

### **SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION EDGAR FILING**

### LIFEAPPS BRANDS INC.

**Form: 10-Q** 

Date Filed: 2016-11-21

Corporate Issuer CIK: 1510247

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## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SE	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF TI	HE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT	OF 1934
	For the quarterly peri	od ended September 30, 2016	
" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SE	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF TH	HE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT	OF 1934
	For the transition period from	om to	-
	Commission	file number: <b>000-54867</b>	
	LIFEAPPS	S BRANDS INC.	
		strant as specified in its charter)	
Delaw	/are		80-0671280
(State or other jurisdiction organized)			(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
		<u>La Valle, #116E, Del Mar, CA 92014</u> ecutive offices, including zip code)	<u>L</u>
(Former	name, former address and	former fiscal year, if changed since	ast report)
		(858)-577-0500 ne number, including area code)	
,		•	(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during 2) has been subject to such filing requirements for
	Regulation S-T (§232.405		e, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be ng 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerate	•		erated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See schange Act.
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	x
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is	a shell company (as define	ed in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Ac	t). Yes "No x
As of November 10, 2016 there were issued and	d outstanding 25,311,186 sl	hares of Common Stock, \$0.001 par	value.

#### LIFEAPPS BRAND INC.

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#### LIFEAPPS BRAND INC.

#### PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### LifeApps Brands Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

	Se	ptember 30, 2016	De	ecember 31, 2015
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	2,535	\$	4,968
Other current assets		940		940
Total current assets		3,475		5,908
Fixed assets, net of depreciation		-		649
Intangible asset, net of amortization		1,350		10,274
Total Assets	\$	4,825	\$	16,831
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	117,632	\$	126,871
Amount due to related party		494,539		329,554
Total current liabilities		612,171		456,425
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)				
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized, none issued or outstanding				
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized, 20,515,731 and 19,918,186 shares issued and				
outstanding, as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		20,515		19,918
Additional paid in capital		2,073,142		2,063,244
Accumulated (deficit)		(2,701,003)		(2,522,756)
Total stockholders' (deficit)		(607,346)		(439,594)
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	\$	4,825	\$	16,831

See the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

### LifeApps Brands Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended September 30,		Septem	onths Ended er 30,	
2016	2015	2016	2015	
147	19,260	11,168	129,262	
51	26,411	8,122	106,485	
96	(7,151)	3,046	22,777	
56,670	56,532	171,719	254,895	
225	9,668	9,574	29,001	
56,895	66,200	181,293	283,896	
(56,799)	(73,351)	(178,247)	(261,119)	
_	_	_	189,660	
_	63,462	_	110,962	
	571	<u></u>	28,666	
	64,033		329,288	
(56,799)	\$ (137,384)	\$ (178,247)	\$ (590,407)	
20,515,731	14,511,697	20,500,239	10,790,108	
(0.00)	* \$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.05)	
	2016  147 51 96  56,670 225 56,895 (56,799) 5 (56,799)	2016         2015           147         19,260           51         26,411           96         (7,151)           56,670         56,532           225         9,668           56,895         66,200           (56,799)         (73,351)           —         63,462           —         571           —         64,033           (56,799)         \$ (137,384)           20,515,731         14,511,697	2016         2015         2016           147         19,260         11,168           51         26,411         8,122           96         (7,151)         3,046           56,670         56,532         171,719           225         9,668         9,574           56,895         66,200         181,293           (56,799)         (73,351)         (178,247)           —         63,462         —           —         64,033         —           5         (56,799)         \$ (137,384)         \$ (178,247)           20,515,731         14,511,697         20,500,239	

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes a loss of less than \$(0.01) per share.

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

### LifeApps Brands Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,

	0001.0		, ,
	2016		2015
Net cash used in operations	\$ (54,918	\$) \$	(87,324)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Net Cash used in investing activities			-
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Related party advances	54,485		79,550
Repayments of advances from related parties	(2,000	ı)	(6,800)
Net cash provided by financing activities	52,485		72,750
Net (decrease) in cash	(2,433	)	(14,574)
Cash at beginning of period	4,968		19,941
Cash at end of period	\$ 2,535	\$	5,367
Non-cash financing activities:			
Conversion of notes payable to common stock	\$	- \$	297,471
Conversion of related party loans to common stock	\$	- \$	197,212
Accrual of officer salary	\$ 112,500	\$	112,500

See the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

#### Note 1. Nature of Business

Throughout this report, the terms "our," "we," "us," and the "Company" refer to LifeApps Brands Inc., including its subsidiaries. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of LifeApps Digital Media Inc. at September 30, 2016 and 2015 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial statements, instructions to Form 10-Q, and Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. In management's opinion, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation to make our financial statements not misleading have been included. The results of operations for the periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The December 31, 2015 balance sheet has been derived from our audited financial statements included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

We are building health, fitness and sports communities across multiple digital platforms including mobile apps, digital sports and fitness publications, sports and fitness products, sporting events, gateway platforms, online websites and social media.

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), which contemplates our continuation as a going concern. We have incurred losses to date of \$2,701,003. To date we have funded our operations through advances from a related party, issuance of convertible debt, and the sale of our common stock. We intend to raise additional funding through third party equity or debt financing. There is no certainty that funding will be available as needed. These factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue operating as a going concern. Our ability to continue our operations as a going concern, realize the carrying value of our assets, and discharge our liabilities in the normal course of business is dependent upon our ability to raise capital sufficient to fund our commitments and ongoing losses, and ultimately generate profitable operations.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and our wholly owned subsidiaries, LifeApps Inc. and Sports One Group Inc. All material inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheets and revenues and expenses during the years reported. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### Financial Instruments

The estimated fair values for financial instruments were determined at discrete points in time based on relevant market information. These estimates involved uncertainties and could not be determined with precision. The carrying amounts of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximated fair value because of the short-term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of notes payable approximated to their carrying value as generally their interest rates reflected our effective annual borrowing rate.

#### Intangibles

Intangibles, which include websites and databases acquired, internet domain name costs, and customer lists, are being amortized over the expected useful lives which we estimate to be three to five years. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 350 Intangibles – Goodwill and Other ("ASC 350"), the costs to obtain and register internet domain names were capitalized.

#### Fixed Assets

Fixed assets consists of furniture and equipment and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives used for financial statement purposes is 3 years.

#### Derivative Financial Instruments:

We do not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market or foreign currency risks. We evaluate all of our financial instruments to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives. For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value and is then re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of operations. For stock-based derivative financial instruments, we used a Black Scholes valuation model to value the derivative instruments at inception and on subsequent valuation dates. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is evaluated at the end of each reporting period. Derivative liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement or conversion of the instrument could be required within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

#### Revenue Recognition

Revenue is derived primarily from the sale of sports and fitness apparel and equipment, and software applications designed for use on mobile devices such as smart phones and tablets. Revenue is recognized only when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the fee is fixed or determinable, the product or service has been delivered, and collectability is probable.

We sell our software directly via Internet download through third party agents. We recognize revenue when payment is received from the agent. Payment is received net of commission paid to the agent, usually 70% to us and 30% to the agent. We record the net amount received as revenue.

We also publish and sell digital magazines through the internet. Magazines can be purchased as individual volumes or as a subscription. To date we have not had any subscription sales.

#### Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue includes the cost of amounts paid for articles, photography, editorial and production cost of the magazine and ongoing web hosting costs. Cost of revenue related to product sales includes the direct cost of those products sold.

#### Research and development. Website Development Costs, and Software Development Costs

All research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Software development costs eligible for capitalization under ASC 350-50, Website Development Cost, and ASC 985-20, Software-Costs of Software to be Sold, Leased or Marketed, were not material to our financial statements for the periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015. Research and development expenses amounted to \$0 and \$0 for three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively and \$200 and \$7,797 for nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Research and development expenses were included in general and administrative expenses.

#### Advertising Costs

We recognize advertising expense when incurred. Advertising expense was \$130 and \$185 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively and \$130 and \$3,036 for nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

#### Rent Expense

We recognize rent expense on a straight-line basis over the reasonably assured lease term as defined in ASC Topic 840, *Leases* ("ASC 840"). Our lease is short term and will be renewed on a month to month basis. Rent expense was \$2,110 and \$1,252 for the for three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively and \$5,685 and \$4,606 for the for nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

#### Equity-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation is presented in accordance with the guidance of ASC Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation ("ASC 718"). Under the provisions of ASC 718, companies are required to estimate the fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the requisite service periods in our consolidated statements of operations.

#### Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes is determined in accordance with the provisions of ASC Topic 740, Accounting for Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted income tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Any effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

ASC 740 prescribes a comprehensive model for how companies should recognize, measure, present, and disclose in their financial statements, uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. Under ASC 740, tax positions must initially be recognized in the financial statements when it is more likely than not the position will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities. Such tax positions must initially and subsequently be measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the tax authority assuming full knowledge of the position and relevant facts.

For the for three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 we did not have any interest, penalties or any significant unrecognized uncertain tax positions.

#### Earnings per share

We calculate earnings per share in accordance with ASC Topic 260 *Earnings Per Share*, which requires a dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the fiscal year. Diluted earnings per share represent basic earnings per share adjusted to include the potentially dilutive effect of outstanding stock options and warrants. The diluted earnings per share were not calculated because we recorded net losses for the for three months and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the outstanding stock options and warrants are anti-dilutive.

#### Recent Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued that we adopt as of the specified effective date. We believe that the recently issued standards that are not yet effective may not have an impact on our results of operations and financial position.

#### Note 3. Fixed Assets

At September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, fixed assets consisted of the following:

	2	2016	2015
Furniture and Equipment	\$	7,670	\$ 7,670
Less accumulated depreciation		(7,670)	 (7,021)
	\$		\$ 649

The amount charged to depreciation expense furniture and equipment was \$0 and \$639 for of the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively and was \$649 and \$1,919 for of the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

#### Note 4. Intangible Assets

At September 30 2016 and December 31, 2015, intangible assets consist of the following:

	 2016	 2015
Internet domain names	\$ 58,641	\$ 58,641
Less accumulated amortization	(58,641)	(55,062)
	\$ 	\$ 3,580
Website and data bases	\$ 56,050	\$ 56,050
Less accumulated amortization	(56,050)	(51,380)
	\$ 	\$ 4,760
Customer and supplier lists	\$ 4,500	\$ 4,500
Less accumulated amortization	(3,150)	(2,475)
	\$ 1,350	\$ 2,025
Total intangibles	\$ 119,191	\$ 119,191
	(117,841)	(108,917)
	\$ 1,350	\$ 10,274
	 )	

The amount charged to amortization expense for all intangibles was \$225 and \$9,027 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively and was \$8,925 and \$27,082 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Estimated future amortization expense related to the intangibles as of September 30, 2016 is as follows:

Year Ended December 31,		
2016	2	25
2017	9	00
2018	2	25
	\$ 1,3	350

#### Note 5. Amounts Due Related Parties

Parties, which can be a corporation or an individual, are considered to be related if we have the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Companies are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

Amount due to related parties represent cash advances, salary accruals and amounts paid on our behalf by officers and shareholders of the Company. These advances are non-interest bearing, short term in nature and due on demand. The balance at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, was \$494,539 and \$329,554, respectively. Salary accruals for each period amounted to \$112,500 and net cash advances amounted to \$52,485 and \$72,750, respectively for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

On March 25, 2015, we entered into a debt conversion agreement with our CEO and principal stockholder. The agreement provided the CEO with the right to convert \$31,250 owed to him for working capital loans made to the Company for 1,666,667 restricted shares of our common stock. The conversion price was based on the following formula - equal to the lesser of \$1.02 or 60% of the lowest trade price (\$0.0025) in the 25 trading days previous to the conversion. (In the event that Conversion Shares are not deliverable by DWAC, an additional 10% discount shall apply; if the shares are ineligible for deposit into the DTC system and only eligible for Xclearing deposit, an additional 5% discount shall apply; and in the case of both, an additional cumulative 15% discount shall apply.) The conversion price as calculated was \$0.01875 per share (post-split basis). We recognized a loss on conversion of \$47,500, the difference between the conversion price and the closing trading price on the date of the conversion.

#### Note 6. Convertible Notes Payable

During 2014, we executed a Promissory Note (the "Note") and received three draws totaling \$135,000. The Note is due March 17, 2016 and provides for an original issue discount of \$15,185, which was to be amortized over 24 months, and face interest rate of 12% per annum. The Lender had the right, at any time at its election to convert all or part of the outstanding and unpaid principal and accrued interest into shares of our common stock. The conversion price is the lesser of \$0.0485 or 60% of the lowest trading price in the 25 trading days prior the conversion. The Note provides for additional penalties if we cannot deliver the underlying common stock on a timely basis. The Note also provides that the principal amount may be increased, with the consent of the lender to \$445,000.

We evaluated the terms of the conversion features of the convertible debenture in accordance with ASC Topic No. 815 - 40, Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity's Own Stock and determined it is indexed to the Company's common stock and that the conversion features meet the definition of a liability and therefore bifurcated the conversion feature and accounted for it as a separate derivative liability.

We valued the conversion feature at origination of all draws at \$230,408 using the Black Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of zero, 1.25 to 2 years to maturity, risk free interest rate of 0.38% to 0.58% and annualized volatility of 97.34% to 146%. \$135,000 of the value assigned to the derivative liability was recognized as a debt discount on the convertible debenture. The debt discount was recorded as reduction (contra-liability) to the convertible debenture and is being amortized over the life of the convertible debenture. The balance of \$95,408 of the value assigned to the derivative liability was recognized as origination interest on the derivative liability and expensed on origination.

We valued the derivative liability and the end of each accounting period the difference in value is recognized as gain or loss. At September 30, 2015 we determined the valuation using the Black-Sholes valuation model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of zero, 0.96 years to maturity, risk free interest rate of 0.56% and annualized volatility of 167%. We recognized \$189,660 of expense for the change in value of the derivative for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the lender converted \$96,054 of the principal of the Note into 6,508,500 shares of our \$0.001 common stock. The loans were fully converted to common stock during August of 2015.

#### Note 7. Stockholders' Equity

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 we issued 13,816,186 shares of common stock as a result of conversion of debt. As more fully described in Notes 5 and 6 above, of the shares issued, 6,508,500 were to an unrelated note holder and 7,307,686 were to officers and/or directors of the Company.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 we issued 597,545 shares of common stock in settlement of \$8,058 in previously accrued legal services.

#### Note 8. Stock Based Compensation

In prior periods, our Board of Directors adopted the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan ("2012 Plan"), which was approved by our shareholders. The 2012 Plan provided for the issuance of up to 666,667 shares of our common stock. During October 2015 the Board of Directors amended the plan to increase the number of shares issuable under the LifeApps Digital Media Inc. 2012 Equity Incentive Plan to 20,000,000, on a post-Reverse Stock Split basis. The plan provides for the award of options, stock appreciation rights, performance share awards, and restricted stock and stock units. The plan is administered by the Board of Directors. Pursuant to the 2012 Plan our Board of Directors granted options to purchase 418,333 shares of our common stock in periods prior to December 31, 2015. All of those options have been cancelled or lapsed as of September 30, 2016. On May 24, 2016 our Board of Directors granted options to purchase 15,000,000 shares of our common stock to officers and or directors and a consultant. The options are exercisable quarterly from the grant date over a four-year term.

The fair value of the options granted, \$39,000, was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions:

Expected life (in years)	4
Volatility	383%
Risk Free interest rate	0.68%
Dividend yield (on common stock)	-

Stock based compensation expense for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 amounted to \$2,437. There was no stock based compensation expense recorded for the period ended September 30, 2015 as the prior year options were fully vested during 2014.

The following is a summary of stock option issued to employees and directors:

	Options	_	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding January 1, 2016	240,000	\$	0.57	.43	-
Granted	10,000,000	\$	.0026	3.65	-
Exercised	-	\$	-	-	-
Cancelled	240,000	\$	.057	-	-
Outstanding September 30, 2016	10,000,000	\$	.0026	3.65	-
Exercisable September 30, 2016	625,000	\$	.0026	3.65	-

There will be approximately \$23,400 of additional compensation expense recognized in future periods.

The following is a summary of stock options issued to non-employees, excluding Directors:

	Options	_	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value at date of grant
Outstanding January 1, 2016	375,000	\$	0.87	-	-
Granted	5,000,000	\$	.0026	3.65	-
Exercised	-	\$	-	-	-
Cancelled	375,000	\$	.87	-	-
Outstanding September 30, 2016	5,000,000	\$	0.0026	3.65	\$ -
Exercisable September 30, 2016	312,500	\$	-	3.65	\$ -

There will be approximately \$12,200 of additional compensation expense recognized in future periods.

#### Note 9. Outstanding Warrants

There were no warrants issued during the periods ended September 30, 2016 or 2015. The following is a summary of outstanding warrants as of September 30, 2016:

	Number of warrants	 Exercise price per share	Average remaining term in years	Aggregate intrinsic value at date of grant	
Warrants issued in connection with private placement of units in 2012	400,000	\$ 15.00	1.25	\$	-

The warrants expire on June 20, 2017.

#### Note 10. Income Taxes

Income tax provision (benefit) for the periods ended September 30, 2016 or 2015, is summarized below:

	2016		2015
Current:			
Federal	\$ -	\$	-
State	-		-
Total current	 -		-
Deferred:			
Federal	(22,400)		(63,800))
State	(3,600)		(10,300))
Total deferred	(26,000)		(74,100))
Increase in valuation allowance	26,000		74,100
Total provision	\$ -	\$	-

The provision for income taxes differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income before provision for income taxes. The sources and tax effects of the differences as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	2016	2015
Income tax provision at the federal statutory rate	34.0%	34.0%
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	5.5%	5.5%
Increase in valuation allowance	(39.5)%	(39.5)%
	0.0%	0.0%

Components of the net deferred income tax assets at September 30, 2016 December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	2016	2015
Net operating loss carryovers	\$ 519,000	\$ 501,100
Valuation allowance	(519,000)	(501,100)
	\$ -	\$ -

In accordance with ASC 740, at December 31, 2015 we determined that a valuation allowance should be recognized against deferred tax assets because, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not (i.e., greater than 50% probability) that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized in the future. We recognized a reserve of 100% of the amounts of the deferred tax benefit in the amount of \$663,700.

As of September 30, 2016 we had cumulative net operating loss carry forwards of \$1,314,000 which expire from 2032 through 2036.

There are open statutes of limitations for taxing authorities in federal and state jurisdictions to audit our tax returns from 2010 through the current period. Our policy is to account for income tax related interest and penalties in income tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations. There have been no income tax related interest or penalties assessed or recorded.

#### Note 11. Business Segments

We currently have two business segments; (i) the sale of physical products ("Products") and (ii) digital publishing ("Publishing"). The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The publishing segment does not meet the quantitative threshold for disclosure as outlined ASC Topic 280 Segment Reporting.

All of our revenue is generated in the United States and accordingly no geographic segment reporting is included.

No customers accounted for more than 10% of our revenues in the periods September 30, 2016 and 2015.

#### Note 12. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all activity and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in these financial statements or disclosure in the notes to these financial statements.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial information included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Quarterly Report"), including our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 and the related notes. References in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section to "us," "we," "our," and similar terms refer to LifeApps Brands Inc., a Delaware corporation. This discussion includes forward-looking statements, as that term is defined in the federal securities laws, based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors. Words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "continuing," "ongoing," "expect," "believe," "intend," "may," "will," "should," "could," and similar expressions are used to identify forward-looking statements.

We caution you that these statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and are subject to a number of uncertainties, risks and other influences, many of which are beyond our control, which may influence the accuracy of the statements and the projections upon which the statements are based. Factors that may affect our results include, but are not limited to, the risk factors in Item 2.01 in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on April 15, 2016. Any one or more of these uncertainties, risks and other influences could materially affect our results of operations and whether forward-looking statements made by us ultimately prove to be accurate. Our actual results, performance and achievements could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether from new information, future events or otherwise.

#### Overview

LifeApps Brands Inc. is an emerging growth company and developer and designer of applications, medical and fitness products, new media, digital magazines, publications, and next-generation social networks for sports, health, fitness and entertainment enthusiasts. We have a multimarket revenue strategy that incorporates mobile apps, digital magazines, publications, fitness training devices, web, social media and internet TV to engage consumers in multiple areas of sports, health, fitness and entertainment interests including medical, yoga, golf, tennis, running, soccer, cycling, and other health, fitness and sports topics. Although we have determined to shift our business focus to the medical, health and wellness sectors, we expect that our mobile apps will continue to be represented on the Apple App Store and our MD Workout® mobile app will continue to be represented in the IMS Health App Script program.

LifeApps® is a licensed developer and publisher of apps for the Apple App Store for iPhone, iPod touch, iPad and iPad mini. LifeApps® is also a licensed developer on both Google Play and Amazon Appstore for Android. LifeApps® has distributed apps/publications on all three platforms. Moving forward, LifeApps® is developing new apps, and exploring new opportunities pairing apps with physical retail and e-commerce/mobile-commerce products.

#### Plan of Operation

LifeApps® is aggressively pushing forward on a strategy for utilizing mobile applications related to healthcare with the LifeApps Health initiative. LifeApps Health, building on the success of the LifeApps MDWorkout® mobile app platform, will bring together consumer mHealth lifestyle products, like-minded medical health organizations and medically based health and fitness research organizations to create apps. The convergence of consumer apps with medical programs and clinical research is an exciting milestone in the mHealth marketplace. LifeApps® believes that its unique position as an established market participant in providing medically based mHealth fitness lifestyle apps will make LifeApps Health the desired partner for medical organizations who are looking for guidance, app development and distribution into the mHealth marketplace. We believe that we will drive revenues by targeting sports, health and fitness specific communities and developing a relationship with their participants, delivering lifestyle content, social networking, skills and drills training, consumer fitness devices and nutritional content across multiple platforms including, but not limited to, Apple iOS and Google Android systems. LifeApps® plans to invest in these sports, health and fitness communities through partnerships with trusted medical organizations, increasing brand awareness and delivering digital content of interest and digitally enhanced physical consumer products that enrich and improve the user's sports, health and fitness lifestyle. We intend to decrease our activities related to our Sports One digital platform due to slowing sales and increased competition as we position ourselves for new opportunities. At the same time, we intend to focus on merger and acquisition candidates in the medical, health and wellness sectors and/or try to develop innovative products related to these sectors internally.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), which contemplates our continuation as a going concern. As of September 30, 2016, we have incurred losses of \$2,701,003. To date we have funded our operations through advances from a related party, issuance of convertible debt, and the sale of our common stock. We intend to raise additional funding through third party equity or debt financing. There is no certainty that funding will be available as needed. These factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue operations as a going concern. Our ability to continue our operations as a going concern, realize the carrying value of our assets, and discharge our liabilities in the normal course of business is dependent upon our ability to raise capital sufficient to fund our commitments and ongoing losses, and ultimately generate profitable operations.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheets and revenues and expenses during the years reported. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### Fair Value Measurements:

ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASC 820"), provides a comprehensive framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures which are required about fair value measurements. Specifically, ASC 820 sets forth a definition of fair value and establishes a hierarchy prioritizing the inputs to valuation techniques, giving the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable value inputs. ASC 820 defines the hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reported date. The types of assets and liabilities included in Level 1 are highly liquid and actively traded instruments with quoted prices, such as equities listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, but are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reported date. The types of assets and liabilities in Level 2 are typically either comparable to actively traded securities or contracts, or priced with models using highly observable inputs.

Level 3 – Significant inputs to pricing that are unobservable as of the reporting date. The types of assets and liabilities included in Level 3 are those with inputs requiring significant management judgment or estimation, such as complex and subjective models and forecasts used to determine the fair value of financial transmission rights.

Our financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, short-term trade receivables, prepaid expenses, payables, accruals and convertible notes payable. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, short-term trade receivables, prepaid expenses, payables, and accruals approximate fair value because of the short term maturities of these instruments.

#### Inventory

Inventory consists of finished goods, sports and fitness products, and is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with cost being determined on a first-in first-out basis.

#### Intangibles

Intangibles, which include websites and databases acquired, internet domain name costs, and customer lists, are being amortized over the expected useful lives which we estimate to be three to five years. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 350 Intangibles – Goodwill and Other ("ASC 350"), the costs to obtain and register internet domain names were capitalized.

#### Derivative Financial Instruments:

We do not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market or foreign currency risks. We evaluate all of our financial instruments to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives. For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value and is then re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of operations. For stock-based derivative financial instruments, we used a Black Scholes valuation model to value the derivative instruments at inception and on subsequent valuation dates. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is evaluated at the end of each reporting period. Derivative liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement or conversion of the instrument could be required within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

#### Revenue Recognition

Revenue is derived primarily from the sale of sports and fitness apparel and equipment, and software applications designed for use on mobile devices such as smart phones and tablets. Revenue is recognized only when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the fee is fixed or determinable, the product or service has been delivered, and collectability is probable.

We sell our software directly via Internet download through third party agents. We recognize revenue when payment is received from the agent. Payment is received net of commission paid to the agent, usually 70% to us and 30% to the agent. We record the net amount received as revenue.

We also publish and sell digital magazines through the internet. Magazines can be purchased as individual volumes or as a subscription. To date we have not had any subscription sales.

#### Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue includes the cost of amounts paid for articles, photography, editorial and production cost of the magazine and ongoing web hosting costs. Cost of revenue related to product sales includes the direct cost of those products sold.

#### Equity Based Payments

Equity based payments are accounted for in accordance with ASC Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation. The compensation cost is based upon fair value of the equity instrument at the date grant. The fair value has been estimated using the Black-Sholes option pricing model.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Three months ended September 30, 2016 compared with the respective period ended September 30, 2015

Revenues for the three months ended September, 2016 and 2015 were \$147 and \$19,260, respectively. Revenues for both periods were derived primarily from the sale of sports apparel and health and fitness products. The decrease in revenues is due to an across the board downturn in our business.

Cost of revenue normally includes our cost of products sold and amounts paid for articles, photography, editorial and production cost of the magazine. In the future we will incur direct cost related to revenue such as webhosting and direct cost for our customer support. For the foreseeable future we anticipate outsourcing such costs. Cost of revenue related to product sales includes the direct cost of those products sold.

Cost of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$51 (34.8%) and \$26,411 (137.1%), respectively. This resulted in a gross profit (loss) for three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 of \$96 (62.5%) and \$(7,151) (-37.1%), respectively. Costs were primarily the cost of products sold. The decrease in gross margin is primarily due to product mix.

We had net losses of \$56,799 and \$137,384 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The following is a breakdown of our selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three months Ended September 30,					
		2016		2015		ference
Personnel costs	\$	37,679	\$	38,429	\$	(750)
Professional fees		12,000		11,265		735
Marketing and advertising		150		164		(14)
Stock related expenses		2,437		-		2,437
Rent		2,110		1,252		858
Other expenses		2,294		5,422		(3,128)
	\$	56,670	\$	56,532	\$	138

Costs for personnel, professional fees, marketing and rent did not vary significantly during the three month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Stock related expenses during the quarter ended September 30, 2016 are related to the vesting of stock options during the quarter. These expenses are expected to continue quarterly over a four-year period.

Other expenses decreased by \$3,128 (136.4%) as a result of decreased business activity. These expenses include bank and credit card charges, web hosting and general business services.

Expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 also included a charge of \$63,462 related to the conversion of related party loans into shares of our common stock.

We had operating losses of \$56,799 and \$73,351 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

#### Nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared with the respective period ended September 30, 2015

Revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$11,168 and \$129,262 respectively. Revenues for both periods were derived primarily from the sale of sports apparel and health and fitness products. The decrease in revenues is due to an across the board downturn in our business.

Cost of revenue normally includes our cost of products sold and amounts paid for articles, photography, editorial and production cost of the magazine. In the future we will incur direct cost related to revenue such as webhosting and direct cost for our customer support. For the foreseeable future we anticipate outsourcing such costs. Cost of revenue related to product sales includes the direct cost of those products sold.

Cost of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$8,122 (72.7%) and \$106,485 (82.4%) respectively. This resulted in a gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 of \$3,046 (27.3%) and \$22,777 (17.6%), respectively. Costs were primarily the cost of products sold and the margin varies depending on products sold has been sold. The decrease in gross margin is primarily to product mix.

We had net losses of \$178,247 and \$590,407 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The following is a breakdown of our selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Nine months Ended September 30,					
		2016		2015		Difference
Personnel costs	\$	113,221	\$	130,770	\$	(17,549)
Professional fees		30,930		55,064		(24, 134)
Marketing and advertising		1,895		25,591		(23,696)
Travel and entertainment		-		1,500		(1,500)
Stock related expenses		7,534		1,547		5,987
Rent		5,685		4,606		1,079
Research and development		200		7,797		(7,597)
Other expenses		12,254		28,020		(15,766)
	\$	171,719	\$	254,895	\$	(83,314)

Personnel costs decreased \$17,549 (15.5%) from \$130,770 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 to \$113,221 for the nine months ended September30, 2016. The decrease is a result of decreases in our number of employees from four in 2015 to one (our CEO) in 2016.

Professional fees decreased \$24,134 (78%) from \$55,064 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 to \$30,930 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The decrease is a result of decreases in our cost of SEC compliance and decreased activity that required legal counsel.

Marketing and advertising expenses decreased \$23,696 (1,250.4%) from \$25,591 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 to \$1,895 for the nine months ended September30, 2016. The decrease is a result of changes in our business strategy by focusing less effort on product sales. Also, the nine-month period of 2015 included trade show expenses that have not recurred.

Research and development includes website and applications development costs. Research and development expenses decreased \$7,597 (3,798.5%) from \$7,797 for 2015 to \$200 for 2016. We made no major changes to our applications in 2016 whereas in 2015 we updated most of our applications. Development is an ongoing cost and we anticipate that our development costs both for website and applications may increase in future periods.

Travel and entertainment decreased \$1,500 from \$1,500 in 2015 to \$0 in 2016.

All of our other operating costs decreased as result of generally keeping cost down.

We had operating losses of \$178,247 and \$261,119 for 2016 and 2015 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

We value the derivative liability and the end of each accounting period the difference in value is recognized as gain or loss. We recognized \$189,660 of loss for the change in value of the derivative for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. We had no derivative liabilities in the first nine months of 2016. In addition, we had losses in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$110,692 on conversion of debt due to officers, directors and shareholders of the Company.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

We were financed primarily by capital contributions from members of LifeApps LLC, the predecessor to LifeApps, from short term borrowings, and through our private placement which we completed in October 2012. Our existing sources of liquidity may not be sufficient for us to implement our initial business plan. Our need for future capital will be dependent upon the speed at which we expand our product offerings. There are no assurances that we will be able raise additional capital as needed.

As of September 30, 2016, we had negative working capital of \$(608,696) as compared to \$(450,517) at December 31, 2015.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, operations used cash of \$54,918 and \$87,324 respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, we used no cash in investing activities.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, net cash provided by financing activities was \$52,485 and \$72,750, respectively.

Additionally, we received or (repaid) net amounts of \$2,350 and \$24,750 of cash advances from our chief executive officer and net amounts of \$52,135 and \$48,000 of cash advances from a director and a shareholder during the nine months ended September, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Also during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 our chief executive officer converted \$31,250 of cash advances into 1,666,667 shares of common stock at a conversion rate based on the trading value of our common stock during a predetermined period.

We will continue to seek out additional capital in the form of debt or equity under the most favorable terms we can find.

#### Going Concern

Our financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that we will be able to realize our assets and discharge our liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. We have incurred losses since inception resulting in an accumulated deficit of approximately \$2,701,003 as of September 30, 2016 and further losses are anticipated in the development of our business raising substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our generating profitable operations in the future and/or obtaining the necessary financing to meet our obligations and repay our liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with existing cash on hand and/or additional officer and shareholder advances. These financials do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and reclassification of recorded asset amounts, or amounts and classifications of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

#### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), the Company carried out an evaluation, with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") (the Company's principal financial and accounting officer), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are not effective, due to a lack of audit committee and segregation of duties caused by limited personnel, to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### **Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures**

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer), does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include, but are not limited to, the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Management believes that the material weakness set forth above did not have an effect on our financial results.

#### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended September 30, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

There are no pending, nor to our knowledge threatened, legal proceedings against us.

#### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

For information regarding risk factors, please refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC on April 15, 2016, which may be accessed via EDGAR through the Internet at www.sec.gov.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

In August 2016 we issued 250,000 shares of common stock to our corporate /securities counsel in consideration of their agreement to temporarily defer payment of legal fees due to it for services rendered.

On October 27, 2016 we issued 4,545,455 shares of our common stock to a lender in connection with the conversion of \$25,000 in loan principal and the waiver of accrued interest due thereon.

The forgoing issuances were made in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

#### **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE**

Not Applicable.

#### **ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

On October 27, 2016 we entered into a Debt Conversion Agreement with an individual lender pursuant to which the lender converted the \$25,000 principal amount of a November 9, 2015 loan into 4,545,455 shares of our common stock at a conversion rate of \$0.0055 per share which was the closing price for our common stock on October 27, 2016. At that time, the Lender waived the accrued interest due on the loan.

On April 5, 2016 we received a \$15,000 loan from an individual lender, the repayment terms for which had never been reduced to writing. On October 27, 2016 we evidenced the terms of the loan in writing and added a conversion feature. Pursuant thereto, the loan is due on April 5, 2017, bears interest at the rate of 10% per annum and is convertible into shares of our common stock at a price of \$0.0055 per share, which was the closing price for our common stock on October 27, 2016.

#### **ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

Exhibit	
Number	Description of Exhibit
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

<sup>\*</sup> This certification is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" with the SEC for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

#### **SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LIFEAPPS BRANDS INC.

By: /s/ Robert Gayma

By: <u>/s/ Robert Gayman</u> Robert Gayman, Chief Executive Officer

LIFEAPPS BRANDS INC.

November 21, 2016 By: /s/ Robert Gayma

November 21, 2016

By: /s/ Robert Gayman
Robert Gayman, Chief Financial Officer

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**BUSINESS ADDRESS:** 

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STREET 2: #106 CITY: SAN DIEGO STATE: CA

ZIP: 92121

BUSINESS PHONE: 858-952-5715

MAIL ADDRESS:

STREET 1: 5752 OBERLIN DRIVE

STREET 2: #106 CITY: SAN DIEGO STATE: CA ZIP: 92121

FORMER COMPANY:

FORMER CONFORMED NAME: LIFEAPPS DIGITAL MEDIA INC.

DATE OF NAME CHANGE: 20120830

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#### Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

#### I, Robert Gayman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of LifeApps Brands Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report:
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(e) and 15d–15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(f) and 15d–15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared:
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an quarterly report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 21, 2016

By: /s/ Robert Gayman
Robert Gayman
Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

#### Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

#### I, Robert Gayman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of LifeApps Brands Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report:
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(e) and 15d–15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(f) and 15d–15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an quarterly report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 21, 2016

By: /s/ Robert Gayman
Robert Gayman
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of LifeApps Brands Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q, for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Robert Gayman, Chief Executive Officer and President of LifeApps Brands Inc., certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: November 21, 2016 By: /s/ Robert Gayman

Robert Gayman
Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of LifeApps Brands Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q, for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Robert Gayman, Chief Financial Officer of LifeApps Brands Inc., certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: November 21, 2016 By: /s/ Robert Gayman

Robert Gayman Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)