondary Distribution Revenue: Once our contractual obligation with the initial online distribution platform expires, we have the ability to derive revenues from distributions of the web series in ancillary markets such as digital-video-disc (“DVD”), television and subscription-video-on-demand (“SVOD”). No revenues from this source have been derived during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. We intend to source potential secondary distribution partners for our web series, *South Beach - Fever*, that was released in 2015, once our agreement with the initial distributor expires.

### **Dolphin Films**

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we derived revenues from Dolphin Films primarily through the domestic and international distribution of our motion picture *Max Steel*.

The production of the motion picture *Max Steel* was completed during 2015 and released in the United States on October 14, 2016. The motion picture did not perform as well as expected domestically but we have secured approximately \$8.2 million in international distribution agreements. Unamortized film costs are to be tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the fair value of the film may be less than its unamortized costs. We determined that *Max Steel's* domestic performance was an indicator that the capitalized production costs may need to be impaired. We used a discounted cash flow model to help determine the fair value of the capitalized production costs and determined that the carrying value of the capitalized production costs were below the fair value and recorded an impairment of \$2 million during 2016.

Revenues from the motion picture *Max Steel*, were, and are expected to be generated from the following sources:

- Theatrical – Theatrical revenues were derived from the domestic theatrical release of motion pictures licensed to a U.S. theatrical distributor that has existing agreements with theatrical exhibitors. The financial terms negotiated with its U.S. theatrical distributor provide that we receive a percentage of the box office results, after related distribution fees.
- International – International revenues were and are expected to be derived through license agreements with international distributors to distribute our motion pictures in an agreed upon territory for an agreed upon time. Several of the international distribution agreements were contingent on a domestic wide release that occurred on October 14, 2016.
- Other – Dolphin Films' U.S. theatrical distributor has existing output arrangements for the distribution of productions to home entertainment, video-on-demand (“VOD”), pay-per-view (“PPV”), electronic-sell-through (“EST”), SVOD and free and pay television markets. The revenues expected to be derived from these channels are based on the performance of the motion picture in the domestic box office. We anticipate the revenues from these channels will be received in 2017 and thereafter.

Our ability to receive additional revenues from *Max Steel* will depend on our ability to repay our loans under our production service agreement and prints and advertising loan agreement. We do not currently have sufficient funds to repay such loans when they become due. If we are unable to repay such loans when they become due, we will lose our copyright to the film and will no longer receive revenues related to *Max Steel*. For a discussion of the terms of such agreements, see “Liquidity and Capital Resources” below.

### **Project Development and Related Services**

We have a development team that dedicates a portion of its time and resources to sourcing scripts for future developments. The scripts can be for either digital or motion picture productions. During 2015 and 2016, we acquired the rights to certain scripts, one that we intend to produce in the fourth quarter of 2017 and the others in 2018. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we acquired the rights to a book from which we intend to develop a script and produce in 2018. We have not yet determined if these projects would be produced for digital or theatrical distribution.

## **Entertainment publicity**

Our revenue is directly impacted by the retention and spending levels of existing clients and by our ability to win new clients. We have a stable client base and continue to grow organically through referrals and actively soliciting new business. Our revenues are primarily earned from three sources:

**Talent Publicity** – We earn fees from creating and implementing strategic communication campaigns for performers and entertainers, including television and film stars, recording artists, authors, models, athletes, and theater actors. Our talent roster includes Oscar- and Emmy-winning actors and Grammy-winning singers and musicians and New York Times best-selling authors. Our services in this area include ongoing strategic counsel, media relations, studio, network, charity, corporate liaison and event and tour support. Many of our clients have been with 42West since it was founded in 2004. Our services may be ongoing or related to a specific project that our talent is associated with.

**Entertainment Content Marketing** – We earn fees from providing marketing direction, public relations counsel and media strategy for productions (including theatrical films, DVD and VOD releases, television programs, and online series) as well as content producers ranging from individual filmmakers and creative artists to production companies, film financiers, DVD distributors, and other entities. Our capabilities include worldwide studio releases, independent films, television programming and web productions. In addition, we provide entertainment marketing services in connection with film festivals, awards campaigns, event publicity and red carpet management. As part of our services we offer marketing and publicity services that are tailored to reach diverse audiences. Our clients for this type of service may include major studios and independent producers for whom they create strategic multicultural marketing campaigns and provide strategic guidance aimed at reaching diverse audiences.

**Strategic Communication** – We earn fees through our strategic communications team by advising high-profile individuals and companies faced with sensitive situations or looking to raise, reposition, or rehabilitate their public profiles. We also help studios and filmmakers deal with controversial movies.

Much of our team's activities involve orchestrating high-stakes communications campaigns in response to sensitive, complex situations. We also help companies define objectives, develop messaging, create brand identities, and construct long-term strategies to achieve specific goals, as well as manage functions such as media relations or internal communications on a day-to-day basis. Our strategic communications team focuses on strategic communications counsel, corporate positioning, brand enhancement, media relations, reputation and issues management, litigation support and crisis management and communications. Our clients include major studios and production companies, record labels, sports franchises, media conglomerates, technology companies, philanthropic organizations, talent guilds, and trade associations as well as a wide variety of high-profile individuals, ranging from major movie and pop stars to top executives and entrepreneurs.

## **Membership**

### ***Online Kids Clubs***

We partnered with US Youth Soccer, in 2012, and United Way Worldwide, in 2013, to create online kids clubs. Our online kids clubs derive revenue from the sale of memberships in the online kids clubs to various individuals and organizations. We shared in a portion of the membership fees as outlined in our agreements with the respective entities. During 2016, we terminated, by mutual accord the agreement with United Way Worldwide. We have retained the trademark to the online kids club and will continue to operate the site. Pursuant to the terms of our agreement with US Youth Soccer, we notified them that we did not intend to renew our agreement that terminated on February 1, 2017. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2017 we did not derive any revenues from the online kids clubs. During the three and six months ended June 30 2016, we recorded \$0.01 million and \$0.02 million of revenues from the online kids clubs. We operate our online kids club activities through our subsidiary, Dolphin Kids Clubs, LLC ("Dolphin Kids Clubs"). During the six months ended June 30, 2017, management decided to discontinue the online kids clubs at the end of this year to dedicate a majority of our time and resources to the entertainment publicity business and the production of feature films and digital content.

## Expenses

Our expenses consist primarily of (1) direct costs, (2) distribution and marketing (3) selling, general and administrative expenses (4) legal and professional fees and (5) payroll expenses.

Direct costs include certain cost of services related to our entertainment publicity business, amortization of deferred production costs, impairment of deferred production costs, and other costs associated with production. Included within direct costs are immaterial impairments for any of our projects. Capitalized production costs are recorded at the lower of their cost, less accumulated amortization and tax incentives, or fair value. If estimated remaining revenue is not sufficient to recover the unamortized capitalized production costs for that title, the unamortized capitalized production costs will be written down to fair value.

Distribution and marketing expenses include distributor fees to distribute the feature film, residuals and other costs associated with the distribution of our feature films. Residuals represent amounts payable to various unions or "guilds" such as the Screen Actors Guild, Directors Guild of America, and Writers Guild of America, based on the performance of the digital production in certain ancillary markets.

Selling, general and administrative expenses include all overhead costs except for payroll and legal and professional fees which are reported as a separate expense item.

Legal and professional fees include fees paid to our attorneys, fees for investor relations consultants, audit and accounting fees and fees for general business consultants.

Payroll expenses include wages, payroll taxes and employee benefits.

## Other Income and Expenses

Other income and expenses consist primarily of (i) interest payments to DE LLC, an entity owned by our CEO, in connection with loans made to the Company; (ii) interest payments related to the Loan and Security Agreements entered into to finance the production of certain digital content and motion pictures (iii) loss on extinguishment of debt (iv) amortization of loan fees, (v) changes in the fair value of warrant liabilities (vi) change in fair value of put rights (vii) change in fair value of contingent consideration and (viii) loss from disposal of furniture, office equipment and leasehold improvements.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### Revenues

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we derived the majority of our revenues from our recently acquired subsidiary 42West. 42West was acquired on March 30, 2017 and, as such, the revenues reported herein are only those derived during the three months ended June 30, 2017. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from production and distribution were derived from the release of our motion picture, *Max Steel*. By contrast, during the three months ended March 31, 2016, revenues were derived from a portion of fees obtained from the sale of memberships to online kids clubs. The table below sets forth the components of revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Revenues:	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Production and distribution	\$ 2,694,096	\$ 4,000	\$ 3,226,962	\$ 4,157
Entertainment publicity	5,137,556	n/a	5,137,556	n/a
Membership	-	3,750	-	21,028
Total revenues (in USD)	<u>\$ 7,831,652</u>	<u>\$ 7,750</u>	<u>\$ 8,364,518</u>	<u>\$ 25,185</u>

Revenues from production and distribution increased by \$2.7 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same quarter in the prior year primarily due to the revenue generated by the domestic (including theatrical and home entertainment) and international distribution of *Max Steel*.

Membership revenues decreased by \$0.02 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in prior year mainly due to promotional efforts made by a consultant that we hired to promote Club Connect. That consultant is no longer providing services to the Company and we have decided to discontinue the online kids clubs and concentrate our efforts on entertainment publicity and production and distribution of feature film and digital content.

### Expenses

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, our primary operating expenses were (i) direct costs, (ii) distribution and marketing (iii) selling, general and administrative expenses, (iv) legal and professional fees and (v) payroll expenses. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, our primary operating expenses were (i) selling, general and administrative expenses, (ii) legal and professional fees and (iii) payroll expenses. Expenses of our newly acquired subsidiary, 42West are only for the three month period (April 1, 2017 – June 30, 2017) subsequent to the acquisition on March 30.

Expenses:	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Direct costs	\$ 2,070,529	\$ -	\$ 2,500,772	\$ 2,429
Distribution and marketing	559,210	-	629,493	-
Selling, general and administrative	1,020,807	523,014	1,213,400	562,576
Payroll	3,466,157	363,756	3,802,511	751,202
Legal and professional	621,369	394,358	997,434	967,531
Total expenses	<u>\$ 7,738,072</u>	<u>\$ 1,281,128</u>	<u>\$ 9,143,610</u>	<u>\$ 2,238,738</u>

Direct costs increased by approximately \$2.0 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in the prior year, mainly due to (i) the amortization of capitalized production costs related to the revenues earned from our motion picture, *Max Steel* and (ii) approximately \$0.4 million of cost of services attributed to 42West.

Distribution and marketing expenses increased by approximately \$0.6 million for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in prior years due to expenses, such as distributor fees and residuals, related to the distribution of *Max Steel*.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same quarter in the prior year. For each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, approximately \$0.8 million of selling, general and administrative expenses are attributable to 42West, which were offset by a decrease of \$0.3 million in the same period in the prior year primarily attributable to (i) a charitable contribution of \$0.1 million made during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and (ii) selling costs for *Max Steel* of \$0.2 million prior to its release. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in the prior year, there was a decrease of \$0.1 million primarily due to a charitable contribution made during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

Legal and professional expenses increased by approximately \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to (i) fees paid for due diligence work related to financing that was later abandoned (ii) fees paid for consulting related to accounting treatment of certain transactions and (iii) increase in audit-related fees.

Payroll expenses increased by approximately \$3.1 million for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same periods in prior years. For each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, approximately \$3.1 million of payroll expenses are attributable to 42West, which were offset by a decrease of approximately \$0.1 million in payroll expenses, as compared to the same periods in the prior year, primarily due to a reduction of headcount during the second quarter of 2016.

#### Other Income and expenses

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
<b>Other (Income) Expense:</b>				
Other (income) and expenses	\$ 16,000	\$ -	\$ 16,000	\$ (9,660)
Amortization of intangible assets	249,333	-	249,333	-
Loss on extinguishment of debt	4,167	4,652,443	4,167	5,843,811
Loss on disposal of furniture, office equipment and leasehold improvements	28,025	-	28,025	-
Acquisition costs	207,564	-	745,272	-
Change in fair value of warrant liability	533,812	-	(6,289,513)	-
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	116,000	-	116,000	-
Change in fair value of put rights	100,000	-	100,000	-
Interest expense	396,864	1,778,111	849,001	3,155,076
Other Income/expense	<u>\$ 1,651,765</u>	<u>\$ 6,430,554</u>	<u>\$ (4,181,715)</u>	<u>\$ 8,989,227</u>

As a result of our acquisition of 42West, we recognized certain intangible assets from our trade name and client relationships. On each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we amortized \$249,333 of intangible assets based on useful lives estimated to be between 3 and 10 years.

Interest expense decreased by approximately \$1.3 million and \$2.3 million, respectively for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in the prior year and was directly related to extinguishment of the First Loan and Security Agreements, the Second Loan and Security Agreements and the Web Series Loan and Security Agreements during 2016.

Change in fair value of warrant liability decreased by approximately \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016 and increased by approximately \$6.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016 due to warrants that were issued in the fourth quarter of 2016 that were accounted for as derivative liabilities. We recorded the warrants at their fair value on the date of issuance and will record any changes to fair value at each balance sheet date on our consolidated statements of operation.

Loss on extinguishment of debt decreased by approximately \$4.6 million and \$5.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in prior year as a result of extinguishment of certain debt of the Company. On March 29, 2016, we entered into ten individual subscription agreements with each of ten subscribers. The subscribers were holders of outstanding promissory notes issued pursuant to loan and security agreements. Pursuant to the terms of the subscription agreements, we agreed to convert \$2,883,377 aggregate amount of principal and interest outstanding under the notes into an aggregate of 576,676 shares of Common Stock at \$5.00 per share as payment in full of each of the notes. On the date of the conversion, our market price was \$6.00 per share and we recorded a loss on the extinguishment of the debt of \$576,676 on our condensed consolidated statement of operations.

In addition, on March 4, 2016, we entered into a subscription agreement with DE LLC. Pursuant to the terms of the subscription agreement, we agreed to convert \$3,073,410 of principal and interest outstanding on a revolving promissory note into 614,682 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share. On the date of conversion, our market price was \$6.00 per share and we recorded a loss on the extinguishment of the debt of \$614,682 on our condensed consolidated statement of operations.

On May 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Company entered into thirteen individual debt exchange agreements with parties to loan and security agreements under which it issued promissory notes to each of the parties. Pursuant to the debt exchange agreements, the Company agreed to convert an aggregate \$17,551,480 in principal and accrued interest under the promissory notes into an aggregate of 3,510,296 shares of Common Stock at a price of \$5.00 per share as payment in full of each of the promissory notes. On May 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the market price per share of Common Stock was \$6.99 and \$6.08, respectively. As a result, the Company recorded a loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$4,652,453 on its condensed consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

We incurred approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million of legal, consulting and auditing costs related to the acquisition of 42West during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Net Income (Loss)**

Net loss was approximately \$1.5 million or \$(0.08) per share based on 18,672,778 weighted average shares on both basic and fully diluted basis for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and net income was approximately \$3.4 million or \$0.21 per share based on 16,586,685 weighted average shares outstanding and \$(0.15) per share on a fully diluted basis based on 19,085,691 weighted average shares for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Net loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was approximately \$7.7 million or \$(1.76) per share based on 7,340,942 weighted average shares and \$11.2 million or \$(2.72) based on 6,050,896 weighted average shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. Net income and losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were related to the factors discussed above.

#### **LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

##### **Cash Flows**

Cash flows provided by operating activities increased by approximately \$5.0 million from approximately \$(2.3) million used for operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 to approximately \$2.7 million provided by operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017. This increase was primarily due to (i) \$2.1 million of production tax incentives received (ii) approximately \$2 million received from accounts receivable related to *Max Steel* and (iii) cash flows provided by 42West.

Cash flows from investing activities increased by approximately \$1.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the same period in prior years primarily due to restricted cash that became available and was used to pay a portion of our debt.

Cash flows used for financing activities increased by approximately \$8.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 from approximately \$4.8 million provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 to approximately \$3.5 million used for financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017 mainly due to (i) approximately \$5.8 million used to repay the debt related to the production, distribution and marketing loans for *Max Steel*, (ii) \$0.7 million used to pay the Put Rights exercised by the sellers of 42West and (iii) \$0.5 million repaid to our CEO for advances made to the Company for working capital. In addition, we raised a net of \$1.3 million more through the sale of our common stock during the six months ended June 30, 2016 than through various financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, we had cash available for working capital of approximately \$1.0 million and approximately \$4.9 million, respectively, and a working capital deficit of approximately \$18.5 million and approximately \$21.1 million, respectively.

As previously discussed, in connection with the 42West Acquisition, we may be required to purchase from the sellers up to an aggregate of 2,374,187 of their shares of Common Stock at a price equal to \$4.61 per share during certain specified exercise periods up until December 2020. Of that amount we may be required to purchase up to 455,531 shares in 2017, for an aggregate of up to \$3.1 million. On April 14, 2017 and June 1, 2017, the sellers of 42West, exercised put options in the aggregate amount of 151,837 shares of Common Stock and were paid an aggregate total of \$0.7 million.

These factors, along with an accumulated deficit of approximately \$96.4 million, raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties. In this regard, management is planning to raise any necessary additional funds through loans and additional issuances of our Common Stock, securities convertible into our Common Stock, debt securities or a combination of such financing alternatives. There is no assurance that we will be successful in raising additional capital. Such issuances of additional securities would further dilute the equity interests of our existing shareholders, perhaps substantially. We currently have the rights to several scripts that we intend to obtain financing to produce during 2017 and 2018 and release during 2018. We will potentially earn a producer and overhead fee for each of these productions. There can be no assurances that such productions will be released or fees will be realized in future periods. We expect to begin to generate cash flows from our other sources of revenue, including the distribution of at least one web series that, as discussed earlier has gone into production. With the acquisition of 42West, we are currently exploring opportunities to expand the services currently being offered by 42West to the entertainment community. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in selling these services to clients.

In addition, we have a substantial amount of debt. We do not currently have sufficient assets to repay such debt in full when due, and our available cash flow may not be adequate to maintain our current operations if we are unable to repay, extend or refinance such indebtedness. As of June 30, 2017, our total debt was approximately \$20.6 million and our total stockholders' deficit was approximately \$2.9 million. Approximately \$4.0 million of the total debt as of June 30, 2017 represents the fair value of put options in connection with the 42West acquisition, which may or may not be exercised by the sellers. Although there is no recourse to our company other than the copyright of our film, Max Steel, with respect to approximately \$12.9 million of our current indebtedness (\$9.7 outstanding under the prints and advertising loan agreement plus \$3.2 million outstanding under the production service agreement), we will no longer receive any revenues from Max Steel if we lose the copyright.

If we are not able to generate sufficient cash to service our current or future indebtedness, we will be forced to take actions such as reducing or delaying digital or film productions, selling assets, restructuring or refinancing our indebtedness or seeking additional debt or equity capital or bankruptcy protection. We may not be able to effect any of these remedies on satisfactory terms or at all and our indebtedness may affect our ability to continue to operate as a going concern.

## **Financing Arrangements**

### **Prints and Advertising Loan**

On August 12, 2016, Dolphin Max Steel Holding, LLC, ("Max Steel Holdings") a wholly owned subsidiary of Dolphin Films, entered into a loan and security agreement (the "P&A Loan") providing for a \$14.5 million non-revolving credit facility that matures on August 25, 2017. The loan is not secured by any other Dolphin entity and the only asset held by Max Steel Holdings is the copyright for the motion picture. The proceeds of the credit facility were used to pay a portion of the print and advertising expenses of the domestic distribution of our feature film, Max Steel. To secure Max Steel Holding's obligations under the Loan and Security Agreement, we granted to the lender a security interest in bank account funds totaling \$1,250,000 pledged as collateral. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we agreed to allow the lender to apply the \$1,250,000 to the loan balance. The loan is partially secured by a \$4.5 million corporate guaranty from a party associated with the motion picture, of which Dolphin has agreed to backstop \$620,000. The lender has retained a reserve of \$1.5 million for loan fees and interest (the "Reserve"). Amounts borrowed under the credit facility accrue interest at either (i) a fluctuating per annum rate equal to the 5.5% plus a base rate or (ii) a per annum rate equal to 6.5% plus the LIBOR determined for the applicable interest period. As June 30, 2017, we had an outstanding balance of \$9,688,855, including the Reserve, related to this agreement recorded on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. On our condensed consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2017, we recorded (i) interest expense of \$425,472 related to the P&A Loan and (ii) \$500,000 in direct costs from loan proceeds that were not used by the distributor for the marketing of the film and returned to the lender.

## **Production Service Agreement**

During 2014, we entered into a financing deal in the amount of \$10.4 million to produce Max Steel. The loan is partially secured by international distribution agreements made prior to the commencement of principal photography and tax incentives. The agreement contains repayment milestones to be made during the year ended December 31, 2015, that if not met, accrue interest at a default rate of 8.5% per annum above the published base rate of HSBC. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement and due to delays in the release of the film, we have accrued \$1.1 million of interest. The film was released October 14, 2016 and delivery to the international distributors has begun. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and during the year ended December 31, 2016, an aggregate of \$3.0 million and \$4.2 million was received from the international distributors and tax incentives from the jurisdiction in which a portion of the film was produced. As of June 30, 2017, we had an outstanding balance of \$3,203,689, related to this debt on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

## **42West Line of Credit**

In 2008, 42West entered into a revolving line of credit with City National Bank, (the "Line of Credit") which matures on August 31, 2017. We are negotiating an extension of the line of credit and anticipate being able to renew at substantially the same terms. The purpose of the Line of Credit was to provide 42West with working capital as needed from time to time. The maximum amount that can be drawn on the Line of Credit is \$1,500,000. The Line of Credit bears interest computed as the greatest of (a) three and one half percent per year or (b) the prime rate of City National Bank less one quarter of one percent, provided that the rate per annum never exceeds 16%. On April 27, 2017, we drew an additional \$0.3 million from the Line of Credit to be used for working capital. The balance as of June 30, 2017 was \$0.7 million.

## **Promissory Notes**

On April 10, 2017, we signed two separate promissory notes, one in the amount of \$100,000 and the other in the amount of \$200,000 that mature on October 10, 2017. On April 18, 2017, we signed a promissory note in the amount of \$250,000 that matures on October 18, 2017. On June 14, 2017, we signed a promissory note in the amount of \$400,000. The note is for a two year term with no prepayment penalty after the first six months. Each of the promissory notes bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum, payable in 30-day installments after the execution of the promissory notes. The proceeds of these promissory notes were used for working capital.

## **Convertible Debt**

On July 18, 2017, we entered into a convertible promissory note agreement and received \$250,000. The note bears interest at 10% per annum and matures on July 19, 2018. The holder of the convertible note has the right to convert all or a portion of the Principal and any accrued interest into shares of common stock of the Company at price which is (i) the 90 trading-day average price per share as of the date of the Notice of Conversion or (ii) if an Eligible Offering, as defined in the agreement has occurred, 95% of the public offering share price.

On July 26, 2017, we entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$250,000 to an unrelated party. On August 1, 2017, we entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$25,000 to an unrelated party. On August 4, 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$50,000 to an unrelated party. Each of the convertible promissory notes (the "Notes") is for a period of one year and bear interest at 10% per annum. The principal and any accrued interest of the Notes is convertible by the holder at a price of either (i) 90 day trailing trading price of the stock or (ii) if an Eligible Offering of the Company's stock (as defined in the Notes) is made, 95% of the Public Offering Share price as defined in the Note.

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

See "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in the Notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements presented herein and our current annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 for discussion of significant accounting policies, recent accounting pronouncements and their effect, if any, on the Company. These policies, along with the following new policies adopted during the six months ended June 30, 2017, have been followed for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

### Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company's trade accounts receivable are recorded at amounts billed to customers, and presented on the balance sheet net of the allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is determined by various factors, including the age of the receivables, current economic conditions, historical losses and other information management obtains regarding the financial condition of customers. The policy for determining the past due status of receivables is based on how recently payments have been received. Receivables are charged off when they are deemed uncollectible.

### Revenue Recognition

Publicity revenue consists of fees from the performance of professional services and billings for direct costs reimbursed by clients. Fees are generally recognized on a straight-line or monthly basis which approximates the proportional performance

### Investment

Investment represents an investment in equity securities of The Virtual Reality Company ("VRC"). The Company's \$220,000 investment in VRC represents less than 1% noncontrolling ownership interest in VRC. Accordingly, the Company accounts for its investment under the cost method. Under the cost method, the investor's share of earnings or losses is not included in the balance sheet or statement of operations. The net accumulated earnings of the investee subsequent to the date of investment are recognized by the investor only to the extent distributed by the investee as dividends. However, impairment charges are recognized in the statement of operations, if factors come to our attention that indicate that a decrease in value of the investment has occurred that is other than temporary.

### Deferred Landlord Reimbursement

Deferred landlord reimbursement represents the landlord's reimbursement for tenant improvements of one of the Company's office spaces. Such amount is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

### Intangible assets

In connection with the acquisition of 42West that occurred on March 30, 2017, the Company acquired an estimated \$9,110,000 of intangible assets with finite useful lives initially estimated to range from 3 to 10 years. As indicated in note 4, the purchase price allocation and related consideration are provisional and subject to completion and adjustment. Intangible assets are initially recorded at fair value and are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives and reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable.

### Goodwill

In connection with the acquisition of 42West that occurred on March 30, 2017 (note 4), the Company recorded \$13,996,337 of goodwill, which management has assigned to the Entertainment Publicity reporting unit. As indicated in note 4, the purchase price allocation and related consideration are provisional and subject to completion and adjustment. During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, the Company adjusted goodwill in the amount of \$340,582 to record the issuance of 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock related to a working capital adjustment, as provided for in the purchase agreement and adjust the fair value of certain liabilities as of the acquisition date. The Company accounts for goodwill in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification No. 350, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other ("ASC 350"). ASC 350 requires goodwill to be reviewed for impairment annually, or more frequently if circumstances indicate a possible impairment. The Company evaluates goodwill in the fourth quarter or more frequently if management believes indicators of impairment exist. Such indicators could include, but are not limited to (1) a significant adverse change in legal factors or in business climate, (2) unanticipated competition, or (3) an adverse action or assessment by a regulator.

The Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, including goodwill. If management concludes that it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, management conducts a two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. The first step of the impairment test involves comparing the fair value of the reporting unit with its carrying value (including goodwill). The Company estimates the fair values of its reporting units using a combination of the income, or discounted cash flows approach and the market approach, which utilizes comparable companies' data. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, step two does not need to be performed. If the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an indication of goodwill impairment exists for the reporting unit, and the Company must perform step two of the impairment test (measurement).

Under step two, an impairment loss is recognized for any excess of the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill over the implied fair value of that goodwill. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined by allocating the fair value of the reporting unit in a manner similar to a purchase price allocation in acquisition accounting. The residual fair value after this allocation is the implied fair value of the reporting unit goodwill. To the extent that the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, an impairment loss would be recorded

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1, Basis of Presentation and Recent Accounting Pronouncements, of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of this report.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2017, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

## Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Form 10-Q constitute “forward-looking” statements for purposes of federal and state securities laws. These statements concern expectations, beliefs, projections, plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends and similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. Such forward-looking statements include:

- our expectations regarding the potential benefits and synergies we can derive from the 42West Acquisition;
- our ability to generate new revenue streams through our new subsidiary, 42West;
- our expectations concerning our ability to derive future cash flows and revenues from the production, release and advertising of future web series on online platforms, and the timing of receipt of such cash flows and revenues;
- our expectations concerning the timing of production and distribution of a digital project showcasing favorite restaurants of NFL players, as well as future feature films and digital projects;
- our intention to source potential secondary distribution partners for our web series, *South Beach – Fever*, and to enter into distribution agreements for future digital productions;
- our expectation that we will receive revenues from our motion picture, *Max Steel* from (i) international revenues expected to be derived through license agreements with international distributors and (ii) other secondary distribution revenues;
- our intention to use our purchased scripts for future motion picture and digital productions;
- our expectations to raise funds through sales of our Common Stock;
- our intention to borrow funds from our CEO, private investors and other lenders to produce our digital and motion picture projects;
- our beliefs regarding the merits of claims asserted in the class action against 42West and other defendants and our defenses against such claims;
- our intention to implement improvements to address material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting; and
- our expectations concerning the impact of recent Accounting Standards Updates on our financial position or results of operations.

These forward-looking statements reflect our current views about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. We wish to caution readers that certain important factors may have affected and could in the future affect our actual results and could cause actual results to differ significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statement. The most important factors that could prevent us from achieving our goals, and cause the assumptions underlying forward-looking statements and the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by those forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

- our inability to realize the anticipated benefits of the 42West Acquisition, including synergies, expanded service offerings and increased revenues;

- adverse trends and changes in the entertainment industry that could negatively impact 42West's operations and ability to generate revenues;
- unpredictability of the commercial success of our current and future web series and motion pictures;
- economic factors that adversely impact the entertainment industry, as well as advertising, production and distribution revenue in the online and motion picture industries;
- our ability to identify, produce and develop online digital entertainment and motion pictures that meet industry and customer demand;
- competition for talent and other resources within the industry and our ability to enter into agreements with talent under favorable terms;
- our ability to attract and retain the highly specialized services of the 42West executives and employees;
- availability of financing from our CEO and other investors under favorable terms to fund our digital and motion picture projects;
- our ability to adequately address material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting;
- uncertainties regarding the outcome of pending litigation; and
- our ability to accurately predict the impact of recent Accounting Standards Updates on our financial position or results of operations.

Any forward-looking statements, which we make in this Form 10-Q, speak only as of the date of such statement, and we undertake no obligation to update such statements. Comparisons of results for current and any prior periods are not intended to express any future trends or indications of future performance, unless expressed as such, and should only be viewed as historical data. The safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 do not apply to our forward-looking statements as a result of being a penny stock issuer.

#### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

##### **Management's Report on the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

We carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of June 30, 2017. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to material weaknesses disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on April 17, 2017, which have not been fully remediated as of the date of the filing of this report.

## Remediation of Material Weaknesses in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In order to remediate the other material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting, we are in the process of finalizing a remediation plan, under the direction of our Board of Directors, and intend to implement improvements during fiscal year 2017 as follows:

- Our Board of Directors will review the COSO "Internal Control over Financial Reporting - Guidance for Smaller Public Companies" that was published in 2006 including the control environment, risk assessment, control activities, information and communication and monitoring. Based on this framework, the Board of Directors will implement controls as needed assuming a cost benefit relationship. In addition, our Board of Directors will also evaluate the key concepts of the updated 2013 COSO "Internal Control – Integrated Framework" as it provides a means to apply internal control to any type of entity
- Document all significant accounting policies and ensure that the accounting policies are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. and that internal controls are designed effectively to ensure that the financial information is properly reported. Management will engage independent accounting specialists, if necessary, to ensure that there is an independent verification of the accounting positions taken.
- We will implement a higher standard for document retention and support for all items related to revenue recognition. All revenue arrangements that are entered into by us will be evaluated under the applicable revenue guidance and management should document their position based on the facts and circumstances of each agreement.
- In connection with the reported inadequately documented review and approval of certain aspects of the accounting process, management has plans to assess the current review and approval processes and implement changes to ensure that all material agreements, accounting reconciliations and journal entries are reviewed and approved on a timely basis and that this review process is documented by a member of management separate from the preparer. A documented quarter end close procedure will be established whereby management will review and approve reconciliations and journal entries. Management will formally approve new vendors that are added to the master vendor file.
- In connection with the reported inadequate segregation of duties, management intends to hire additional personnel in the Accounting and Finance area. This will allow for adequate segregation of duties in performing the accounting processes.

## Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During our last fiscal quarter there were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect such internal controls over financial reporting.

## PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

A putative class action was filed on May 5, 2017, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida by Kenneth and Emily Reel on behalf of a purported nationwide class of individuals who attended the Fyre Music Festival, or the Fyre Festival, in the Bahamas on April 28-30, 2017. The complaint names several defendants, including 42West, along with the organizers of the Fyre Festival, Fyre Media Inc. and Fyre Festival LLC, individuals related to Fyre, and another entity called Matte Projects LLC. The complaint alleges that the Fyre Festival was promoted by Fyre as a luxurious experience through an extensive marketing campaign orchestrated by Fyre and executed with the assistance of outside marketing companies, 42West and Matte, but that the reality of the festival did not live up to the luxury experience that it was represented to be. The plaintiffs assert claims for fraud, negligent misrepresentation and for violation of several states' consumer protection laws. The plaintiffs seek to certify a nationwide class action comprised of "All persons or entities that purchased a Fyre Festival 2017 ticket or package or that attended, or planned to attend, Fyre Festival 2017" and seek damages in excess of \$5,000,000 on behalf of themselves and the class. The plaintiffs sought to consolidate this action with five other class actions also arising out of the Fyre Festival (to which 42West is not a party) in a Multi District Litigation proceeding, which request was denied by the panel. We believe the claims against 42West are without merit and that we have strong defenses to the claims.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

A description of the risk factors associated with our business is contained in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 filed with the SEC on April 17, 2017 (the "Form 10-K") and below:

***We currently have substantial indebtedness which may adversely affect our cash flow and business operations and may affect our ability to continue to operate as a going concern.***

We currently have a substantial amount of debt. We do not currently have sufficient assets to repay such debt in full when due, and our available cash flow may not be adequate to maintain our current operations if we are unable to repay, extend or refinance such indebtedness. The table below sets forth our total principal amount of debt and stockholders' equity as of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2017. Approximately \$4 million of the total debt as of June 30, 2017 represents the fair value of the put options in connection with the 42West acquisition, which may or may not be exercised by the sellers. Although there is no recourse to our company other than the copyright of our film, *Max Steel*, with respect to approximately \$12.9 million of our current indebtedness (\$9.7 million outstanding under the prints and advertising loan agreement plus \$3.2 million outstanding under the production service agreement), we will no longer receive any revenues from *Max Steel* if we lose the copyright.

	As of December 31, 2016	As of June 30 31, 2017
Related party debt	\$ (684,326)	\$ (1,818,659)
Total Debt (including related party debt)	\$ (19,727,395)	\$ (20,611,203)
Total Stockholders' Deficit	\$ (31,867,797)	\$ (3,024,560)

Our indebtedness could have important negative consequences, including:

- our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, capital expenditures, future productions or other purposes may be impaired or such financing may not be available on favorable terms or at all;
- we may have to pay higher interest rates upon obtaining future financing, thereby reducing our cash flows; and
- we may need a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to make principal and interest payments on our indebtedness, reducing the funds that would otherwise be available for operations and future business opportunities.

Our ability to service our indebtedness will depend upon, among other things, our future financial and operating performance and our ability to obtain additional financing, which will be affected by prevailing economic conditions, the profitability of our entertainment production and entertainment marketing and public relations businesses and other factors contained in the *Risk Factors* included in the Form 10-K, some of which are beyond our control.

If we are not able to generate sufficient cash to service our current or future indebtedness, we will be forced to take actions such as reducing or delaying digital or film productions, selling assets, restructuring or refinancing our indebtedness or seeking additional debt or equity capital or bankruptcy protection. We may not be able to effect any of these remedies on satisfactory terms or at all and our indebtedness may affect our ability to continue to operate as a going concern.

***Litigation or legal proceedings could expose us to significant liabilities and jeopardize our ability to continue as a going concern.***

We are, and in the future may become, party to litigation claims and legal proceedings. For example, 42West was named as one of the defendants in a putative class action alleging fraudulent misrepresentation, negligent misrepresentation, fraud in the inducement, breach of contract, and violation of various state consumer protection laws. The putative class action, which was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida on May 5, 2017, alleged that 42West and the other defendants made false and misleading representations in promoting the "Fyre Festival", which did not live up to the luxury experience that it was represented to be. The plaintiffs seek to certify a nationwide class action and seek damages in excess of \$5,000,000 on behalf of themselves and the class. If the defendants are found liable for the alleged violations, 42West could be required to pay substantial amounts towards such damages. In addition, a class action lawsuit would require significant management time and attention and would result in significant legal expenses. Although we have insurance in case such claims arise, it may not apply to or fully cover any liabilities we may incur as a result of such claims. While we believe the claims against 42West are without merit, regardless of the merit or ultimate results of any litigation, such claims could divert management's attention and resources from our business, and would result in substantial costs, which could harm our financial condition and results of operations and jeopardize our ability to continue as a going concern.

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

### Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

On April 13, 2017, the Company issued 6,508 shares of Common Stock to a consultant for services rendered during the month ended March 31, 2017. The shares were issued at a purchase price of \$4.61 per share.

On April 13, 2017, T Squared partially exercised Class E Warrants and acquired 325,770 shares of our Common Stock pursuant to the cashless exercise provision in the related warrant agreement. T Squared had previously paid down \$1,675,000 for these shares.

On July 18, 2017, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note agreement with an unrelated third party and received \$250,000. The note bears interest at 10% per annum and matures on July 19, 2018. The holder of the convertible note has the right to convert all or a portion of the Principal and any accrued interest into shares of Common Stock of the Company at price which is (i) the 90 trading-day average price per share as of the date of the Notice of Conversion or (ii) if an Eligible Offering, as defined in the agreement has occurred, 95% of the public offering share price.

On July 26, 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$250,000 to an unrelated party. The convertible promissory note is for a period of one year and bears interest at 10% per annum. The principal and any accrued interest of the promissory note are convertible by the holder at a price of either (i) 90 day trailing trading price of the stock or (ii) if an Eligible Offering of the Common Stock (as defined in the promissory note) is made, 95% of the Public Offering Share price as defined in the promissory note.

On August 1, 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$25,000 to an unrelated party. The convertible promissory note is for a period of one year and bears interest at 10% per annum. The principal and any accrued interest of the promissory note are convertible by the holder at a price of either (i) 90 day trailing trading price of the stock or (ii) if an Eligible Offering of the Common Stock (as defined in the promissory note) is made, 95% of the Public Offering Share price as defined in the promissory note.

On August 2, 2017, the Company issued 5,771 shares of Common Stock at a price of \$5.00 per share to a third party in settlement of an outstanding account receivable.

On August 4, 2017, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to sell a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$50,000 to an unrelated party. The convertible promissory note is for a period of one year and bears interest at 10% per annum. The principal and any accrued interest of the promissory note are convertible by the holder at a price of either (i) 90 day trailing trading price of the stock or (ii) if an Eligible Offering of the Common Stock (as defined in the promissory note) is made, 95% of the Public Offering Share price as defined in the promissory note.

All of the foregoing issuances were made in private placements in reliance upon the exemption from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and/or Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder, except that the April 13, 2017 issuance was made in reliance upon the exemption from registration under Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.

## Company Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table presents information related to our repurchases of our shares of Common Stock during the second quarter of 2017:

### Repurchase of Securities

<u>Period</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased<sup>(1)</sup></u>	<u>Average Price Paid Per Share</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</u>	<u>Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</u>
4/1/2017 - 4/30/2017	86,764	\$ 4.61	—	—
5/1/2017 - 5/31/2017	—	\$ —	—	—
6/1/2017 - 6/30/2017	65,073	\$ 4.61	—	—
Total	<u>151,837</u>	<u>\$ 4.61</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>

(1) Pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Put Agreements, the Sellers exercised their Put Rights and caused the Company to purchase 151,837 shares of Common Stock for an aggregate amount of \$700,000. See Note 4 — Acquisition of 42West for further discussion of the Put Agreements.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
<a href="#">3.1(a)</a>	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Dolphin Digital Media, Inc. (conformed copy incorporating all amendments through July 6, 2017).
<a href="#">31.1</a>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of the Company pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<a href="#">31.2</a>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of the Company pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
<a href="#">32.1</a>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of the Company pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<a href="#">32.2</a>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of the Company pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extensions Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized August 21, 2017.

**Dolphin Entertainment Inc.**

By: /s/ William O'Dowd IV

Name: William O'Dowd IV  
Chief Executive Officer

**Dolphin Entertainment Inc.**

By: /s/ Mirta A Negrini

Name: Mirta A Negrini  
Chief Financial Officer

**AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF  
DOLPHIN DIGITAL MEDIA, INC.**

**ARTICLE I.**

**Name, Principal Place of Business and Registered Agent and Office**

The name of the Corporation is **DOLPHIN ENTERTAINMENT, INC.** The principal place of business and mailing address of this Corporation shall be 2151 Le Jeune Road, Suite 150-Mezzanine, Coral Gables, Florida 33134.

The street address of the registered office of this Corporation is Dolphin Entertainment, Inc., 2151 Le Jeune Road, Suite 150-Mezzanine, Coral Gables, Florida 33134. The name of the registered agent of this Corporation at such address is Mirta A. Negrini.

**ARTICLE II.**

**Purpose and Powers**

The purpose for which the Corporation is organized is to engage in or transact any and all lawful activities or business for which a corporation may be incorporated under the laws of the State of Florida. The Corporation shall have all of the corporate powers enumerated in the Florida Business Corporation Act.

**ARTICLE III.**

**Capital Stock**

**A. AUTHORIZED SHARES**

The total number of shares of all classes of stock that the Corporation shall have the authority to issue is Four Hundred Ten Million (410,000,000) shares, of which Four Hundred Million (400,000,000) shares shall be Common Stock, par value \$0.015 per share ("Common Stock") and Ten Million (10,000,000) shares shall be Preferred Stock, having a par value of \$0.001 per share ("Preferred Stock"). The Board of Directors is expressly authorized to provide for the classification and reclassification of any unissued shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock and the issuance thereof in one or more classes or series without the approval of the shareholders of the Corporation. Of the Preferred Stock, 50,000 shares have been designated Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

On the close of business on May 10, 2016 (the "Effective Date"), each twenty (20) shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding or held by the Corporation in treasury stock immediately prior to the Effective Date, automatically and without any action on the part of the respective holders thereof or the Corporation, was combined and converted into one (1) share of Common Stock, subject to the treatment of fractional share interests as described below (the "Reverse Stock Split"). No fractional shares of Common Stock were issued in connection with the Reverse Stock Split. Rather, fractional shares created as a result of the Reverse Stock Split were rounded up to the next whole number, such that,

in lieu of fractional shares, each shareholder who would have otherwise been entitled to receive a fractional share of Common Stock as a result of the Reverse Stock Split was instead entitled to receive a whole share of Common Stock in respect thereof.

## **B. PROVISIONS RELATING TO COMMON STOCK**

1. Relative Rights. The Common Stock shall be subject to all of the rights, privileges, preferences and priorities of the Preferred Stock as set forth in the certificate of designations filed to establish the respective series of Preferred Stock. Except as provided in this Article III.B, each share of Common Stock shall have the same relative rights and shall be identical in all respects as to all matters.

2. Voting Rights. Each holder of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to attend all special and annual meetings of the shareholders of the Corporation. On all matters upon which shareholders are entitled or permitted to vote, every holder of Common Stock shall be entitled to cast one (1) vote in person or by proxy for each outstanding share of Common Stock standing in such holder's name on the transfer books of the Corporation. Holders of Common Stock shall not possess cumulative voting

rights. Except as otherwise provided in these Articles of Incorporation or by applicable law, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall vote subject to any voting rights which may be granted to holders of Preferred Stock.

3. Dividends. Whenever there shall have been paid, or declared and set aside for payment, to the holders of shares of any class of stock having preference over the Common Stock as to the payment of dividends, the full amount of dividends and of sinking fund or retirement payments, if any, to which such holders are respectively entitled in preference to the Common Stock, then the holders of record of the Common Stock and any class or series of stock entitled to participate therewith as to dividends, shall be entitled to receive dividends, when, as, and if declared by the Board of Directors, out of any assets legally available for the payment of dividends thereon.

4. Dissolution, Liquidation, Winding Up. In the event of any dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of record of the Common Stock then outstanding, and all holders of any class or series of stock entitled to participate therewith, in whole or in part, as to distribution of assets, shall become entitled to participate equally on a per share basis in the distribution of any assets of the Corporation remaining after the Corporation shall have paid or provided for payment of all debts and liabilities of the Corporation, and shall have paid, or set aside for payment, to the holders of any class of stock having preference over the Common Stock in the event of dissolution, liquidation or winding up, the full preferential amounts (if any) to which they are entitled.

## **C. PROVISIONS RELATING TO PREFERRED STOCK**

1. Issuance, Designations, Powers, etc. The Board of Directors expressly is authorized, subject to limitations prescribed by the Florida Business Corporation Act and the provisions of these Articles of Incorporation, to provide, by resolution for the issuance from time to time of the shares of Preferred Stock in one or more series, to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each such series, and to fix the designation, powers, preferences and other rights of the shares of each such series and to fix the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereon, including, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the following:

(a) The number of shares constituting that series and the distinctive designation of that series;

(b) The dividend rate on the shares of that series, whether dividends shall be cumulative, and, if so, from which date or dates, and the relative rights of priority, if any, of payment of dividends on shares of that series;

(c) Whether that series shall have voting rights, in addition to the voting rights provided by law, and, if so, the terms of such voting rights;

(d) Whether that series shall have conversion privileges, and, if so, the terms and conditions of such conversion, including provision for adjustment of the conversion rate in such events as the Board of Directors shall determine;

(e) Whether or not the shares of that series shall be redeemable, and, if so, the terms and conditions of such redemption, including the dates upon or after which they shall be redeemable, and the amount per share payable in case of redemption, which amount may vary under different conditions and at different redemption dates;

(f) Whether that series shall have a sinking fund for the redemption or purchase of shares of that series, and, if so, the terms and amount of such sinking fund;

(g) The rights of the shares of that series in the event of voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, and the relative rights of priority, if any, of payment of shares of that series; and

(h) Any other relative powers, preferences, and rights of that series, and qualifications, limitations or restrictions on that series.

2. Dissolution, Liquidation, Winding Up. In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of Preferred Stock of each series shall be entitled to receive only such amount or amounts as shall have been fixed by the resolution or resolutions of the Board of Directors providing for the issuance of such series.

#### **D. PROVISIONS RELATING TO SERIES C CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK**

1. Designation; Amount Limitation of Issuances. There shall be a series of Preferred Stock that shall be designated as “ Series C Convertible Preferred Stock,” and the number of shares constituting such series shall be 50,000. The number of shares constituting the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock may be increased or decreased by resolution of the Board of Directors; provided, however, that no decrease shall reduce the number of shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock to less than the number of shares then issued and outstanding plus the number of shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding rights, options or warrants or upon conversion of outstanding securities issued by the Corporation.

The Corporation may issue shares of Class C Preferred Stock only to an Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder, who may transfer such shares only to another Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder.

#### 2. Definitions.

Unless the context otherwise requires, each of the terms defined in this Section 2 shall have, for all purposes of this Certificate of Designation, the meaning herein specified (with terms defined in the singular having comparable meanings when used in the plural):

“Articles of Incorporation” means the Corporation’s Articles of Incorporation, as in effect on the date of this Certificate of Designation.

“Board of Directors” means the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

“Business Day” means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York are authorized or required by law to close.

“By-Laws” means the Corporation’s By-Laws, as amended, as in effect on the date of this Certificate of Designation.

“Capital Stock” means any and all shares, interests, participations or other equivalents in the equity interest (however designated) in the Corporation.

“Common Share Equivalents” means securities, options, warrants, derivatives, debt instruments or other rights convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, or entitling the holder thereof to receive directly or indirectly, Common Stock.

“Common Stock” means the common stock, \$0.015 par value per share, of the Corporation or any other Capital Stock into which such shares of common stock shall be reclassified or changed.

“Common Stock Transfer Agent” has the meaning set forth in Section 6(c) hereof. “Conversion Number” has the meaning set forth in Section 6(a) hereof. “Conversion Shares” has the meaning set forth in Section 6(a) hereof.

“Converted Shares” has the meaning set forth in Section 6(c) hereof. “Converting Shares” has the meaning set forth in Section 6(c) hereof.

“Corporation’s Organizational Documents” means the Articles of Incorporation, this Certificate of Designations, any other certificate of designations issued pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation, and the By-Laws.

“Dilutive Issuance” has the meaning set forth in Section 6(i) hereof.

“Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder” means any of (i) Dolphin Entertainment, Inc., for so long as William O’Dowd continues to beneficially own at least 90% and serves at the board of directors or other governing entity, (ii) any other entity that William O’Dowd beneficially owns more than 90%, or a trust for the benefit of others, for which William O’Dowd serves as trustee and (iii) William O’Dowd individually.

“Holders” means the record holders of the shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, as shown on the books and records of the Corporation.

“Junior Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 3 hereof.

“Liquidation Event” means (i) any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Corporation, (ii) the consummation of a merger or consolidation in which the shareholders of the

Corporation prior to such transaction own less than a majority of the voting securities of the entity surviving such transaction, or (iii) the sale, distribution or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Corporation's assets.

"Liquidation Preference" has the meaning set forth in Section 5(a) hereof.

"Market Price" means the last reported sale price of the Common Stock on the primary U.S. national securities exchange, automated quotation system or inter-dealer quotation system upon which the Common Stock is then traded or quoted.

"Optional Conversion Threshold" shall mean that the Corporation has accomplished, as determined by the vote of the majority of the independent directors of the Board in its sole discretion, any of the following (i) EBITDA of more than \$3.0 million in any calendar year, (ii) production of two feature films, (iii) production and distribution of at least three web series, (iv) theatrical distribution in the United States of one feature film, or (v) any combination thereof that is subsequently approved by the majority of the independent directors of the Board based on the strategic plan approved by the Board.

"Parity Stock" has the meaning set forth in Section 3 hereof.

"Person" includes all natural persons, corporations, business trusts, limited liability companies, associations, companies, partnerships, joint ventures and other entities, as well as governments and their respective agencies and political subdivisions.

"Senior Stock" has the meaning set forth in Section 3 hereof.

"Series C Convertible Preferred Stock" has the meaning set forth in Section 1 hereof.

"Stated Value" means \$0.001 per share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, as may be adjusted for any stock split, reverse stock split, dividend or similar event relating to the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock.

"Transfer Agent" means the entity designated from time to time by the Corporation to act as the registrar and transfer agent for the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock or, if no entity has been so designated to act in such capacity, the Corporation.

### 3. Ranking.

The Series C Convertible Preferred Stock shall, with respect to rights on the liquidation, winding-up and dissolution of the Corporation (as provided in Section 5 below), rank (a) senior to all classes of Common Stock and to each other class of Capital Stock or series of Preferred Stock established hereafter by the Board of Directors the terms of which expressly provide that such class ranks junior to the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock as to rights on the liquidation, winding-up and dissolution of the Corporation (collectively referred to as the "Junior Stock"), (b) on a parity with each other class of Capital Stock or series of Preferred Stock established hereafter by the Board of Directors as to rights on the liquidation, winding-up and dissolution of the Corporation (collectively referred to as the "Parity Stock") and (c) junior to any future class of Preferred Stock established hereafter by the Board of Directors, the terms of which expressly provide that such class ranks senior to the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock as to rights on the liquidation, winding-up and dissolution of the Corporation (collectively referred to as the "Senior Stock").

The Series C Convertible Preferred Stock shall, with respect to rights to dividends (as provided in Section 4 below), rank on a parity with each class of Common Stock.

4. Dividends.

The Corporation shall not declare, pay or set aside any dividends on shares of Common Stock (other than dividends on shares of Common Stock payable solely in shares of Common Stock) unless (in addition to the obtaining of any consents required elsewhere in the Corporation's Organizational Documents) the Holders simultaneously receive a dividend on each outstanding share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock in an amount equal to that dividend per share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock as would equal the product of the dividend payable on each share of Common Stock and the number of shares of Common Stock then issuable upon conversion of one share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, in each case calculated on the record date for determination of holders entitled to receive such dividend and without regard to any limitation on conversion set forth in Section 6(b) hereof.

5. Liquidation Preference.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 6(h), upon any Liquidation Event, each Holder shall be entitled to be paid out of the assets of the Corporation available for distribution to its shareholders, on account of each share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock held by such Holder, (i) prior to the holders of any class or series of Common Stock and Junior Stock, (ii) pro rata with the holders of any Parity Stock and (iii) after the holders of any Senior Stock, an amount (such amount, the "Liquidation Preference") equal to the Stated Value.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in Section 6(h), upon any Liquidation Event, after the payment of the Liquidation Preference the remaining assets of the Corporation available for distribution to its shareholders shall be distributed first to satisfy any preference of any other Preferred Stock that was junior to the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock and then among the Holders and the holders of the shares of Capital Stock, pro rata, based on the number of shares held by each such holder, treating for this purpose all such securities as if they had been converted to Common Stock pursuant to the terms of this Certificate of Designation (or any other applicable certificate of designation) immediately prior to such Liquidation Event without regard to any limitation on conversion set forth in Section 6(b) hereof.

6. Conversion.

(a) Holder's Right to Convert. Upon the Board's determination that an Optional Conversion Threshold has been met, subject to the provisions of Section 6(c) hereof, each Holder shall have the right, upon the delivery of a written notice to the Corporation, to convert any share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock held by it into that number of fully paid and nonassessable shares of Common Stock ("Conversion Shares") equal to the Conversion Number at the time in effect. Any Holder may convert all or less than all of the shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock held by it at any time after such determination. Any Holder's conversion of shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock under this Section 6(a) shall not be effective unless such Holder has also complied with the provisions set forth in Section 6(c) hereof at the time of delivery of its aforesaid written notice to the Corporation. The initial "Conversion Number" per share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock shall be one (1); provided, however, that the Conversion Number in effect from time to time shall be subject to adjustment as provided hereinafter.

(b) Automatic Conversion. The Class C Preferred Stock shall automatically be converted upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

(i) Each outstanding share of Class C Preferred Stock which is transferred to any holder other than an Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder shall automatically convert into that number of fully paid and nonassessable Conversion Shares equal to the Conversion Number at the time in effect.

(ii) If the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock plus Conversion Shares (issuable upon conversion of the Class B Convertible Preferred Stock and the Class C Convertible Preferred Stock) held by the Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holders in the aggregate constitute 10% or less of the sum of (x) the outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Corporation plus (y) all Conversion Shares held by the Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holders, then each outstanding Class C Convertible Preferred Stock then outstanding will automatically convert into that number of fully paid and nonassessable Conversion Shares equal to the Conversion Number at the time in effect.

(iii) At such time as a Holder of Class C Preferred Stock ceases to be an Eligible Class C Preferred Stock Holder, each share of Class C Preferred Stock held by such person or entity shall immediately convert into that number of fully paid and nonassessable Conversion Shares equal to the Conversion Number at the time in effect.

(c) Conversion Procedures. Each conversion of shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock into shares of Common Stock shall be effected by the surrender of the certificate(s) evidencing the shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock to be converted (the "Converting Shares") at the principal office of the Corporation (or such other office or agency of the Corporation as the Corporation may designate by notice in writing to the Holders of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock) at any time during its usual business hours, together with written notice by the holder of such Converting Shares, (i) stating that the Holder desires to convert the Converting Shares, or a specified number of such Converting Shares, evidenced by such certificate(s) into shares of Common Stock (the "Converted Shares"), and (ii) giving the name(s) (with addresses) and denominations in which the Converted Shares should either be registered with the Corporation's transfer agent and registrar for the Common Stock (the "Common Stock Transfer Agent") on its records in book-entry form under The Direct Registration System or certificated, and, in either case, instructions for the delivery of a statement evidencing book-entry ownership of the Converted Shares or the certificates evidencing the Converted Shares. Upon receipt of the notice described in the first sentence of this Section 6(c), together with the certificate(s) evidencing the Converting Shares, the Corporation shall be obligated to, and shall, cause to be issued and delivered in accordance with such instructions, as applicable, either (x) a statement from the Common Stock Transfer Agent evidencing ownership of the Converted Shares, registered in the name of the Holder or its designee on the Common Stock Transfer Agent's records in book-entry form under The Direct Registration System or (y) certificate(s) evidencing the Converted Shares and, if applicable, a certificate (which shall contain such applicable legends, if any, as were set forth on the surrendered certificate(s)) representing any shares which were represented by the certificate(s) surrendered to the Corporation in connection with such conversion but which were not Converting Shares and, therefore, were not converted. All or some Converted Shares so issued whether in book-entry form under the Direct Registration System or in certificated form may be subject to restrictions on transfer as required by applicable federal and state securities laws. Any such Converted Shares subject to restrictions on transfer under applicable federal and state securities laws shall be encumbered by stop transfer orders and restrictive legends (or equivalent encumbrances). Such conversion, to the extent permitted by law, shall be deemed to have been effected as of the close of business on the date on which such certificate(s) shall have been surrendered and such written notice shall have been received by the Corporation unless a later date has been specified by such Holder, and at such time the rights of the Holder of such Converting Shares as such Holder shall cease, and the Person(s) in whose name or names the Converted Shares are to be issued either in book-entry form or certificated form, as applicable, upon such conversion shall be deemed to have become the holder(s) of record of the Converted Shares.

(d) Effect of Conversion. Upon the issuance of the Converted Shares in accordance with Section 6, such shares shall be deemed to be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non- assessable.

(e) Adjustments for Common Stock Dividends and Distributions. If the Corporation at any time or from time to time makes, or fixes a record date for the determination of holders of Common Stock entitled to receive, a dividend or other distribution payable in additional shares of Common Stock, in each such event the Conversion Number then in effect shall be increased as of the time of such issuance or, in the event such record date is fixed, as of the close of business on such record date, by multiplying the Conversion Number then in effect by a fraction (i) the numerator of which is the total number of shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the time of such issuance or the close of business on such record date plus the number of shares of Common Stock issuable in payment of such dividend or distribution and (ii) the denominator of which is the total number of shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the time of such issuance or the close of business on such record date. To the extent an adjustment is made in respect of the foregoing pursuant to Section 6(f) or the Holder actually receives the dividend to which any such adjustment relates, an adjustment shall not be made pursuant to this Section 6(e).

(f) Conversion Number Adjustments for Subdivisions, Combinations or Consolidations of Common Stock.

(i) In the event the Corporation should at any time or from time to time fix a record date for the effectuation of a split or subdivision of the outstanding shares of Common Stock or the determination of holders of shares of Common Stock entitled to receive a dividend or other distribution payable in additional Common Share Equivalents, without payment of any consideration by such holder for additional Common Share Equivalents (including the additional Common Stock issuable upon conversion, exchange or exercise thereof), then, as of such record date (or the date of such dividend, distribution, split or subdivision if no record date is fixed), the Conversion Number then in effect shall be appropriately increased so that the number of shares of Common Stock issuable on conversion of each such share of such Series C Convertible Preferred Stock shall be increased in proportion to such increase of outstanding shares of Common Stock and shares issuable with respect to Common Share Equivalents.

(ii) If the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding at any time is decreased by a combination, consolidation, reclassification or reverse stock split of the outstanding shares of Common Stock or other similar event, then, following the record date of such combination, the Conversion Number then in effect shall be appropriately decreased so that the number of shares of Common Stock issuable on conversion of each such share of such Series C Convertible Preferred Stock shall be decreased in proportion to such decrease in outstanding shares of Common Stock.

(g) Recapitalizations. If at any time or from time to time there shall be a recapitalization of the Common Stock (other than a subdivision, combination, merger or sale of assets transaction provided for elsewhere in this Section 6), provision shall be made so that the Holders shall thereafter be entitled to receive upon conversion of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock the number of shares of Capital Stock or other securities or property of the Corporation to which a holder of Common Stock would have been entitled on recapitalization. In any such case, appropriate adjustment shall be made in the application of the provisions of this Section 6 with respect to the rights of the Holders after the recapitalization to the end that the provisions of this Section 6 (including adjustment of the Conversion Number then in effect and the number of shares issuable upon conversion of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock) shall be applicable after that event as nearly equivalent as may be practicable.

(h) Mergers and Other Reorganizations. If at any time or from time to time there shall be a reclassification of the Common Stock (other than a subdivision, combination, reclassification or exchange of shares provided for elsewhere in this Section 6) or a merger or consolidation of the Corporation with or into another entity or the sale of all or substantially all of the Corporation's properties and assets to any other Person, then, as a part of and as a condition to the effectiveness of such reclassification, merger, consolidation or sale, lawful and adequate provision shall be made so that the Holders shall thereafter be entitled to receive upon conversion of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock the number of shares of Capital Stock or other securities or property, if any, of the Corporation or of the successor entity resulting from such reclassification, merger or consolidation or sale, to which a holder of Common Stock deliverable upon conversion would have been entitled in connection with such reclassification, merger, consolidation or sale. In any such case, appropriate provision shall be made with respect to the rights of the Holders after the reclassification, merger, consolidation or sale to the end that the provisions of this Section 6 (including, without limitation, provisions for adjustment of the Conversion Number and the number of shares purchasable upon conversion of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock) shall thereafter be applicable, as nearly as may be, with respect to any shares of Capital Stock, securities or property to be deliverable thereafter upon the conversion of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock.

Each Holder, upon the occurrence of a reclassification, merger or consolidation of the Corporation or the sale of all or substantially all its assets and properties, as such events are more fully set forth in the first paragraph of this Section 6(h), shall have the option of electing treatment of its shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock under either this Section 6(h) or Section 5 hereof, notice of which election shall be submitted in writing to the Corporation at its principal offices no later than ten (10) days before the effective date of such event, provided that any such notice of election shall be effective if given not later than fifteen (15) days after the date of the Corporation's notice pursuant to Section 6(i) hereof with respect to such event, and, provided, further, that if any Holder fails to give the Corporation such notice of election, the provisions of this Section 6(h) shall govern the treatment of such Holder's shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock upon the occurrence of such event.

(i) Issuances of Common Stock. If the Corporation, prior to the fifth (5th) anniversary of the issuance of the first share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock issues shares of Common Stock (but not upon the issuance of Common Stock Equivalents) either (i) upon the conversion or exercise of any instrument currently or hereafter issued (but not upon the conversion of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock), (ii) upon the exchange of debt for shares of common stock or (iii) in a private placement (a "Dilutive Issuance"), then the Conversion Number shall be adjusted to equal the sum of the amounts created by each individual Dilutive Issuance, wherein for each Dilutive Issuance the amount is determined from the result of:

- 1) The Product of the number of shares of Common Stock owned by the Eligible Series C Preferred Holder upon the issuance of the first share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock *divided by* the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock outstanding upon the issuance of the first share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock;
- 2) Then this Product *Multiplied by* the individual Dilutive Issuance;
- 3) Then this Product *Divided by* the amount created when the percentage created in step one is *Subtracted from* 100 percent;

4) Then this Product *Divided* by the number of shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock then outstanding.

(j) Notices of Record Date. In the event (i) the Corporation fixes a record date to determine the holders of Common Stock who are entitled to receive any dividend or other distribution, or

(ii) there occurs any capital reorganization of the Corporation, any reclassification or recapitalization of the Common Stock of the Corporation, any merger or consolidation of the Corporation, or any voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Corporation, the Corporation shall mail to each Holder at least ten (10) days prior to the record date specified therein, a notice specifying (a) the date of such record date for the purpose of such dividend or distribution and a description of such dividend or distribution, (b) the date on which any such reorganization, reclassification, consolidation, merger, dissolution, liquidation or winding up is expected to become effective, and (c) the time, if any, that is to be fixed, as to when the holders of record of Common Stock (or other securities) shall be entitled to exchange their shares of Common Stock (or other securities) for securities or other property deliverable upon such reorganization, reclassification, consolidation, merger, dissolution, liquidation or winding up.

(k) No Impairment. The Corporation will not, by amendment of its Certificate of Incorporation or through any reorganization, recapitalization, transfer of assets, consolidation, merger, dissolution, issue or sale of securities or any other voluntary action, avoid or seek to avoid the observance or performance of any of the terms to be observed or performed hereunder by the Corporation, but will at all times in good faith assist in the carrying out of all the provisions of this Section 6 and in the taking of all such actions as may be necessary or appropriate in order to protect the conversion rights of the Holders against impairment.

(l) Fractional Shares and Certificate as to Adjustments. In lieu of any fractional shares to which a Holder would otherwise be entitled upon conversion, the Corporation shall pay cash equal to such fraction multiplied by the Market Price of one share of Common Stock, as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors. Whether or not fractional shares are issuable upon such conversion shall be determined on the basis of the total number of shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock of each Holder at the time converting into Common Stock and the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon such aggregate conversion.

Upon the occurrence of each adjustment or readjustment of the Conversion Number of any share of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock pursuant to this Section 6, the Corporation, at its expense, shall promptly compute such adjustment or readjustment in accordance with the terms hereof and prepare and furnish to each Holder a certificate setting forth such adjustment or readjustment and showing in detail the facts upon which such adjustment or readjustment is based. The Corporation shall, upon the written request at any time of any Holder, furnish or cause to be furnished to such Holder a like certificate setting forth (A) such adjustment and readjustment, (B) the Conversion Number at the time in effect, and (C) the number of shares of Common Stock and the amount, if any, of other property which at the time would be received upon the conversion of such Holder's shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. The provisions of Section 6(e), (f), (g), (h) and (i) shall apply to any transaction and successively to any series of transactions that would require any adjustment pursuant thereto.

(m) Reservation of Stock Issuable Upon Conversion. The Corporation shall at all times reserve and keep available out of its authorized but unissued Common Stock, solely for the purpose of effecting the conversion of the shares of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock (taking into account the adjustments required by this Section 6), such number of its shares of Common Stock as shall from time to time be sufficient to effect the conversion of all outstanding shares of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock; and if at any time the number of authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock shall not be sufficient to effect the conversion of all then outstanding shares of the Series C Convertible Preferred

Stock, in addition to such other remedies as shall be available to the Holders, the Corporation will, as soon as is reasonably practicable, take all such action as may, in the opinion of its counsel, be necessary to increase its authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock to such number of shares as shall be sufficient for such purposes.

7. Voting Rights. Upon the Board's determination that an Optional Conversion Threshold has been met, each Holder, except as otherwise required under the FBCA or as set forth herein, shall be entitled or permitted to vote on all matters required or permitted to be voted on by the holders of Common Stock of the Corporation and shall be entitled to that number of votes equal to three votes for the number of Conversion Shares into which such Holder's shares of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock could then be converted, pursuant to the provisions of Section 6 hereof, at the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to vote on such matter or, if no such record date is established, at the date such vote is taken or any written consent of shareholders is solicited. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein or as otherwise required by law, the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock and the Common Stock shall vote together (or render written consents in lieu of a vote) as a single class on all matters upon which the Common Stock is entitled to vote.

8. Reissuance of Shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock.

Shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock that have been issued and reacquired in any manner, including shares purchased, redeemed, converted or exchanged, shall (upon compliance with any applicable provisions of the FBCA) be permanently retired or cancelled and shall not under any circumstances be reissued. The Corporation shall from time to time take such appropriate action as may be required by applicable law to reduce the authorized number of shares of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock by the number of shares that have been so reacquired.

9. Notices.

Any and all notices, consents, approval or other communications or deliveries required or permitted to be provided under this Certificate of Designation shall be in writing and shall be deemed given and effective on the earliest of (a) the date of receipt, if such notice, consent, approval or other communication is delivered by hand (with written confirmation of receipt) or via facsimile to the Corporation or the Holders, as applicable, at the facsimile number specified in the register of Holders of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock maintained by the Transfer Agent prior to 5:00 p.m. (New York City time) on a Business Day, (b) the next Business Day after the date of receipt, if such notice, consent, approval or other communication is delivered via facsimile to the Corporation or the Holder, as applicable, at the facsimile number specified in the register of Holders of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock maintained by the Transfer Agent on a day that is not a Business Day or later than 5:00 p.m. (New York City time) on any Business Day, or (c) the third Business Day following the date of deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier service for next Business Day delivery and addressed to the Corporation or the Holder, as applicable, at the address specified in the register of Holders of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock maintained by the Transfer Agent.

10. Headings.

The headings of the various sections and subsections hereof are for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation of any of the provisions hereof.

11. Severability of Provisions.

If any powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional and other special rights of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof set forth in this Certificate of Designation (as it may be amended from time to time) is invalid, unlawful or incapable of being enforced by reason of any rule or law or public policy, all other powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional and other special rights of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof set forth in this Certificate of Designation (as so amended) which can be given effect without the invalid, unlawful or unenforceable powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional and other special rights of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof shall, nevertheless, remain in full force and effect, and no powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof herein set forth shall be deemed dependent upon any other such powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights of Preferred Stock and qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof unless so expressed herein.

**ARTICLE IV.**

**Existence**

The Corporation shall exist perpetually unless sooner dissolved according to law.

**ARTICLE V.**

**Management of the Corporation**

The following provisions are inserted for the management of the business and the conduct of the affairs of the Corporation, and for further definition, limitation and regulation of the powers of the Corporation and of its directors and shareholders:

**A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors. In addition to the powers and authority expressly conferred upon them by Statute or by these Articles of Incorporation or the Bylaws of the Corporation, the directors are hereby empowered to exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation. A director shall hold office until the annual meeting of the shareholders or until his successors shall be elected and qualified, subject, however, to the director's prior death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal from office.

**B. SPECIAL MEETINGS CALLED BY BOARD OF DIRECTORS OR SHAREHOLDERS**

Special Meetings of Shareholders of the Corporation may be called by the Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution adopted by a majority of the total number of authorized directors (whether or not there exist any vacancies in previously authorized directorships at the time any such resolution is presented to the Board for adoption) (the "Full Board"), or by the holders of not less than forty percent (40%) of all the votes entitled to be cast on any issue at the proposed special meeting if such holders of stock sign, date and deliver to the Corporation's Secretary one or more written demands for the meeting describing the purpose or purposes for which the special meeting is to be held. The Bylaws of the Corporation shall fully set forth the manner in which Special Meetings of Shareholders of the Corporation may be called.

**ARTICLE VI.**

**Number of Directors**

The number of directors may be either increased or diminished from time to time in the manner provided in the Bylaws, but shall never be less than one (1).

**ARTICLE VII.**

**Indemnification**

Provided the person proposed to be indemnified satisfies the requisite standard of conduct for permissive indemnification by a corporation as specifically set forth in the applicable provisions of the Florida Business Corporation Act (currently, Section 607.0850(7) of the Florida Statutes), as the same may be amended from time to time, the Corporation shall indemnify its officers and directors, and may indemnify its employees and agents, to the fullest extent provided, authorized, permitted or not prohibited by the provisions of the Florida Business Corporation Act and the Bylaws of the Corporation, as the same may be amended and supplemented, from and against any and all of the expenses or liabilities incurred in defending a civil or criminal proceeding, or other matters referred to in or covered by said provisions, including advancement of expenses prior to the final disposition of such proceedings and amounts paid in settlement of such proceedings, both as to action in his or her official capacity and as to action in another capacity while an officer, director, employee or other agent. The indemnification provided for herein shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those indemnified may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of shareholders or Disinterested Directors or otherwise. Such indemnification shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent, and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs and personal representatives of such a person. Except as otherwise required by law, an adjudication of liability shall not affect the right to indemnification for those indemnified.

**ARTICLE VIII.**

**Amendment**

The Corporation reserves the right to amend or repeal any provision contained in these Articles of Incorporation in the manner prescribed by the laws of the State of Florida and all rights conferred upon shareholders are granted subject to this reservation.

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302**

I, William O'Dowd IV, Chief Executive Officer of Dolphin Entertainment, Inc. (the "Registrant"), certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Registrant;
2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report.
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 21, 2017

/s/ William O'Dowd IV

William O'Dowd IV  
Chief Executive Officer

**PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER  
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302**

I, Mirta A Negrini, Chief Financial Officer of Dolphin Entertainment, Inc. (the "Registrant"), certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Registrant;
2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report.
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 21, 2017

/s/ Mirta A Negrini

Mirta A Negrini  
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the accompanying Quarterly Report of Dolphin Entertainment, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William O'Dowd IV, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 21, 2017

By: /s/ William O'Dowd IV  
William O'Dowd IV  
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the accompanying Quarterly Report of Dolphin Entertainment, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Mirta A Negrini, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 21, 2017

By: /s/ Mirta A Negrini  
Mirta A Negrini  
Chief Financial Officer